

Java Advanced Assignment:

1. SAX Parser :

- **MyHandler.java :**

```
package com.accolite.xml.sax;
```

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import org.xml.sax.Attributes;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
import org.xml.sax.helpers.DefaultHandler;
public class MyHandler extends DefaultHandler {
    private List<Employee> empList = null;
    private Employee emp = null;
    private StringBuilder data = null;
    public List<Employee> getEmpList() {
        return empList;
    }
    boolean bfName = false;
    boolean blName = false;
    boolean bAge = false;
    boolean bGender = false;
    boolean blocation = false;
    @Override
    public void startElement(String uri, String localName, String qName, Attributes
attributes) throws SAXException {
        if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("Employee")) {
            String id = attributes.getValue("id");
            emp = new Employee();
            emp.setId(Integer.parseInt(id));
            if (empList == null)
                empList = new ArrayList<>();
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("firstName")) { variables
            bfName = true;
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("lastName")) {variables
            blName = true;
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("age")) {
            bAge = true;
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("gender")) {
            bGender = true;
        } else if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("location")) {
            blocation = true;
        }
        data = new StringBuilder();
    }
}
```

```

        @Override
        public void endElement(String uri, String localName, String qName) throws
SAXException {
            if (bAge) {
                emp.setAge(Integer.parseInt(data.toString()));
                bAge = false;
            } else if (bfName) {
                emp.setfirstName(data.toString());
                bfName = false;
            } else if (blName) {
                emp.setlastName(data.toString());
                blName = false;
            } else if (blocation) {
                emp.setLocation(data.toString());
                blocation = false;
            } else if (bGender) {
                emp.setGender(data.toString());
                bGender = false;
            }

            if (qName.equalsIgnoreCase("Employee")) {
                empList.add(emp);
            }
        }
        @Override
        public void characters(char ch[], int start, int length) throws SAXException {
            data.append(new String(ch, start, length));
        }
    }
}

```

- **XMLParserSAX.java :**

```

package com.accolite.xml.sax;
import com.accolite.annotations.*;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.List;
import javax.xml.parsers.ParserConfigurationException;
import javax.xml.parsers.SAXParser;
import javax.xml.parsers.SAXParserFactory;
import org.xml.sax.SAXException;
public class XMLParserSAX {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SAXParserFactory saxParserFactory = SAXParserFactory.newInstance();
        try {
            SAXParser saxParser = saxParserFactory.newSAXParser();

```

```

MyHandler handler = new MyHandler();
saxParser.parse(new File("Demo.xml"), handler);
List<Employee> empList = handler.getEmpList();
for(Employee emp : empList)
    System.out.println(emp);
} catch (ParserConfigurationException | SAXException | IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}
}
}

```

- **Employee.java :**

```

package com.accolite.xml.sax;
public class Employee {
    private int id;
    private String firstName;
    private String lastName;
    private int age;
    private String gender;
    private String location;
    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }
    public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    }
    public String getfirstName() {
        return firstName;
    }
    public void setlastName(String lastName) {
        this.lastName = lastName;
    }
    public String getlastName() {
        return lastName;
    }
    public void setfirstName(String firstName) {
        this.firstName = firstName;
    }
    public String getGender() {
        return gender;
    }
    public void setGender(String gender) {
        this.gender = gender;
    }
}

```

```

    public int getAge() {
        return age;
    }
    public void setAge(int age) {
        this.age = age;
    }
    public String getLocation() {
        return location;
    }
    public void setLocation(String location) {
        this.location = location;
    }
    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Employee:: ID=" + this.id + " First Name=" + this.firstName + " Last
Name=" + this.lastName + " Age=" + this.age + " Gender=" + this.gender
        + " Location =" + this.location;
    }
}

```

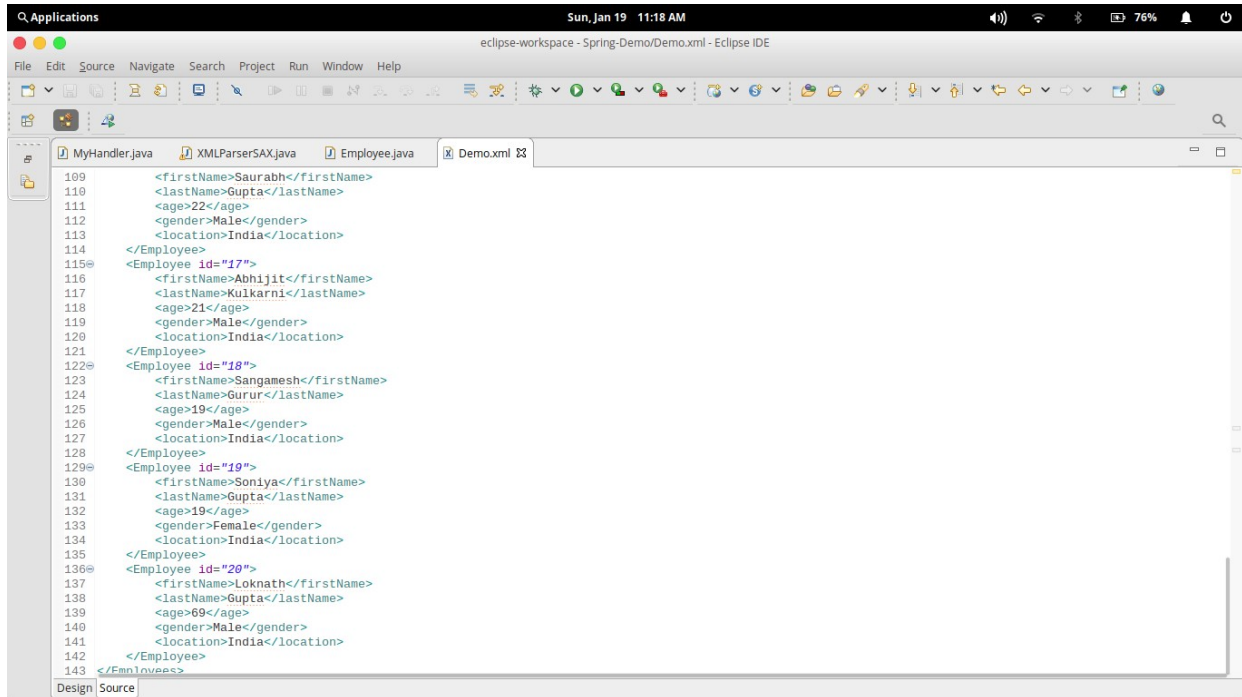
- **Input File :**

The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface. The top toolbar includes icons for File, Edit, Source, Navigate, Search, Project, Run, Window, and Help. The main editor window displays the content of 'Demo.xml'. The XML document is a root element 'Employees' containing five 'Employee' elements. Each 'Employee' element has attributes for 'id' and 'firstName', and child elements for 'lastName', 'age', 'gender', and 'location'.

```

1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2 <Employees>
3   <Employee id="1">
4     <firstName>Lokesh</firstName>
5     <lastName>Gupta</lastName>
6     <age>29</age>
7     <gender>Male</gender>
8     <location>India</location>
9   </Employee>
10  <Employee id="2">
11    <firstName>Samarth</firstName>
12    <lastName>Gupta</lastName>
13    <age>19</age>
14    <gender>Male</gender>
15    <location>India</location>
16  </Employee>
17  <Employee id="3">
18    <firstName>Lokesh</firstName>
19    <lastName>Aacharya</lastName>
20    <age>59</age>
21    <gender>Male</gender>
22    <location>India</location>
23  </Employee>
24  <Employee id="4">
25    <firstName>Sankethi</firstName>
26    <lastName>Goopta</lastName>
27    <age>49</age>
28    <gender>Female</gender>
29    <location>India</location>
30  </Employee>
31  <Employee id="5">
32    <firstName>Lankesh</firstName>
33    <lastName>Pathak</lastName>
34    <age>8</age>
35    <gender>Male</gender>

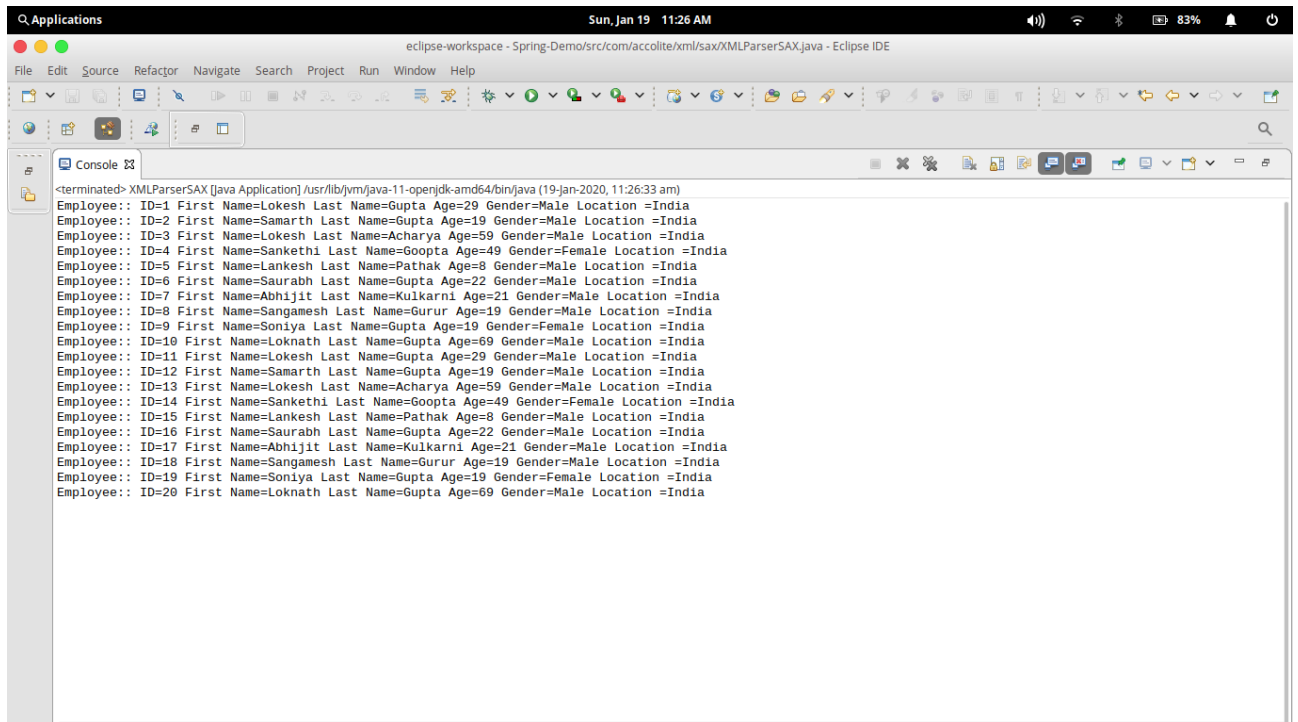
```



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the file `Demo.xml` open. The XML content is as follows:

```
109 <firstName>Saurabh</firstName>
110 <lastName>Gupta</lastName>
111 <age>22</age>
112 <gender>Male</gender>
113 <location>India</location>
114 </Employee>
115 <Employee id="17">
116 <firstName>Abhijit</firstName>
117 <lastName>Kulkarni</lastName>
118 <age>21</age>
119 <gender>Male</gender>
120 <location>India</location>
121 </Employee>
122 <Employee id="18">
123 <firstName>Sangamesh</firstName>
124 <lastName>Gurur</lastName>
125 <age>19</age>
126 <gender>Male</gender>
127 <location>India</location>
128 </Employee>
129 <Employee id="19">
130 <firstName>Soniya</firstName>
131 <lastName>Gupta</lastName>
132 <age>19</age>
133 <gender>Female</gender>
134 <location>India</location>
135 </Employee>
136 <Employee id="20">
137 <firstName>Loknath</firstName>
138 <lastName>Gupta</lastName>
139 <age>69</age>
140 <gender>Male</gender>
141 <location>India</location>
142 </Employee>
143 </Employees>
```

- **Output :**



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE interface with the Console view open. The output of the XMLParserSAX application is displayed, showing 20 employee records with their IDs, first names, last names, ages, genders, and locations.

```
<terminated> XMLParserSAX [Java Application] /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java (19-Jan-2020, 11:26:33 am)
Employee:: ID=1 First Name=Lokesh Last Name=Gupta Age=29 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=2 First Name=Samarth Last Name=Gupta Age=19 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=3 First Name=Lokesh Last Name=Acharya Age=59 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=4 First Name=Sankethi Last Name=Goopta Age=49 Gender=Female Location =India
Employee:: ID=5 First Name=Lankesh Last Name=Pathak Age=8 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=6 First Name=Saurabh Last Name=Gupta Age=22 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=7 First Name=Abhijit Last Name=Kulkarni Age=21 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=8 First Name=Sangamesh Last Name=Gurur Age=19 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=9 First Name=Soniya Last Name=Gupta Age=19 Gender=Female Location =India
Employee:: ID=10 First Name=Loknath Last Name=Gupta Age=69 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=11 First Name=Lokesh Last Name=Gupta Age=29 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=12 First Name=Samarth Last Name=Gupta Age=19 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=13 First Name=Lokesh Last Name=Acharya Age=59 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=14 First Name=Sankethi Last Name=Goopta Age=49 Gender=Female Location =India
Employee:: ID=15 First Name=Lankesh Last Name=Pathak Age=8 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=16 First Name=Saurabh Last Name=Gupta Age=22 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=17 First Name=Abhijit Last Name=Kulkarni Age=21 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=18 First Name=Sangamesh Last Name=Gurur Age=19 Gender=Male Location =India
Employee:: ID=19 First Name=Soniya Last Name=Gupta Age=19 Gender=Female Location =India
Employee:: ID=20 First Name=Loknath Last Name=Gupta Age=69 Gender=Male Location =India
```

2. Create some meaningful FULL Annotation for Method and Class target types.

- **TestCustomAnnotation1.java :**

```
package com.accolite.annotations;
import java.lang.reflect.Method;
public class TestCustomAnnotation1 {
    public static void main(String args[])throws Exception{
        Hello h = new Hello();
        Method m = h.getClass().getMethod("sayHello");
        MyAnnotation manno = m.getAnnotation(MyAnnotation.class);
        System.out.println("Value is: "+manno.age());
    }
}
```

- **MyAnnotation.java :**

```
package com.accolite.annotations;
import java.lang.annotation.ElementType;
import java.lang.annotation.Retention;
import java.lang.annotation.RetentionPolicy;
import java.lang.annotation.Target;
@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@Target(ElementType.METHOD)
public @interface MyAnnotation {
    int age() default 0;
}
class Hello{
    @MyAnnotation(age=10)
    public void sayHello(){System.out.println("Hello from annotation");}
}
```

3. Design your own TriConsumer lambda.

```
@FunctionalInterface
interface TriConsumer<T1,T2,T3>{
    void accept(T1 t1 ,T2 t2,T3 t3);
}
public class triconsumerlambda {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        TriConsumer<Integer, Integer, Integer> t = (a,b,c) -> System.out.println(a+b+c);
        t.accept(15, 10, 5);
    }
}
```

4. Demonstrate Exception handling in Lambda's using wrapper lambdas.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Exceptionlambdas {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Lambda Function
        float numerator = 0, denominator = 0;
        try (Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in)) {
            System.out.println("Enter the numerator :");
            numerator = s.nextFloat();
            System.out.println("Enter the denominator :");
            denominator = s.nextFloat();
        }
        catch(Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Enter proper input. Initialising numerator and denominator to zero.");
        }
        process(numerator, denominator, divideWrapper((num, den) ->
System.out.println(num/den)));
    }

    public static interface DivideLambda{
        public void divide(float numerator, float denominator);
    }

    private static void process(float numerator, float denominator, DivideLambda divider) {
        divider.divide(numerator, denominator);
    }

    private static DivideLambda divideWrapper(DivideLambda dividelambda) {
        return (numerator,denominator) -> {
            try {
                if(denominator == 0 )
                    throw new ArithmeticException();
                System.out.println(numerator/denominator);
            }
            catch(ArithmeticException e) {
                System.out.println("Can't Divide by Zero.");
            }
        };
    }
}
```

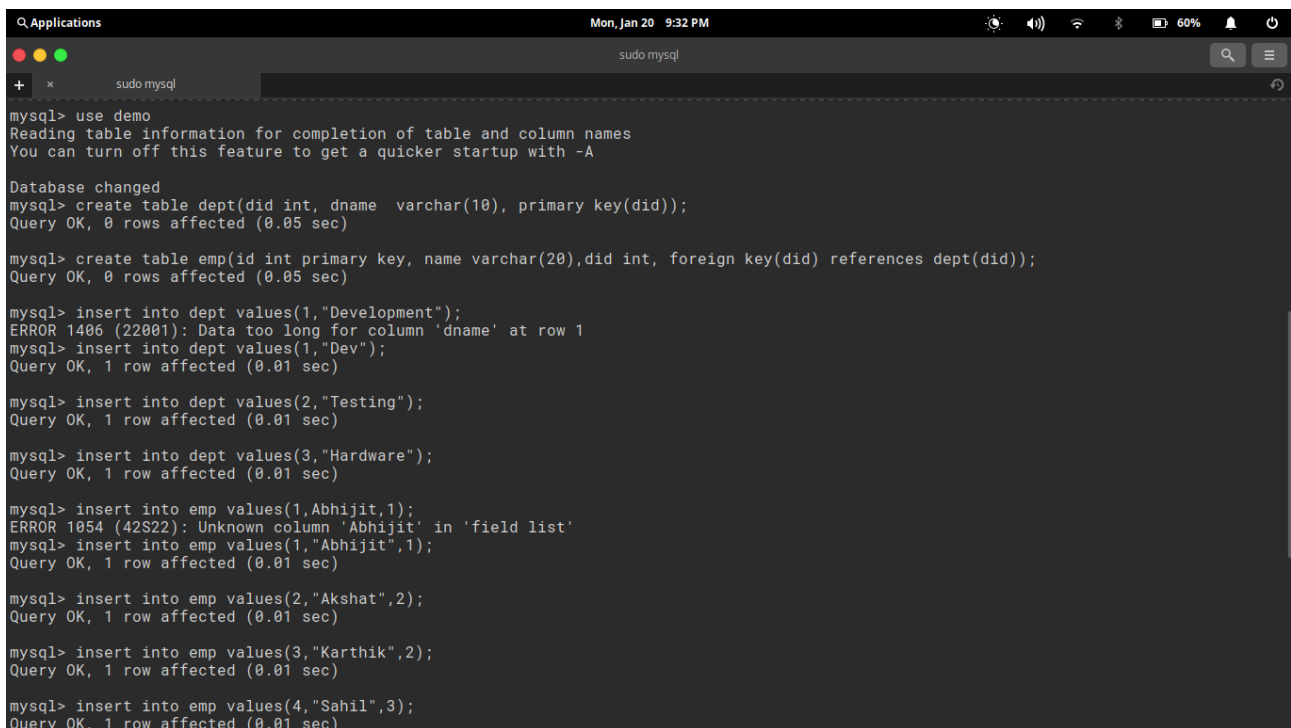
5. Create 2 tables in db having some kind of relationship, create a stored procedure which joins the two tables and returns columns in any db and call it using callable statements and map it to a model object.

```
import java.sql.*;

public class databaseJDBC {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Connection connection = null;

        try {
            connection = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost/demo?" +
"user=root&password=swarev123");
            Statement statement = connection.createStatement();
            ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery("{call DemoProcedure()}");
            while(resultSet.next())
                System.out.println(resultSet.getInteger(1)+" "+resultSet.getString(2)+"
"+resultSet.getInteger(3)+" "+resultSet.getInteger(4)+" "+resultSet.getString(5));
            connection.close();
        } catch (Exception exception) {
            System.out.println("Operation can not be completed. Please try again.");
        }
    }
}
```

Output :

A screenshot of a terminal window titled 'Applications' with a search bar and system status icons at the top. The terminal shows a MySQL session with the following commands and output:

```
mysql> use demo
Reading table information for completion of table and column names
You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A

Database changed
mysql> create table dept(id int, dname varchar(10), primary key(id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

mysql> create table emp(id int primary key, name varchar(20), did int, foreign key(did) references dept(id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)

mysql> insert into dept values(1,"Development");
ERROR 1406 (22001): Data too long for column 'dname' at row 1
mysql> insert into dept values(1,"Dev");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into dept values(2,"Testing");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into dept values(3,"Hardware");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp values(1,Abhijit,1);
ERROR 1054 (42S22): Unknown column 'Abhijit' in 'field list'
mysql> insert into emp values(1,"Abhijit",1);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp values(2,"Akshat",2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp values(3,"Karthik",2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp values(4,"Sahil",3);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```



```
Q Applications Mon, Jan 20 9:35 PM
sudo mysql
mysql> select * from emp;
+-----+
| id | name | did |
+-----+
| 1 | Abhijit | 1 |
| 2 | Akshat | 2 |
| 3 | Karthik | 2 |
| 4 | Sahil | 3 |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from dept;
+-----+
| did | dname |
+-----+
| 1 | Dev |
| 2 | Testing |
| 3 | Hardware |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> delimiter //
mysql> create procedure DemoProcedure()
-> begin
-> select * from emp join dept on emp.did == dept.did;
-> end//
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '== dept.did; end' at line 3
mysql> delimiter //
mysql> create procedure DemoProcedure()
-> begin
-> select * from emp join dept on emp.did = dept.did;
-> end//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
Q Applications Mon, Jan 20 9:36 PM
sudo mysql
mysql> create procedure DemoProcedure()
-> begin
-> select * from emp join dept on emp.did == dept.did;
-> end//
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near '== dept.did; end' at line 3
mysql> delimiter //
mysql> create procedure DemoProcedure()
-> begin
-> select * from emp join dept on emp.did = dept.did;
-> end//
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> delimiter ;
mysql> select call DemoProcedure();
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'call DemoProcedure()' at line 1
mysql> select * from call DemoProcedure();
ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'call DemoProcedure()' at line 1
mysql> call DemoProcedure();
+-----+
| id | name | did | did | dname |
+-----+
| 1 | Abhijit | 1 | 1 | Dev |
| 2 | Akshat | 2 | 2 | Testing |
| 3 | Karthik | 2 | 2 | Testing |
| 4 | Sahil | 3 | 3 | Hardware |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

6. Create a method which takes two strings as inputs (Your dob and your parent/sibling date of birth) and returns the difference in terms of :

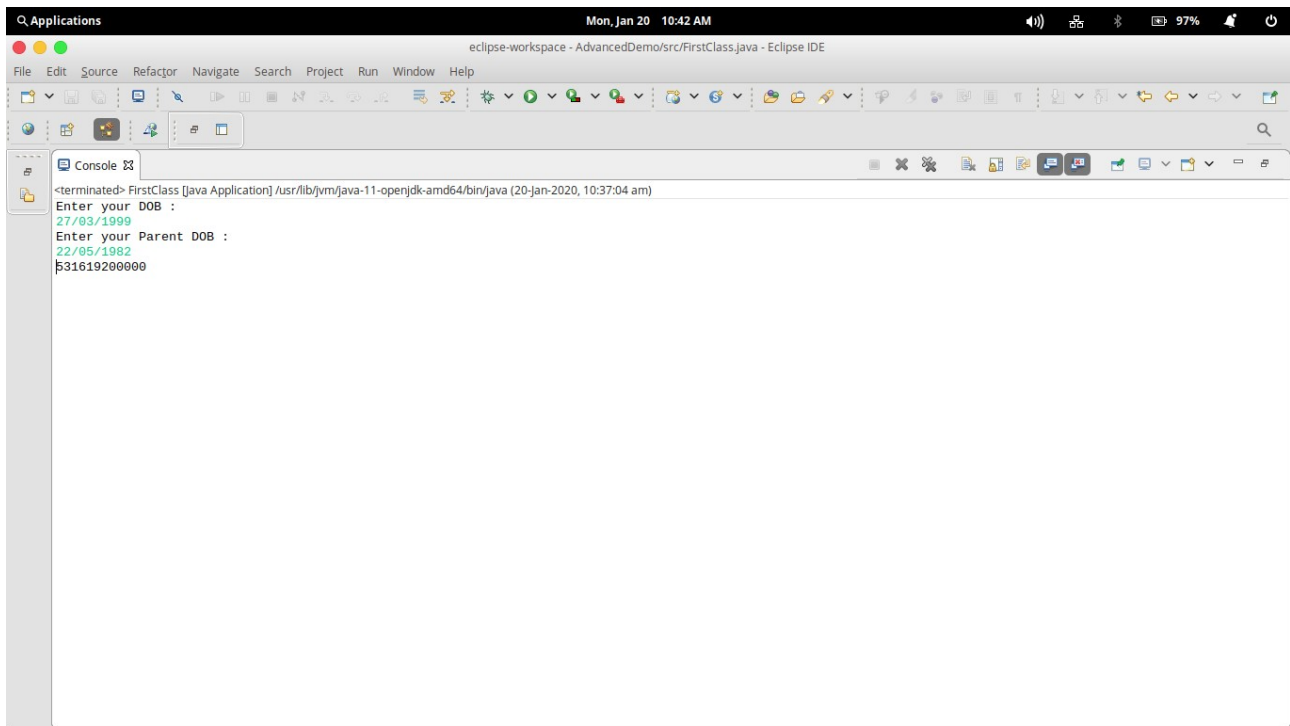
1. The number of days of difference between two in nano seconds :

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.text.SimpleDateFormat;
import java.util.Date;
public class DobNanoseconds {
    public static long getDateDiff(Date date1, Date date2, TimeUnit timeUnit) {
        long diffInMillies = date2.getTime() - date1.getTime();
        return timeUnit.convert(diffInMillies,TimeUnit.NANOSECONDS);
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String myDOB="";
        String parentDOB="";
        Date dateMyDOB = null;
        Date dateParentDOB = null;

        try {
            @SuppressWarnings("resource")
            Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter your DOB :");
            myDOB = s.nextLine();
            System.out.println("Enter your Parent DOB :");
            parentDOB = s.nextLine();
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Can't initiate Scanner.");
        }
        try {
            dateMyDOB = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/MM/yyyy").parse(myDOB);
            dateParentDOB = new
SimpleDateFormat("dd/MM/yyyy").parse(parentDOB);;
        } catch (ParseException e) {
            // TODO Auto-generated catch block
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        System.out.println(getDateDiff(dateParentDOB, dateMyDOB,
TimeUnit.NANOSECONDS));
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :



2. Consider your dob in different time zone and then convert your parent/sibling dob in that time zone and find difference in days :

```
import java.text.ParseException;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
import java.time.ZonedDateTime;
import java.time.temporal.ChronoUnit;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DobTimezone{

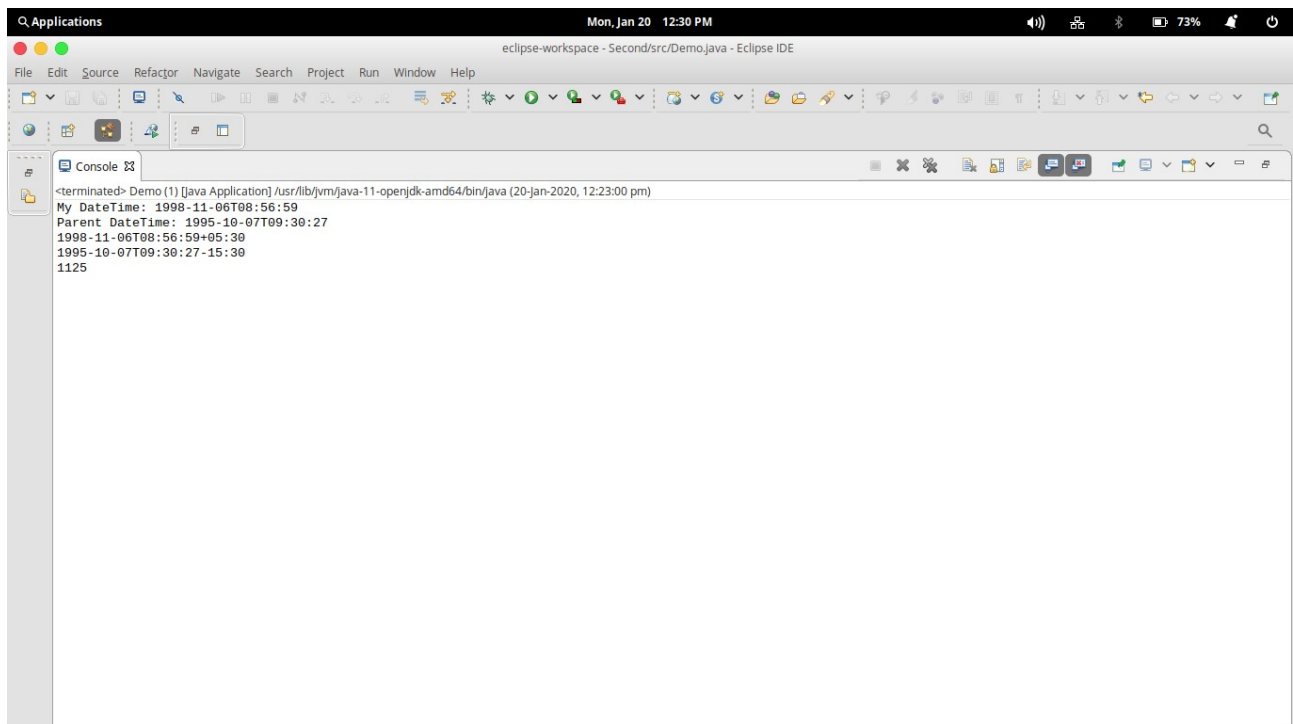
    public static void main(String[] args) throws ParseException
    {
        String MyDOB,ParentDOB;
        try{
            Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
            System.out.println("Enter Your DOB in the Format(YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS) :");
            MyDOB = input.next();
            System.out.println("Enter Your Parent DOB in the Format(YYYY-MM-DDTHH:MM:SS)");
            ParentDOB = input.next();
        } Catch(Exception e) {
            System.out.println("Can not read input.");
        }
        LocalDateTime MyDOBTime = LocalDateTime.parse(MyDOB);
        System.out.println("My DateTime: " + MyDOBTime);
```

```

        LocalDateTime ParentDOBTime=LocalDateTime.parse(ParentDOB);
        System.out.println("Parent DateTime: " + ParentDOBTime);
        ZonedDateTime Zone1=ZonedDateTime.parse(MyDOB);
        System.out.println(Zone1);
        ZonedDateTime Zone2=ZonedDateTime.parse(ParentDOB);
        System.out.println(Zone2);
        ChronoUnit CDays=ChronoUnit.DAYS;
        System.out.println(CDays.between(Zone2, Zone1));
    }
}

```

OUTPUT :



```

<terminated> Demo (1) [Java Application] /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java (20-Jan-2020, 12:23:00 pm)
My DateTime: 1998-11-06T08:56:59
Parent DateTime: 1995-10-07T09:30:27
1998-11-06T08:56:59+05:30
1995-10-07T09:30:27-15:30
1125

```