

ASSIGNMENT - I

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ADVANCED COMPUTATIONAL
FLUID DYNAMICS (ME670)



Given, A lid-driven cavity.

Flow can be assumed 2D, incompressible, steady and isothermal.

- Non-dimensionalized Navier-Stokes equation for 2D, incompressible, steady condition obtained from dimensional N-S eqⁿ

$$(u \cdot \nabla) u = -\frac{1}{\rho} \nabla p + \nu \nabla^2 u$$

- Length(L) $x^* = \frac{x}{L}$ and $\nabla^* = L \nabla$

- Flow velocity u $u^* = \frac{u}{U}$

- Pressure $p^* = \frac{p}{\rho U^2}$

Substituting the scales the non-dimensionalized eqⁿ obtain is

$$(u^* \cdot \nabla^*) u^* = -\nabla^* p^* + \frac{1}{Re} \nabla^{*2} u^*$$

for me taking Non-dimensionalized eqⁿ as main eqⁿ.
Now removing stars and re-writing

$$(u \cdot \nabla) u = -\nabla p + \frac{1}{Re} \nabla^2 u$$

$u \rightarrow$ velocity vector
 $u \rightarrow u_i + v_j$
 $p \rightarrow$ scalar

(1)

Governing eq's \rightarrow ① Continuity eqⁿ
 ② Momentum eqⁿ (i.e. Navier Stokes
 eqⁿ)

grid $\rightarrow 129 \times 129$ $n = 128$, ~~inches~~ $x \rightarrow 0$ to 128
 $y \rightarrow 0$ to 128

③ Control volume

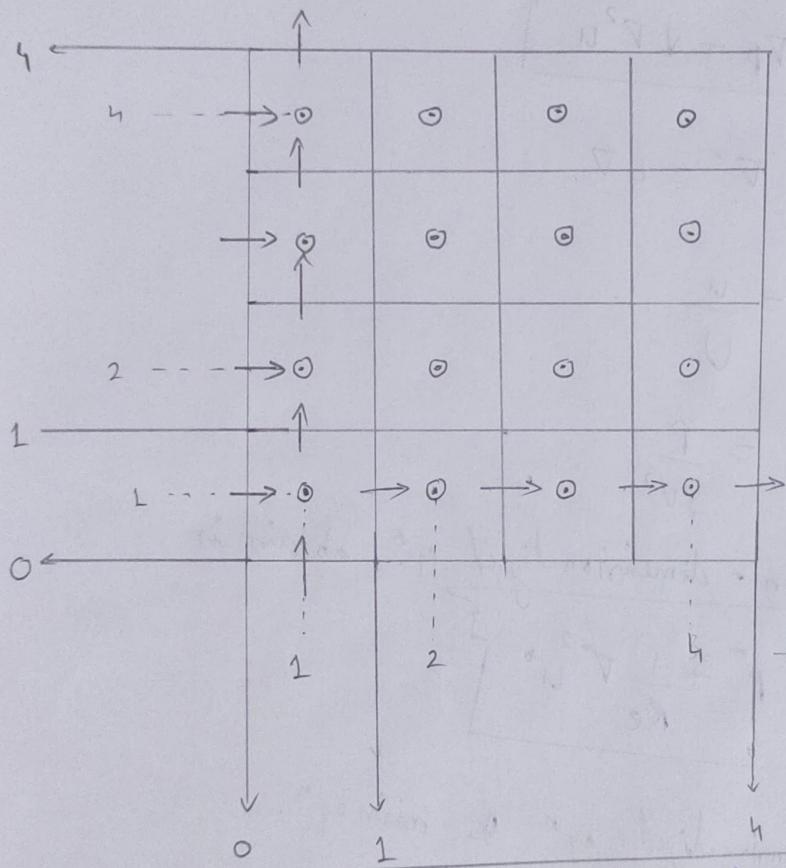
① U control volume

Show below 5x5 grid ($n=4$)

② V control volume

③ P control volume

$x \rightarrow j$, $y \rightarrow i$



$\circ \rightarrow$ scalar
 $i-n, j-n$

\rightarrow u velocity
 $x(j)$ $y(i)$
 $o-n$ $z-n$

① \rightarrow velocity
 $u(j)$ $y(i)$
 $o-n$ $z-n$

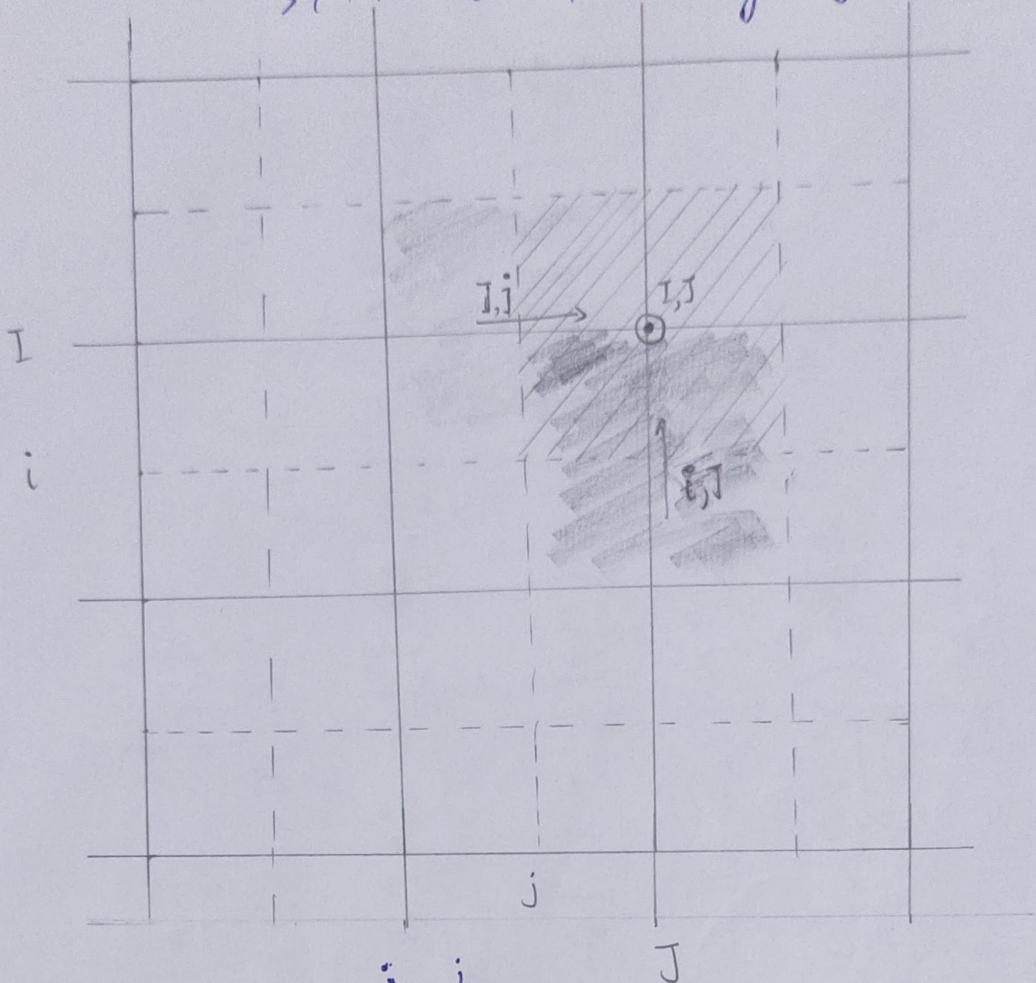
interior points for $u \rightarrow (i,j) - (n-1, n-1)$

interior points for $v \rightarrow (i,j) - (n-1, n-1)$

interior points for $p \rightarrow (i,j) - (n-1, n-1)$

②

STAGGERED GRID (for $J=3, I=3$)



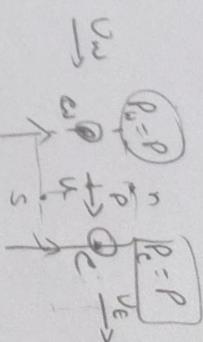
→ $u \rightarrow$ control volume $(3, 2)$

→ $v \rightarrow$ control volume $(2, 3)$

→ $p \rightarrow$ control volume $(3, 3)$

Momentum eqn " x - momentum eqn (20)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\rho u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\rho v) = - \frac{dp}{dx} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + s_x$$



Non-dimensionalizing

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (u u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (u v) = - \frac{dp}{dx} + \frac{1}{Re} \left[\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{\partial y}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right] + s_u$$

(canceling A as uniform yields)
As = An = Ae = Ax

interpreting differential momentum eqn over control volume of (u)

$$A F_e u_e - A F_w u_w + A F_n u_n - A F_s u_s = - \left(\frac{\rho_e - \rho_p}{Re} \right) A \delta x + \frac{1}{Re} \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_e - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_w + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_n - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_s + \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} \right]$$

$$F_e u_e - F_w u_w + F_n u_n - F_s u_s = - (\rho_e - \rho_p) \delta x + \frac{1}{Re} \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_e - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_w + \frac{1}{h} \left(\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_n - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_s \right) \right]$$

$$De = D_w = D_n = D_s = \frac{1}{h Re}$$

$$F_e = V_e + V_p$$

central differencing scheme

$$F_n = \frac{V_{n+1} - V_n}{2}$$

$$De = V_e - V_p$$

$$F_w = \frac{V_p + V_n}{2}$$

$$F_s = \frac{V_{n-1} - V_n}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_e = \frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{V_e - V_p}{\delta x} \right) \rightarrow De [V_e - V_p]$$

similarly

$$\frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_n = D_n [V_n - V_p]$$

$$\frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_s = D_s [V_p - V_n]$$

$$\frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_w = D_w [V_p - V_n]$$

④

$$g_p v_p = \sum_{a+b} u_{a+b} + (P_p - P_e) \epsilon_m + b$$

$$b = \bar{s}_{DV} \rightarrow \text{source term}$$

bound from the membrane eqn over a control volume.

$$\boxed{g_p v_p = g_u + g_e + g_s + g_n + (F_e - F_w) + (F_n - F_s) - S_p}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} g_p &= g_u + g_e + g_s + g_n + (F_e - F_w) + (F_n - F_s) \\ g_e &= D_e - \frac{F_e}{2}, \quad g_u = D_u + \frac{F_u}{2}, \quad g_n = D_n - \frac{F_n}{2}, \quad g_s = D_s + \frac{F_s}{2} \end{aligned}}$$

$$S_p = \text{source term containing } v_p,$$

now coefficient of some form changes depending upon the location of the cell.

Now
internal points

(I)

corner points

(II)

corner points Top, Bottom (wall)

(III)

boundary points Left & Right (wall).

(IV)

boundary points Left & Right (wall).

U-momentum eqn. boundary, solve for U_{ij} .

$$(U^*)_{ij} = \left[\left(P^*_{ij} - P^*_{(j)+1} \right) h + (a_w)_{ij} U^*_{ij-1} + (a_s)_{ij} U^*_{ij+1} + (a_n)_{ij} U^*_{(j)-1} \right] + (a_p)_{ij}$$

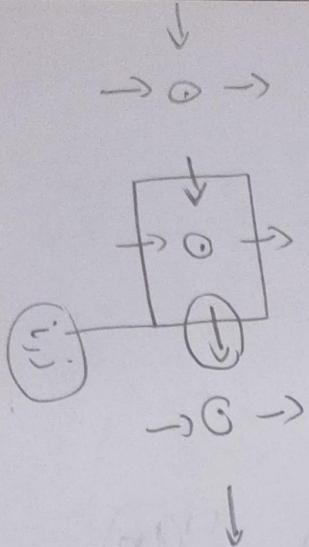
$$\boxed{(S_u)_{ij}} / (a_p)_{ij}$$

 Inflow point

$$(i \in [2, n-1], j \in [2, n-2]) \rightarrow \text{inflow.}$$

all other surface are non-zero.

$$\boxed{S_u = 0, S_p = 0}$$



Interior Points $\left[(i \in (2, n-1), j \in (2, n-2)) \right]$ U momentum

y-axis

x-axis

grid size

$$h = dx = dy = \frac{L}{n}$$

~~coefficients~~ (Central difference)

$$(f_w)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (u_{i,j} + u_{i,j-1})$$

$$(f_c)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (u_{i,j+1} + u_{i,j})$$

$$(f_s)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (v_{i-1,j+1} + v_{i-1,j})$$

$$(f_n)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} (v_{i,j+1} + v_{i,j})$$

$$(a_w)_{ij} = (D_w)_{ij} + \frac{1}{2} f_{w,ij}$$

$$(a_e)_{ij} = (D_e)_{ij} - \frac{1}{2} (f_e)_{ij}$$

$$(a_s)_{ij} = (D_s)_{ij} + \frac{1}{2} (f_s)_{ij}$$

$$(a_n)_{ij} = (D_n)_{ij} - \frac{1}{2} (f_n)_{ij}$$

$$(s_p)_{ij} = 0, \quad (s_u)_{ij} = 0$$

$$(a_p)_{ij} = (a_w)_{ij} + (a_e)_{ij} + (a_s)_{ij} + (a_n)_{ij} + (f_c)_{ij} - (f_w)_{ij} \\ + (f_n)_{ij} - (f_s)_{ij} - (s_p)_{ij}$$

some term having

as given value of $U(u^*)$ will not

u_{ij} .

satisfy the continuity condition initially

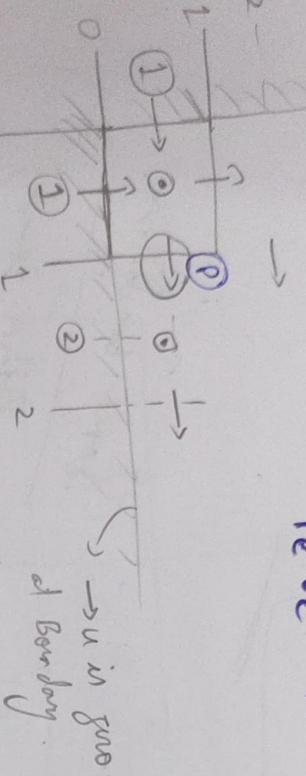
$$(f_n - f_s) \text{ or } (f_c - f_w) \neq 0$$

for u^*

⑦

Left Bottom corner \Rightarrow [U momentum]

$$F_e U_e - F_w U_w + F_n U_n - F_s U_s = (\rho_{12} - \rho_1) s_x + \frac{1}{\mu} \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial n} \right)_e - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial n} \right)_g + \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_n - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)_g \right]$$



$\rightarrow u$ in g
at Boundary

$$F_e \underbrace{(U_{12} + U_{11})}_{2} - F_w \underbrace{(U_{11} + U_{10})}_{2} + F_n \underbrace{(U_{21} + U_{11})}_{2} - (S_u)$$

~~+ S_u (bottom boundary)~~

$$= (\rho_n - \rho_{11}) s_x + \frac{1}{\mu e} \left[\frac{U_{12} - U_{11}}{s_x} - \frac{U_{11} - U_{10}}{s_x} + \frac{U_{21} - U_{11}}{s_y} - \frac{U_{11} - U_{\text{Boundary}}}{s_y} \right]$$

(8)

$$(\rho_n - \rho_{11}) s_x + D_e U_{12} + (S_u)_e + D_n (U_{21}) - (U_{11}) (D_e + D_w + D_s + D_n - S_p)$$

from above \rightarrow Left Bottom corner

① $\begin{cases} F_s = 0, \quad D_s = 0, \quad S_p = -2D, \quad S_u = 0 \end{cases}$

Similarly, solving for other Boundary conditions

Bottom boundary enclosing corners

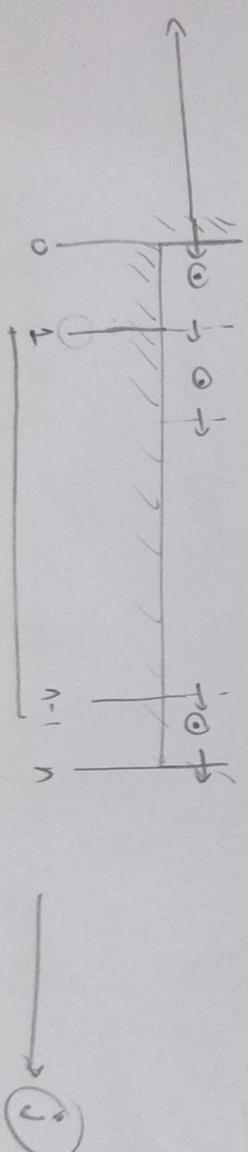
$$\begin{cases} F_s = 0, \quad D_s = 0, \quad S_p = -2D, \quad S_u = 0 \end{cases}$$

② Bottom right corner

③ $\begin{cases} F_s = 0, \quad D_s = 0, \quad S_p = -2D, \quad S_u = 0 \end{cases}$

Indic

$$(i=1, \quad j \in [1, n-1])$$



Some conditions.
Bottom boundary condition

Right Top corner: This boundary condition holds good for Top boundary including both side corners.

$$(UU)_e - (UU)_w + (UU)_n - (UU)_s = \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial x} \right)_{\text{ext}} + \frac{1}{\mu} \left[\left(\frac{du}{dx} \right)_e - \left(\frac{du}{dx} \right)_s \right] + \frac{1}{\mu} \left[\left(\frac{du}{dy} \right)_n - \left(\frac{du}{dy} \right)_s \right].$$

$$F_e \left(\frac{U_{nn} + U_{nn-1}}{2} \right) - F_w \left(\frac{U_{n-1,n} + U_{nn}}{2} \right)$$

$$= (DP)_{Sx} + De \left(\frac{U_{nn-1} - U_{nn}}{a} \right) - D_s \left(\frac{U_{n-1,n-1} - U_{n-1,n}}{a} \right) + S_p U_{nn} + (Su)_2.$$

~~(X)~~

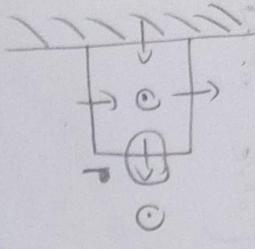
$$\boxed{F_n = 0, \quad D_n = 0, \quad S_p = -2D, \quad (Su)_2 = 2D, \quad (Su)_1 = 0} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{as } \\ \text{vis from} \\ \text{after top boundary} \end{matrix}$$

Top Boundary w/ points -

$$\frac{F_n = 0}{(UU)_n = 0 \text{ at top boundary}}$$

indicating $\rightarrow (i=n, j \in [1, n-1])$

Left Boundary (conducting wall)



$$\boxed{a_p U_p = \sum_{n=1}^N U_n - \Delta P / \Delta x}$$

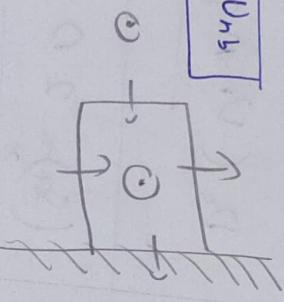
No coefficient is zero

$$S_u = 0, S_p = 0$$

$$\rightarrow [j=1, i \in C_1, n]$$

Right Boundary (conducting wall)

$$\boxed{a_p U_p = -\Delta P / \Delta x + \sum_{n=1}^N U_n}$$



$$\rightarrow [j=n-1, i \in C_1, n]$$

No coefficient is zero

$$\boxed{S_p = 0, S_u = 0}$$

Momentum eqⁿ (20)

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\rho u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\rho v) = - \frac{d\rho}{dx} + \frac{1}{\rho} M \frac{du}{dx} + \frac{1}{\rho} M \frac{dv}{dy} + S_u$$

Non-dimensionalizing

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\rho u) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\rho v) = - \frac{d\rho}{dx} + \frac{1}{\rho} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + S_u$$

Integrating differential non-dimensional momentum eqⁿ over control volume (CV)
 (considering Area term as uniform over grid with some no. of grids)

$$A_e = A_w = A_s = A_n = A$$

$$\left[F_{ue} - F_{we} + F_n v_n - F_s v_s \right] = - \frac{(\rho_n - \rho_p)}{\Delta} A_e \Delta y + \frac{A}{\rho} \left[\left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_e - \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right)_w + \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_n - \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_s \right] + \bar{S}_u \Delta V$$

$$q_p v_p = - (\rho_n - \rho_p) \Delta y + \sum q_{nb} v_{nb} + \cancel{q_{ns} v_n}$$

$$q_p = q_w + q_e + q_s + q_n + (F_e - F_w) + (F_n - F_s) - S_p,$$

$$a_w = \rho_w + \frac{r_w}{2}$$

$$D_e = \frac{1}{\rho_e A_e \Delta x}, \quad D_w = \frac{1}{\rho_w A_w \Delta x}$$

$$D_n = \rho_s = \frac{1}{\rho_s A_s \Delta y}$$

$$a_s = \rho_s + F_s / 2$$

$$d_n = d_y = h = \frac{1}{n}$$

(12)

Interior points $\left[(i \in (2, n_2)), j \in (2, n-1) \right]$ y -momentum
 y-axis n -axis

* Coefficients (central difference)

$$(f_w)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} [u_{i+1,j-1} + u_{i,j-1}]$$

$$(f_e)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} [u_{i+1,j} + u_{i,j}]$$

$$(f_s)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} [v_{i,j} + v_{i-1,j}]$$

$$(f_n)_{ij} = \frac{1}{2} [v_{i+1,j} + v_{i,j}]$$

$$(a_w)_{ij} = (D_w)_{ij} + \frac{1}{2} (F_u)_{ij}$$

$$(a_e)_{ij} = (D_e)_{ij} - \frac{1}{2} (F_e)_{ij}$$

$$(a_s)_{ij} = (D_s)_{ij} + \frac{1}{2} (F_s)_{ij}$$

$$(a_n)_{ij} = (D_n)_{ij} - \frac{1}{2} (F_n)_{ij}$$

$$(S_e)_{ij} = 0 \quad , \quad (S_u)_{ij} = 0$$

$$(a_p)_{ij} = (a_w)_{ij} + (a_e)_{ij} + (a_s)_{ij} + (a_n)_{ij} + (F_e)_{ij} - (f_w)_{ij} + (f_n)_{ij} - (F_s)_{ij} - (S_e)_{ij}$$

$$D_e = D_w = D_n = D_s = \frac{1}{h^* Re}$$

$$h = \frac{1}{n}$$

$$\delta x = \delta y = h$$

$n \rightarrow$ no. of cells
 $(n=128)$ given
 of scalar (P)

$$(a_p)_{ij} = (a_w)_{ij} V_{i-1,j} + (a_e)_{ij} V_{i+1,j} + (a_s)_{ij} V_{i,j-1} + (a_n)_{ij} V_{i,j+1} + (S_e)_{ij}$$

$$(a_p)_{ij} = P_{i-1,j} - P_{i+1,j} + (P_s)_{ij}$$

(3)

Now we define \vec{p}' as difference b/w control pressure field \vec{p} and ground pressure field \vec{p}^* , so that.

$$\vec{p} = \vec{p}^* + \vec{p}'$$

Similarly, $u' \neq v'$

$$u = u^* + u'$$

$$v = v^* + v'$$

Substituting of the control pressure ~~\vec{p}~~ into the momentum equation and dropping ~~\vec{p}~~ Σ_{amb} terms we get

$$(a_p)_{ij} u' = (A) (p'_{i,j+1} - p'_{i,j})$$

$$\Rightarrow u'_{ij} = d_{ij} (p'_{i+1,j+1} - p'_{i,j}) , \quad d_{ij} = \frac{A}{(a_p)_{ij}}$$

$$(a_p)_2 v' = (A) \cancel{(p'_{i+1,j+1} - p'_{i,j})}$$

$$v' = d_{ij} (p'_{i+1,j+1} - p'_{i,j}) , \quad d_{ij} = \frac{A}{(a_p)_2}$$

$$\text{so } u_{ij} = u^*_{ij} + d_{ij} (p'_{i,j+1} - p'_{i,j})$$

$$v_{ij} = v^*_{ij} + d_{ij} (p'_{i+1,j+1} - p'_{i,j})$$

$$\text{Similarly, } u_{i,j+1} = u^*_{i,j+1} + d_{ij+1} (p'_{i,j+1} - p'_{i,j+1})$$

$$\text{Q. } v_{i+1,j} = v^*_{i+1,j} + d_{i+1,j} (p'_{i+1,j} - p'_{i+1,j})$$

The velocity field is also subjected to the constraint that it should satisfy continuity equation.

$$\left((\beta u A)_{i,j+1} - (\beta u A)_{i,j} \right) + \left((\beta v A)_{i+1,j} - (\beta v A)_{i,j} \right) = 0$$

Solving this we get

$$\alpha_p p_t^* = a$$

$$\alpha_p p_t^* = a_w p_w^* + a_e p_e^* + a_n p_n^* + a_s p_s^* + b'$$

where

$$\alpha_p = a_w + a_e + a_n + a_s$$

$$a_w = d = \frac{A}{a}, \quad b = u^*_{i,j} - u^*_{i,j+1} + v^*_{i,j} - v^*_{i+1,j}$$

after solving for P'

$$P^{\text{new}} = P^* + \omega_p P' \quad , \quad \omega_p \rightarrow \text{relaxation factor}$$

$$U^{\text{new}} = \omega_u U + (1 - \omega_u) U^{n-1} \quad , \quad \omega_u \rightarrow \text{under relaxation factor}$$

$$V^{\text{new}} = \omega_v V + (1 - \omega_v) V^{n-1} \quad , \quad \omega_v \rightarrow \text{under relaxation factor}$$

#

$$\begin{aligned} P_{\text{dash}}[i][j] &= [a_w (p_{\text{dash}}[i][j-1]) + a_e (p_{\text{dash}}[i-1][j]) \\ &\quad + a_n (p_{\text{dash}}[i+1][j]) + b_{ij}] / aa \end{aligned}$$

$$a_w = h / a[0][i][j-1];$$

$$a_e = h / a[0][i][j+1];$$

$$a_s = h / a[1][i-1][j];$$

$$a_n = h / a[1][i+1][j];$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_{ij} &= (u_{\text{star}}[i][j-1] - u_{\text{star}}[i][j] + v_{\text{star}}[i-1][j] \\ &\quad - v_{\text{star}}[i][j]) \end{aligned}$$

$$aa = a_w + a_e + a_s + a_n$$

a_w, a_e, a_s, a_n will be given according to different boundary conditions