Write a function Add() that returns sum of two integers. The function should not use any of the arithmetic operators (+, ++, -, -, .. etc).

Sum of two bits can be obtained by performing XOR ($^{\land}$) of the two bits. Carry bit can be obtained by performing AND ($^{\land}$) of two bits. Above is simple Half Adder logic that can be used to add 2 single bits. We can extend this logic for integers. If x and y don't have set bits at same position(s), then bitwise XOR ($^{\land}$) of x and y gives the sum of x and y. To incorporate common set bits also, bitwise AND ($^{\land}$) is used. Bitwise AND of x and y gives all carry bits. We calculate (x & y) << 1 and add it to x $^{\land}$ y to get the required result.

#include<stdio.h>

```
int Add(int x, int y)
{
    // Iterate till there is no carry
    while (y != 0)
    {
        // carry now contains common set bits of x and y
        int carry = x & y;

        // Sum of bits of x and y where at least one of the bits is not set
        x = x ^ y;

        // Carry is shifted by one so that adding it to x gives the required sum
        y = carry << 1;
    }
    return x;
}

int main()
{
    printf("%d", Add(15, 32));
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Following is recursive implementation for the same approach.

```
int Add(int x, int y)
{
    if (y == 0)
        return x;
    else
        return Add( x ^ y, (x & y) << 1);
}</pre>
```

Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above.

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