## PROG 10082, Object Oriented Prog 1 Midterm #1 - Review

# Summary of Topics: The exam will cover everything you've learned to date.

**Q1**)

Choose	e the alternative(s) that best completes the statement or answers the question.
	You use to run a Java program. A. javac B. java
	A Java program block starts with an open brace ({) and ends with a closing brace (})  A. true  B. false
3.	5 % 5 is A. 4 B. 3 C. 0 D. 2 E. 1
4.	A variable may be assigned a value only once in the program.  A. false  B. true
5.	You can cast a double value to  A. byte B. short C. long D. int E. All of the above
6.	pow is a method in the class. A. Integer B. System C. Double D. Math
7.	Which of the following operators has the highest precedence?  A. casting  B. * C. / D. +

8. Which of the following are not valid assignment statements?

A. 55 = x;

B. 
$$x += 3$$
;

C. 
$$x = 56 + y$$
;

D. 
$$x = 55$$
;

- 9. If you attempt to add an int, a byte, a long, and a float, the result will be a \_\_\_\_\_\_ value.
  - A. double
  - B. long
  - C. float
  - D. int
- 10. The result of an integer division is the integer part of the division; the fraction part is truncated.
  - A. true
  - B. false
- 11. Which of the following is not a valid boolean expression.

A. 
$$1 = X$$

B. 
$$(x < 5) & (x > 5)$$

C. 
$$(1 < x < 100)$$

D. 
$$(x = 1) || (x != 1)$$

- E. All of the above
- 12. Which of the Boolean expressions below has incorrect syntax?

A. 
$$1(x > 0) && (x > 0)$$

B. 
$$(x != 0) || (x = 0)$$

$$C. (x > 0) \parallel (x < 0)$$

D. (true) && 
$$(3 > 4)$$

13. Which of the following expressions evaluates to true?

A. 
$$'a' > 'A'$$

B. 
$$34 > 34$$

C. 
$$'A' > 'z'$$

14. Suppose cond1, cond2, and cond3 are Boolean expressions. Which of the following expression is equivalent to cond1 || cond2 && cond3?

$$B.\ cond1\ \|\ (cond2\ \&\&\ cond3)$$

15. Which of the following is the correct expression that evaluates to true if the number x is between 1 and 100 or the number is negative?

B. 
$$1 < x < 100 & x < 0$$

C. 
$$(1 > x > 100) \parallel (x < 0)$$

D. 
$$((x < 100) && (x > 1)) && (x < 0)$$

```
16. Analyze the following two code fragments.
    (i)
      int x = 5;
      if (0 < x) && (x < 100)
        System.out.println("x is between 1 and 100");
    (ii)
      int x = 5;
      if (0 < x & x < 100)
        System.out.println("x is between 1 and 100");
     A. The first fragment has a syntax error.
     B. The second fragment has a syntax error.
     C. Both fragments compile but produce different results.
     D. Both fragments produce the same output.
17. What is (int)Math.random()?
 A. 0
   B. 0.5
   C. 1.1
   D. 1
18. What is the output of the following code:
    int x = 9;
    int y = 8;
    int z = 7;
    if (x > 9)
        if (y > 8)
          System.out.println("x > 9 and y > 8");
    else if (z \ge 7)
       System.out.println("x \le 9 and z \ge 7");
    else
       System.out.println("x \le 9 and z < 7");
    A. x \le 9 and z < 7;
    B. x > 9 and y > 8;
    C. none
    D. x \le 9 and z \ge 7;
```

19. Suppose cond1 and cond2 are two Boolean expressions. When will this if condition be

true? if (cond1 && cond2) ...

A. in case cond1 is false and cond2 is true

<ul><li>B. in case cond1 is true and cond2 is true</li><li>C. in case cond1 is true and cond2 is false</li><li>D. in case cond1 is false and cond2 is false</li></ul>	
20. Which of the following expression is equivalent to (x> 1).  A. !(x <= 1)  B. x >= 1  C. !(x < 1)  D. !(x = 1)	
21. Analyze the following code:  // Enter an integer  Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in); int number = input.nextInt();	
<pre>if (number &lt;= 0) System.out.println(number); System.out.println(number);</pre>	
<ul><li>A. number is printed out twice if number is zero;</li><li>B. number is always printed out at least once;</li><li>C. number is printed out twice if number is negative;</li><li>D. number is printed out once if number is positive.</li><li>E. All of the above</li></ul>	
22. parseInt is a method in the class.  A. Math B. Integer C. Double D. System	
<ul> <li>23. Assume that the ASCII code for character c is 99. What is the printout of the followi code? System.out.println("a" + 'c');</li> <li>A. 9799</li> <li>B. 196</li> <li>C. a99</li> <li>D. ac</li> </ul>	ng
24. Which of the following is a possible output for (int)(61 * Math.random())?  A. 90  B. 600  C. 100  D. 60	
25. You can assign the value in to an int variable.  A. 93 B. 'x' C. 98.3 D. true	

26.	Which of the follow A. '\a'	ving is the correct e.  B. '\000a'	•	racter a? D. 'a'
27.	To concatenate s1, A. s1.concate(s2).(c) B. s1.concate(s2).c C. ((s1.concate(s2) + c))	concate(s3).concate(oncate(s3).concate().concate(s3)).concate(s3)	e(s4)); (s4);	<u></u> .
28.	Math.pow(3, 3) reto A. 9.0 B. 9 C. 27 D. 27.0	urns		
29.	What is "Welcome A. Welcome12 B. Welcome3 C. Welcome4 D. Welcome11*2	" + 1 + 1*2?		
30.	Which of the follow A. s1 += s2; B. s1.concate(s2); C. s2 += s1; D. s2.concate(s1);	ving statements are	correct to conca	tenate string s1 into s2.
31.	Math.ceil(5.5) eval A. 6.0 B. 6 C. 5.0 D. 5	uates to		
32.	You can cast a char A. false B. true	racter value to an in	t, or an int to cha	ar.
33.	Is 'a' larger than 'A' A. No B. Yes	?		
34.	Math.sqrt(4) return A. 2 B. 1.0 C. 2.0 D. 1	s		
35.	Which of the follow A. String s = 'r';	ving statements are	incorrect?	

	<ul> <li>B. int k = null;</li> <li>C. float f = 4.5;</li> <li>D. char c = "r";</li> </ul>
36.	Assume that the ASCII code for character c is 99 and for a is 97. What is the printout of the following code?  System.out.println('a' + 'c');  A. a99  B. 196  C. 9799  D. ac
37.	Which of the following assignment statements is correct to assign character 5 to $c$ ? A. char $c = "344"$ ; B. char $c = '5'$ ; C. char $c = 5$ ; D. char $c = "5"$ ;
38.	Assume that the ASCII code for character c is 99 and for a is 97. What is the printout of the following code?  System.out.println("AB" + 'a' + 'c');  A. AB9799  B. AB196  C. ABa99  D. ABac
39.	The expression 'c' - 'e' is  A. invalid B. a random number C. 2 D2
40.	parseDouble is a method in the class. A. Integer B. System C. Math D. Double
41.	Math.floor(5.5) evaluates to A. 5 B. 5.0 C. 6 D. 6.0
42.	Which of the following expression yields an integer between 0 and 100, inclusive?  A. (int)(Math.random() * 100) + 1  B. (int)(Math.random() * 100 + 1)  C. (int)(Math.random() * 101)

D. (int)(Math.random() \* 100)

43. Assume x is 0. What is the output of the following statement?

```
if (x > 0)
    printf("x is greater than 0");
else if (x < 0)
    printf("x is less than 0");
else
    printf("x equals 0");

A. None
B. x is less than 0
C. x is greater than 0
D. x equals 0</pre>
```

#### **Q2) Short Answer Questions**

- i. (a) Write a statement that shows a confirm dialog with the following configuration:
- message: "Are you sure you want to exit?"
- title: "Exit Program"
- dialog box shows the Yes and No buttons, and the warning Icon

Answer:			

(b) Write the condition in the if-statement to terminate the program if the user clicks "Yes" in the dialog box in (a).

Answer:			

- ii.
  - **a)** In Java syntax, what are the 6 relational operators we use for conditions/comparisons? **Answer:**
  - **b**) In Java syntax, what are the 3 logical operators (in order of precedence) we use for more complex conditions?

**Answer:** 

- iii. What is the output of the following segments of code:
  - a)

```
String s1 = "Hello";
String s2 = "hello";
System.out.println(s1.equals(s2));
```

**Answer:** 

b)

```
String s1 = "Hello";
String s2 = "hello";
```

System.out.println(s1.equalsIgnoreCase(s2));

Answer:

- iv. Write conditions for each of the following:
  - a) To determine if the value of the variable **number** is even.

Answer:

**b**) To ask if the contents of the string variable **userName** are equal to a constant variable called GUEST\_LOGIN.

Answer:

c) To determine if the customer's age is 65 or over.

**Answer:** 

**v.** What is the output of the following code:

```
public class WhatIsThis {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int counter = 5, num = 10;
    if (num > 100)
```

```
System.out.println("num is too small");
if (counter < num)
System.out.println(counter);
else
System.out.println(num);
}

Answer:
```

**2.** How would you fix the code above with proper indentation/braces so that you get the same output?

#### **Answer:**

```
public class WhatIsThis {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int counter = 5, num = 10;
        if (num > 100)
            System.out.println("num is too small");
        if (counter < num)
            System.out.println(counter);
        else
            System.out.println(num);
        }
}</pre>
```

**3.** What is the output of the following code:

num1 is less than 100 num1 is smaller

```
Q3) Using the code below...
a) Identify any syntax or logic errors in the code and suggest corrections.
b) Identify any stylistic errors or pieces of code that don't follow proper standards/conventions.
public class junk
public static main(String[] args) {
Scanner keys = new Scanner();
System.out.println(Enter a number:);
int somenumber = keys.next();
HalvedNumber = somenumber / 2
System.out.println("Your number doubled: " (somenumber * 2));
System.out.print("Your number halved: + halvedNumber);
ii.
     What is the output of the following program?
public class Ouestion2 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int x = 2, y = 5, z = 20;
     System.out.print("even?");
     System.out.print(z\%x);
     x += z / x + y ++;
     System.out.println(" x is " + x);
     System.out.println(" y is " + y);
     System.out.println("z is " + z);
     int blah = x + y * z - y;
     System.out.println("blah?" + blah + 1);
  }
Q4) Complete the tasks indicated in the comments:
public class SalesJunk
   public static void main(String[] args)
     // get a sales amount from the user using a Scanner object
     // get a commission rate from the user (e.g. 5 for 5%)
     // calculate and display (on the console) the amount of commission the
     // sales person should be paid (sales * comm) - format to 2 decimal places
}
```

**Q5**)

### (i) Write a Java Program to Check if a Given Integer is Odd or Even

(ii) Write a simple application to calculate the cost of making custom vertical blinds for a window. Your program should prompt the user to enter the length and width of the window in metres, and the cost per square metre of the fabric for the blinds. Your program should calculate and display the totals and taxes on the console in the

following format:

Cost of your vertical blinds:

Sub Total: \$ 100.00 HST: \$ 13.00 Final Total: \$ 113.00

In this example, the user inputs were 5 for the length, 10 for the width, and 2 for the cost of fabric.