

Sorting Comparisons

Q-1. Compare Bubble sort and Selection sort based on the following:

- a. Number of comparisons
- b. Number of swaps
- c. In-place and Out-place implementations

A-1.

a. No of comparisons in selection sort is less than no of comparisons in bubble sort. For an example take array= [10,5,4,12,20,6]. Now number of comparisons needed to sort this array through selection sort is 5 and number of comparisons needed to sort this array through bubble sort is 12.

b. For an example take array= [10,5,4,12,20,6]. Number of swaps needed to sort this array through selection sort is 3 and number of swaps needed to sort this array through bubble sort is 6.

c. Code- Bubble Sort

```
// C++ program for implementation
```

```
// of Bubble sort
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
// A function to implement bubble sort
```

```
void bubbleSort(int arr[], int n)
```

```
{
```

```
int i, j;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
```

```

// Last i elements are already
// in place
for (j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++)
    if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1])
        swap(arr[j], arr[j + 1]);
}

// Function to print an array
void printArray(int arr[], int size)
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    cout << endl;
}

// Driver code
int main()
{
    int arr[] = { 5, 1, 4, 2, 8};
    int N = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
    bubbleSort(arr, N);
    cout << "Sorted array: \n";
    printArray(arr, N);
    return 0;
}

```

Code- Selection Sort

```

// Selection sort
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

// function to swap the the position of two elements

```

```

void swap(int *a, int *b) {
    int temp = *a;
    *a = *b;
    *b = temp;
}

// function to print an array
void printArray(int array[], int size) {
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
        cout << array[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
}

void selectionSort(int array[], int size) {
    for (int step = 0; step < size - 1; step++) {
        int min_idx = step;
        for (int i = step + 1; i < size; i++) {
            // To sort in descending order, change > to < in this line.
            // Select the minimum element in each loop.
            if (array[i] < array[min_idx])
                min_idx = i;
        }
        // put min at the correct position
        swap(&array[min_idx], &array[step]);
    }
}

// driver code
int main() {
    int data[] = {20, 12, 10, 15, 2};
    int size = sizeof(data) / sizeof(data[0]);

```

```
selectionSort(data, size);  
cout << "Sorted array in Ascending Order:\n";  
printArray(data, size);  
}
```

```
//Bonus  
import time  
start_time=time.time()  
for i in range(0,100000):  
    selectionSort(data1, size1)  
end_time=time.time()  
tim=end_time-start_time  
print('time taken by selection sort')  
print(tim)
```

```
import time  
start_time=time.time()  
for i in range(0,100000):  
    bubbleSort(data2)  
end_time=time.time()  
tim1=end_time-start_time  
print('time taken by bubble sort')  
print(tim1)
```