# Assignment on Python Programming

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### 1. Python Program to Print Hello world.

print('Hello, world!')

output:

Hello, world!

### 2. Python program to add two numbers.

```
num1 = float(input("Enter the first number: "))
num2 = float(input("Enter the second number: "))
sum = num1 + num2
print("The sum of", num1, "and", num2, "is", sum)
output:
```

Enter first number: 1.5
Enter second number: 6.3
The sum of 1.5 and 6.3 is 7.8

### 3. Program to generate a random number between 0 and 9

import random
print(random.randint(0,9))

output:

5

4. Python program to check if the input number is odd or even.

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
if num % 2 == 0:
print(num, "is an even number.")
else:
print(num, "is an odd number.")

Enter a number: 43
   43 is Odd

Output 2

Enter a number: 18
   18 is Even
```

### 5. Python program to check if year is a leap year or not

```
year = int(input("Enter a year: "))

if (year % 4 == 0 and year % 100 != 0) or (year % 400 == 0):
    print(year, "is a leap year.")

else:
    print(year, "is not a leap year.")

2000 is a leap year
```

### 6.To check if a number is prime or not.

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))

if num > 1:
    is_prime = True
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if num % i == 0:
            is_prime = False
            break
    if is_prime:
        print(num, "is a prime number.")
    else:
        print(num, "is not a prime number.")
```

```
else: print(num, "is not a prime number.")
```

```
29 is a prime number
```

### 7.To find factorial of a number provided by the user.

```
num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
factorial = 1

if num < 0:
    print("Factorial does not exist for negative numbers.")
elif num == 0:
    print("The factorial of 0 is 1.")
else:
    for i in range(1, num + 1):
        factorial *= i
        print("The factorial of", num, "is", factorial)</pre>
```

The factorial of 7 is 5040

### 8.To find largest number among the three input numbers.

```
num1 = float(input())
num2 = float(input())
num3 = float(input())

if (num1 >= num2) and (num1 >= num3):
    largest = num1
elif (num2 >= num1) and (num2 >= num3):
    largest = num2
else:
    largest = num3

print("The largest number is",num)
The largest number is 14.0
```

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
print(arr)
print(type(arr))
```

```
[1 2 3 4 5]
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

10. import numpy as np arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]) print(arr[1:5])

# [2 3 4 5]

11. import numpy as np arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 8]]) print(arr.shape)

# (2, 4)

12.
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12])
newarr = arr.reshape(4, 3)
print(newarr)

```
[[ 1 2 3]
[ 4 5 6]
[ 7 8 9]
[10 11 12]]
```

13.
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 4,4])x=np.where(arr
== 4)
print(x)

### 14. Sort the array:

import numpy as np
arr = np.array([3, 2, 0, 1])
print(np.sort(arr))

[0 1 2 3]

### 15. Create an array from the elements on index 0 and 2:

import numpy as np
arr = np.array([41, 42, 43, 44])x = [True, False, True, False] newarr
=arr[x]

```
print(newarr)
```

Output:

```
[41 43]
```

### 16.Create a simple Pandas Series from a list:

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
a = [1, 7, 2]
myvar = pd.Series(a)
print(myvar)
```

### Output:

```
0 1
1 7
2 2
dtype: int64
```

### 17. Create a simple Pandas DataFrame:

```
import pandas as pd

data = {
    "calories": [420, 380, 390],
    "duration": [50, 40, 45]
}

#load data into a DataFrame object:df =
    pd.DataFrame(data)

print(df)
```

	calories	duration	
0	420	50	
1	380	40	
2	390	45	

## 18.Print the DataFrame without the to\_string() method:

import pandas as pd

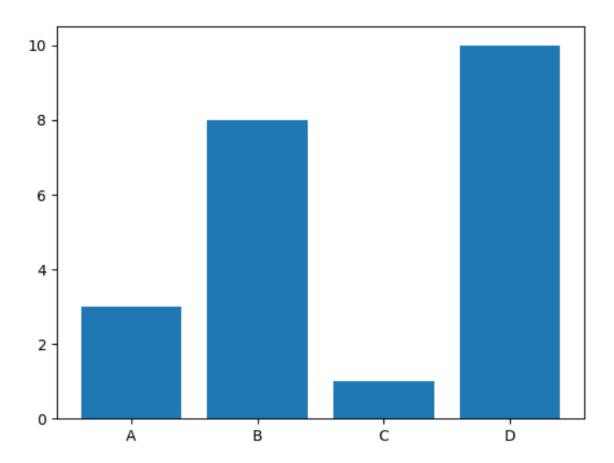
df = pd.read\_csv('data.csv')print(df)

	Duration	Pulse	Maxpulse	Calories
0	60	110	130	409.1
1	60	117	145	479.0
2	60	103	135	340.0
3	45	109	175	282.4
4	45	117	148	406.0
164	60	105	140	290.8
165	60	110	145	300.4
166	60	115	145	310.2
167	75	120	150	320.4
168	75	125	150	330.4
[169	rows x 4	columns	]	

### 19.Draw 4 bars:

import matplotlib.pyplot as pltimport numpy as np

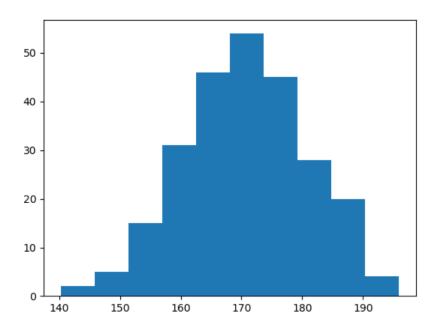
```
x = np.array(["A", "B", "C", "D"])
y = np.array([3, 8, 1, 10])
plt.bar(x,y)plt.show()
```



## 20.A simple histogram:

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

x = np.random.normal(170, 10, 250)
plt.hist(x)
plt.show()



**21.** A simple pie chart: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy as np

y = np.array([35, 25, 25, 15])plt.pie(y)

