REPORT ON

# PYTHON PROGRAMMING

INT-213

PENSION AND COMMUTATION CALCULATOR | GROUP-10

#### PENSION AND COMMUTATION CALCULATOR

**END-TERM REPORT** 

### **BACHELOR OF TECHNLOGY**

in

#### COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

BY:

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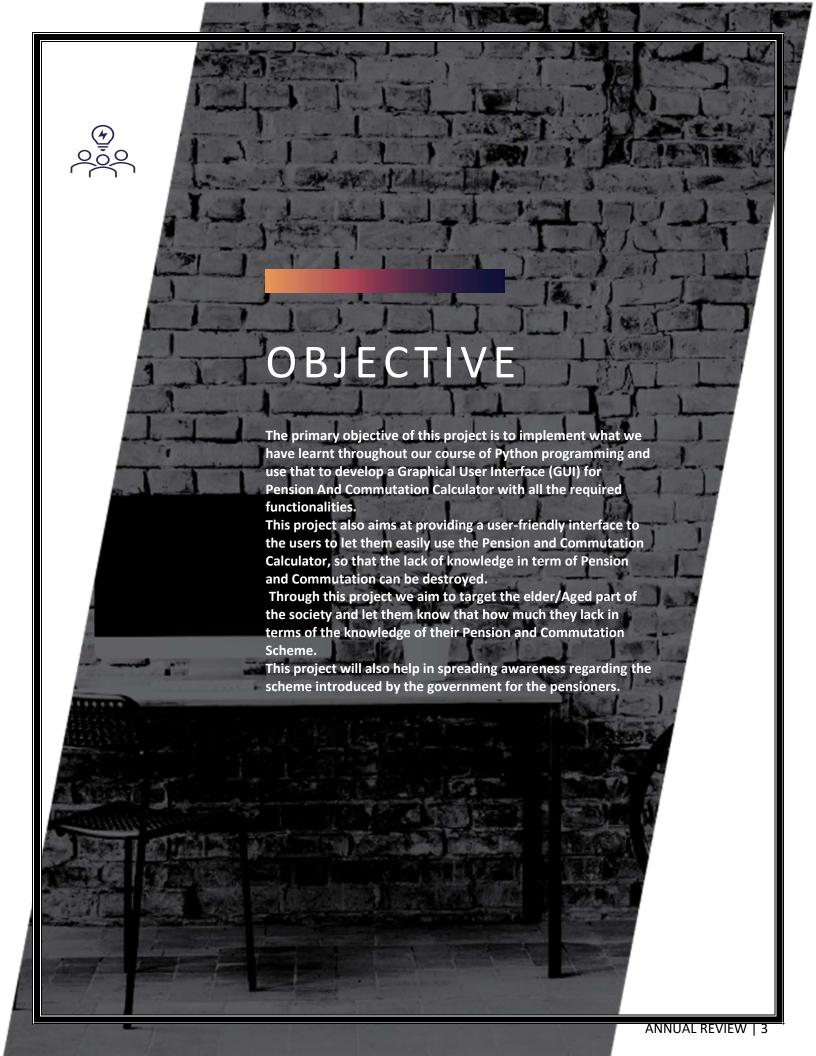
Course Code: INT213



**School of Computer Science and Engineering** 

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### INTRODUCTION

### **PENSION:**

A pension is a fund or can be said a beneficial fund where a fixed sum of amount is paid regularly to a person after their retirement. There are different types of pensions.

### **COMMUTATION:**

If the person opts for commutation of pension them a portion of pension (max 40%) is cut off. The monthly sum is reduced by the pension commuted and will be restored on the expiry of 15 years from the date of receipt of the commuted value of pension.

### **CALCULATIONS:**

#### For basic pension calculation:

Basic Pension = (One Month Emoulment x Qualifying Service) x 70/1000

#### **For commutation calculation:**

Monthly Commutation = Commutation % x Basic pension

Total Commutation = (Commutation % x Basic pension) x 10 years

### Pension received by the person:

Reduced monthly pension = basic pension – Monthly Commutation





### TERMINOLOGIES

**Tkinter**: Tkinter is the standard GUI library for Python. Python when combined with Tkinter provides a fast and easy way to create GUI applications. Tkinter provides a powerful object-oriented interface to the Tk GUI toolkit.

TK: This module provides classes to allow using Tk themed widget set. Its basic idea is to separate, to the extent possible, the code implementing a widget's behavior from the code implementing its appearance.

<u>PIL</u>: PIL is the Python Imaging Library which provides the python interpreter with image editing capabilities. <u>PIL.Image.new()</u> method creates a new image with the given mode and size.

Messagebox: The tkMessageBox module is used to display message boxes in your applications. This module provides a number of functions that you can use to display an appropriate message Some of these functions are showinfo, showwarning, showerror, askquestion, askokcancel, askyesno, and askretryignore.

**Tkinter.font:** You can create a "font object" by importing the tkFont module and using its Font class constructor. As a tuple whose first element is the font family, followed by a size in points, optionally followed by a string containing one or more of the style modifiers bold, italic, underline and overstrike.

**Geometry**: Tkinter provides many methods; one of them is the **geometry()** method. This method is used to set the dimensions of the <u>Tkinter</u> window and is used to set the position of the main window on the user's desktop.

<u>Title:</u> Title function in python is the Python String Method which is used to convert the first character in each word to Uppercase and remaining characters to Lowercase in string and returns new string.

**Label**: Tkinter Label is a widget that is used to implement display boxes where you can place text or images. The text displayed by this widget can be changed by the developer at any time you want.

**Stringvar()**: StringVar() is a class from tkinter. It's used so that you can easily monitor changes to tkinter variables if they occur through the example code provided: def callback(\*args): print "variable changed!" StringVar() # Holds a string; default value.

<u>IntVar()</u>: These Tkinter control variables are used like regular Python variables to keep certain values. intvar() # Holds an integer; default value 0.

**Entry:** The Entry widget is used to accept single-line text String from a user.

- If you want to display multiple lines of text that can be edited, then you should use the *Text* widget.
- If you want to display one or more lines of text that cannot be modified by the user, then you should use the *Label* widget.

<u>Combobox</u>: Combobox is a combination of Listbox and an entry field. It is one of the Tkinter widgets where it contains a down arrow to select from a list of options. It helps the users to select according to the list of options displayed.

<u>Textvariable</u>: Associates a **Tkinter** variable (usually a StringVar) to the contents of the entry field. ( **textVariable**/Variable) validate= Specifies when validation should be done.

<u>Button</u>: The Button widget is used to add buttons in a Python application. These buttons can display text or images that convey the purpose of the buttons. You can attach a function or a method to a button which is called automatically when you click the button.

<u>Command</u>: Execute the Python code in command. command can be one or more statements separated by newlines, with significant leadingwhitespace as in normal module code.

**.place()**: The **Place** geometry manager is the simplest of the three general geometry managers provided in Tkinter. It allows you explicitly set the position and size of a window, either in absolute terms, or relative to another window.

You can access the **place** manager through the **place()** method which is available for all standard widgets.

# **SOURCE CODE**

### 1. Basic Pension Calculator:

```
# importing tkinter module.
import tkinter
from tkinter import ttk
from PIL import ImageTk,Image
from tkinter import messagebox #for pop-up window
import mysql.connector as sql #to connect to MySQL server
import tkinter.font as font
import os
top = tkinter.Tk()
# Give basic characteristics and geometry to the window.
top.geometry("1000x600")
image = Image.open('Basic_PensionImage.png')
photo_image = ImageTk.PhotoImage(image)
label = tkinter.Label(top, image = photo_image)
label.pack()
top.title(" - Pension and Commutation Calculator - ")
#declaring the variables required for storing and calculating the values.
name_var=tkinter.StringVar()
year var=tkinter.IntVar()
year var=tkinter.IntVar()
one_var=tkinter.IntVar()
ten var=tkinter.IntVar()
commutation_var=tkinter.IntVar()
basic pension= tkinter.IntVar()
reduced_pension= tkinter.IntVar()
totalcommutation_var= tkinter.IntVar()
# creating a label for title using widget Label
```

```
title_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = ' - Basic Pension Calculator - ',borderwidth=25,font=
('calibre', 15, 'bold', 'underline'))
personal label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Personal Information :
               ',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 10, 'bold','underline'))
# creating a label and entry for name using widget Label and Entry rspt.
name_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Name :',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 10, 'bold'))
name_entry = tkinter.Entry(top, textvariable = name_var,width= 30, font=('calibre',10,'normal
'))
# creating a label for name using widget Label
TypeofRetirement label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Type of Retirement :',borderwidth=25,font
=('calibre', 10, 'bold'))
n = tkinter.StringVar()
TypeofRetirement = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 32, textvariable = n)
# Adding combobox drop down list
TypeofRetirement['value'] = (' Superannuation', ' Volutary')
TypeofRetirement.current(1)
# creating a label for name using widget Label .
DateofBirth_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Date of Birth :',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre
', 10, 'bold'))
d = tkinter.StringVar()
m = tkinter.StringVar()
y = tkinter.StringVar()
Date = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 5, textvariable = d)
# Adding combobox drop down list
Date['value'] = ('Date','1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10',
               '11', '12', '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20',
          '21','22', '23', '24', '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31')
Date.current(0)
Month = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 10, textvariable = m,)
# Adding combobox drop down list
Month['value'] = ('Month','January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July', 'Au
gust', 'September', 'October', 'November', 'December')
Month.current(0)
Year = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 7, textvariable = y)
# Adding combobox drop down list
Year['value'] = ('Year','2020','2019','2018','2017','2016','2015','2014','2013','2012','2011'
,'2010',
                        '2009','2008','2007','2006','2005','2004','2003','2002','2001','2000'
,'1999',
                        '1998','1997','1996','1995','1994','1993','1992','1991','1990','1989'
,'1988',
                        '1987','1986','1985','1984','1983','1982','1981','1980','1979','1978'
,'1977',
                        '1976','1975','1974','1973','1972','1971','1970','1969','1968','1967'
,'1966',
```

```
'1965','1964','1963','1962','1961','1960','1959','1958','1957','1956'
,'1955',
                        '1954','1953','1952','1951','1950','1949','1948','1947','1946','1945'
,'1944',
                        '1943','1942','1941','1940')
Year.current(0)
# creating a label for name using widget Label
DateofRetirement_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Date of Retirement :',borderwidth=25,font
=('calibre', 10, 'bold'))
rd = tkinter.StringVar()
rm = tkinter.StringVar()
ry = tkinter.StringVar()
rDate = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 5, textvariable = rd)
# Adding combobox drop down list
rDate['value'] = ('Date','1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', '9', '10',
               '11', '12', '13', '14', '15', '16', '17', '18', '19', '20',
          '21','22', '23', '24', '25', '26', '27', '28', '29', '30', '31')
rDate.current(0)
rMonth = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 10, textvariable = rm,)
# Adding combobox drop down list
rMonth['value'] = ('Month', 'January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July', 'A
ugust', 'September', 'October', 'November', 'December')
rMonth.current(0)
rYear = ttk.Combobox(top, width = 7, textvariable = ry)
# Adding combobox drop down list
rYear['value'] = ('Year','2020','2019','2018','2017','2016','2015','2014','2013','2012','2011
','2010',
                         '2009','2008','2007','2006','2005','2004','2003','2002','2001','2000
','1999',
                         '1998','1997','1996','1995','1994','1993','1992','1991','1990','1989
','1988',
                         '1987','1986','1985','1984','1983','1982','1981','1980','1979','1978
','1977',
                         '1976','1975','1974','1973','1972','1971','1970','1969','1968','1967
','1966',
                         '1965','1964','1963','1962','1961','1960','1959','1958','1957','1956
','1955',
                         '1954','1953','1952','1951','1950','1949','1948','1947','1946','1945
','1944',
                         '1943','1942','1941','1940')
rYear.current(0)
# creating a label and entry for name using widget Label and Entry rspt.
input_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = ' Input to calculate pension :
          ',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 10, 'bold','underline'))
TotalQualifyingService label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Total Qualifying Service(in year) :
',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 10, 'bold'))
TotalQualifyingServicemonth entry = tkinter.Entry(top,textvariable = year var,width= 30, font
=('calibre',10,'normal'))
```

```
# creating a label and entry for name using widget Label and Entry rspt.
explanation one ='''Sum of Last 10
months Emoluments
(Basic Pay (including Grade Pay)+ NPA)
(in Rs.) :'''
tenmonthsEmoluments_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = explanation_one ,borderwidth=25,font=(
calibre', 10, 'bold'))
tenmonthsEmoluments_entry = tkinter.Entry(top,textvariable = ten_var,width=30, font=('calibre
',10,'normal'))
# creating a label and entry for name using widget Label and Entry rspt.
explanation two ='''Sum of Last
month Emoluments
(Basic Pay (including Grade Pay)+ NPA)
(in Rs.) :'''
onemonthEmoluments_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = explanation_two ,borderwidth=25,font=('c
alibre', 10, 'bold'))
onemonthEmoluments_entry = tkinter.Entry(top,textvariable = one_var,width=30, font=('calibre'
,10,'normal'))
# Create a Button
def CalcBasicPension():
   temp1 =one var.get()
   temp2 = year var.get()
   basic_pension=(temp1*temp2)/7
   basic pension2 = basic pension
    messagebox.showinfo("Your Basic Pension is ",basic_pension)
checkbtn = tkinter.Button(top, text = 'Check my Basic pension',width= 30, bd = '4', command =
CalcBasicPension)
def commutation_Calc_redirect():
    os.system('python Commutation.py')
nextbtn = tkinter.Button(top, text = 'Check Your Commutation Now!', width= 30, bd = '4', comma
nd = commutation Calc redirect)
Quitbtn = tkinter.Button(top, text = 'Quit', width= 15, bd = '4', command = quit)
# placing the label and entry in the required position using place method
title label.place(x=300, y=5)
personal label.place(x=60 ,y=55 )
name_label.place(x=100, y=100)
name_entry.place(x=250, y=125)
DateofBirth_label.place(x=100, y=150)
Date.place(x=250, y=170)
Month.place(x=310, y=170)
Year.place(x=400, y=170)
TypeofRetirement label.place(x=500, y=100)
```

```
TypeofRetirement.place(x=680, y=125)
DateofRetirement label.place(x=500, y=145)
rDate.place(x=680, y=170)
rMonth.place(x=740, y=170)
rYear.place(x=830, y=170)
input_label.place(x=60,y=220)
TotalQualifyingService label.place(x=100, y=270)
TotalQualifyingServicemonth entry.place(x=390, y=295)
tenmonthsEmoluments label.place(x=100, y=310)
tenmonthsEmoluments entry.place(x=390, y=365)
onemonthEmoluments_label.place(x=100, y=400)
onemonthEmoluments_entry.place(x=392, y=450)
Quitbtn.place(x=800, y=25)
checkbtn.place(x=250, y=530)
nextbtn.place(x=500,y=530)
top.mainloop()
```

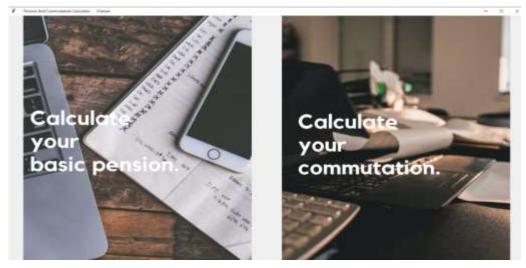
### 2. Commutation Calculator:

```
# importing tkinter module.
import tkinter
from tkinter import ttk
from PIL import ImageTk, Image
from tkinter import messagebox #for pop-up window
import mysql.connector as sql #to connect to MySQL server
import tkinter.font as font
import os
top = tkinter.Tk()
# Give basic characteristics and geometry to the window.
top.geometry("1000x600")
image = Image.open('LoginImage.png')
#photo image = ImageTk.PhotoImage(image)
#label = tkinter.Label(top, image = photo_image)
#label.pack()
top.title(" - Pension and Commutation Calculator - ")
name var=tkinter.StringVar()
year_var=tkinter.IntVar()
month var=tkinter.IntVar()
one var=tkinter.IntVar()
ten var=tkinter.IntVar()
commutation var=tkinter.IntVar()
basic_pension= tkinter.IntVar()
reduced pension= tkinter.IntVar()
totalcommutation var= tkinter.IntVar()
```

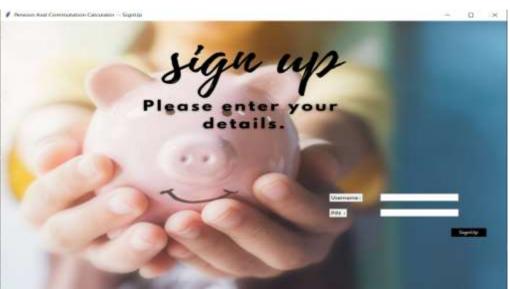
```
def calcom():
    temp2=commutation_var.get()
    temp3=basic pension.get()
    if(temp2<=33):
        temp=((temp2/100)*temp3)*10
        totalcommutation var=temp
        temp1=(temp3 - (temp2/100)*temp3)
        reduced pension= temp1
        messagebox.showinfo("Total commutation is
         ", totalcommutation var)
        messagebox.showinfo("Reduced pension is
        ", reduced pension)
    else:
       messagebox.showinfo("Warning!! ", "invalid commutation value. Please enter a valid va
lue less than 33")
def Redirect_Basic_Pension():
   os.system('python BAsic Pension.py')
# creating a label and entry for name using widget Label and Entry rspt
title_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = ' --- Commutation Calculator --
- ',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 15, 'bold','underline'))
basicpension_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Your Basic Pension :',borderwidth=5,font=('ca
libre', 10, 'bold'))
basicpension entry = tkinter.Entry(top,textvariable = basic pension,width=30, font=('calibre'
,10,'normal'))
Calc Basic Pension_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'If you have not Calculated your Basic P
ension --->',borderwidth=25,font=('calibre', 10, 'bold','underline'))
Calc_Basic_Pension_btn = tkinter.Button(top, text = 'Calculate your Basic Pension Here', width
= 40, bd = '4', command = Redirect Basic Pension)
commutation_label = tkinter.Label(top, text = 'Commutation(Maximum 33%) :',borderwidth=5,font
=('calibre', 10, 'bold'))
commutation_entry = tkinter.Entry(top,textvariable = commutation_var,width=30, font=('calibre
',10,'normal'))
calCommutation_btn = tkinter.Button(top, text = 'Calculate my Commutation and Final Pension',
width= 40, bd = '4', command = calcom)
# placing the label and entry in the required position using place method
title_label.place(x=250,y=100)
basicpension label.place(x=120, y=300)
basicpension_entry.place(x=330, y=300)
commutation_label.place(x=120, y=400)
commutation entry.place(x=330, y=400)
calCommutation_btn.place(x=630,y=500)
Calc Basic Pension btn.place(x=500,y=350)
Calc_Basic_Pension_label.place(x=500,y=250)
top.mainloop()
```

# **SCREENSHOT**

Calculator Choosing Window



Sign Up Page



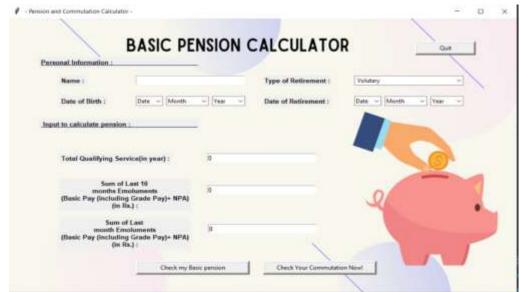
Login Page



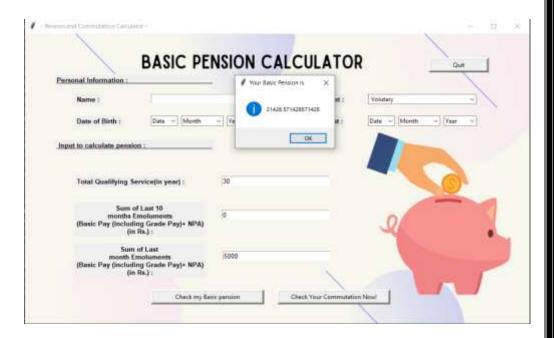
# Welcome Page



# Basic Pension Calculator



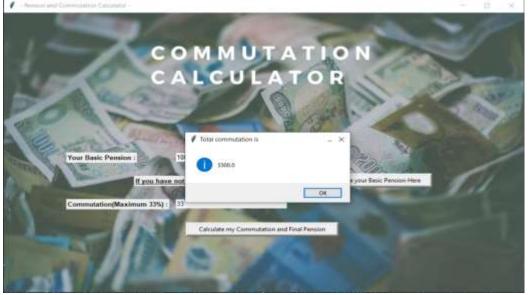
Basic Pension Result



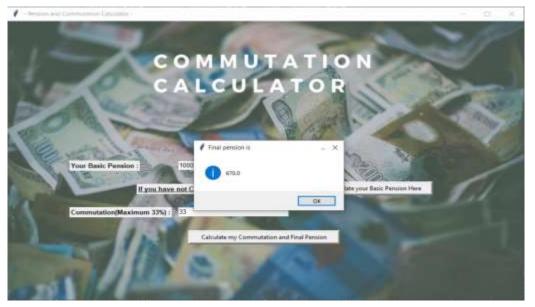
# Commu tation Calculat or



## Commuta tion Result



Resuced Pension Result





# CONCLUSION

We finally got an end project "PENSION AND COMMUTATION CALCULATOR" that includes all the modules that are above mentioned. We have learnt how to make a GUI using tinker in python and also learnt database connectivity using MySQL. This calculator offers the number of tools which helps you determine everything from your monthly pension/basic pension, commutation per year to total commutation. Each of those tools will help any individual to easily access and know about their pension and commutation.

