ECE 143 FINAL PROJECT

PREGNANCY-RELATED COMPLICATIONS AND MORTALITY IN THE U.S.

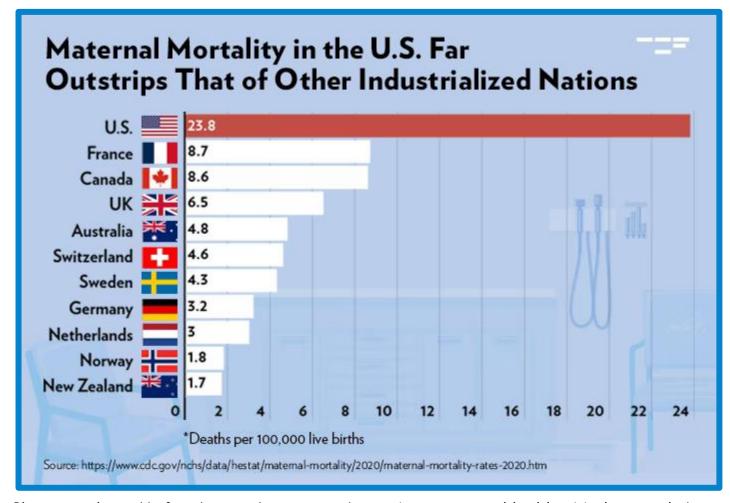
TEAM 3

Pulkit Agrawal • Mandy Cheung • Abhijith Dasharathi • Atishna Samantaray • Naman Sehgal



MOTIVATION

- The U.S. has experienced a higher MMR than other industrialized countries for over 20 years
- "What factors contribute to pregnancyrelated complications?"

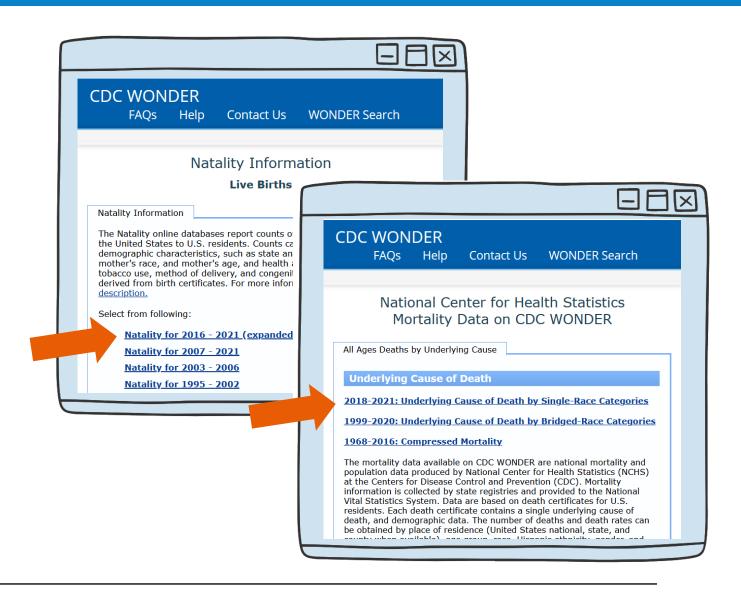


Plot source: https://tcf.org/content/commentary/worsening-u-s-maternal-health-crisis-three-graphs/

DATA OVERVIEW

Accessible at https://wonder.cdc.gov/

- Natality for 2016-2021 reports live births using over 130 parameters
- Underlying Cause of Death for 2018-2021 reports mortality by cause of death



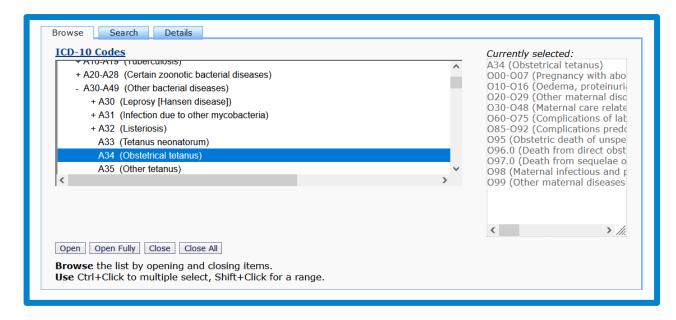
METHODOLOGY



CDC datasets are large & encoded

To navigate this, we wrote code to access the CDC Wonder API

We merged datasets and removed "Not Reported", "Suppressed", and "Unreliable" data



	Single Race 6	Year	Births	Deaths	MMR per 100,000 Live Births
0	American Indian or Alaska Native	2019.0	28450.0	14.0	49.0
1	American Indian or Alaska Native	2020.0	26813.0	13.0	48.0
2	American Indian or Alaska Native	2021.0	26124.0	31.0	119.0
3	Asian	2018.0	240798.0	32.0	13.0
4	Asian	2019.0	238769.0	33.0	14.0

ANALYSIS OVERVIEW



Physical Maternal Characteristics

Social Maternal Characteristics

Healthcare Characteristics

Physical Maternal Characteristics

PARAMETERS ANALYZED IN THIS SECTION

- 1. Tobacco and Cigarette Use
- 2. Height

 Body Mass Index (BMI) = $\frac{Weight(kg)}{Height(m^2)}$

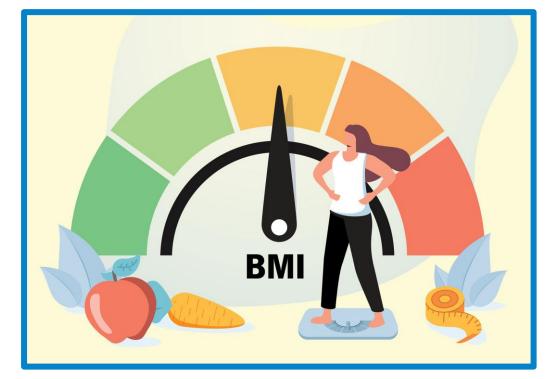
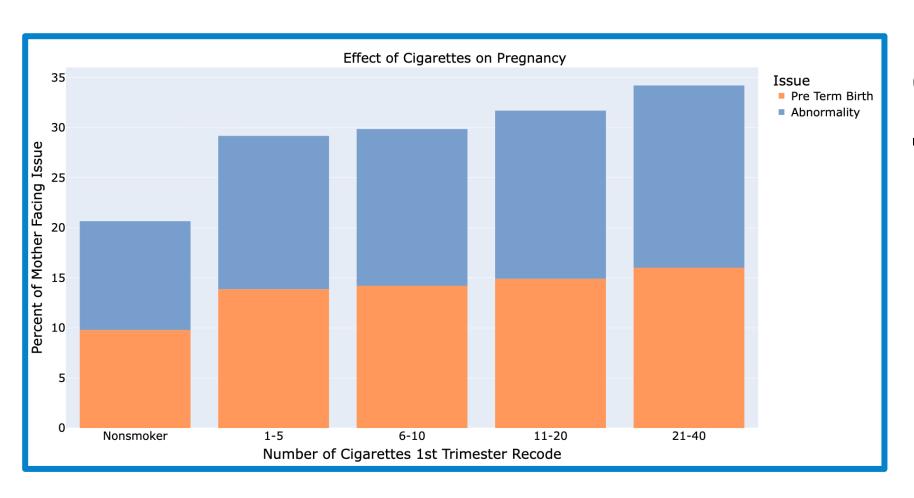
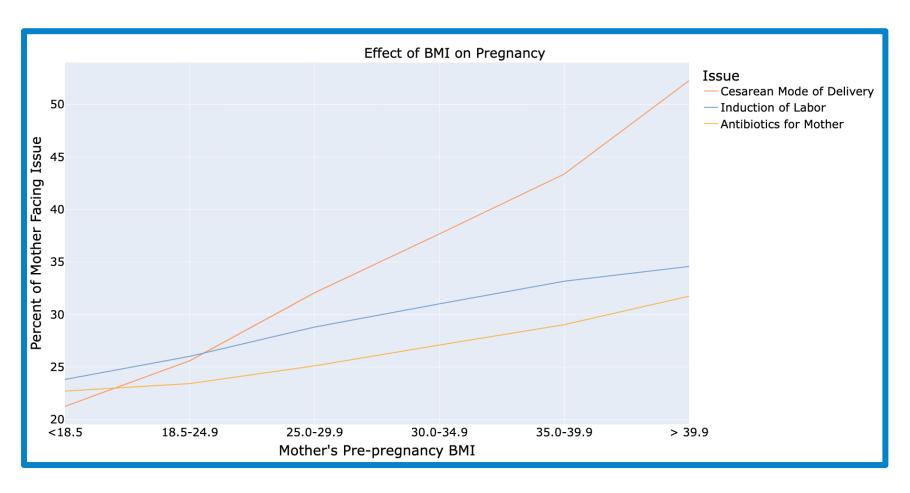


Photo source: https://health.clevelandclinic.org/is-bmi-accurate/



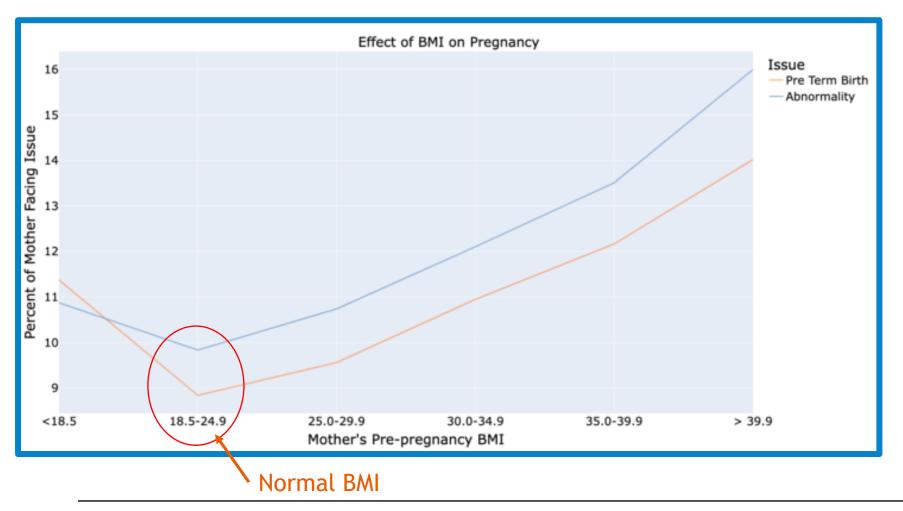
IMPACT OF CIGARETTES

- Abnormalities refer to live births where the newborn experiences
 - Assisted Ventilation
 - NICU Admission
 - Surfactant Replacement Therapy
 - Antibiotics for Suspected Neonatal Sepsis
 - OR Seizures



IMPACT OF BMI

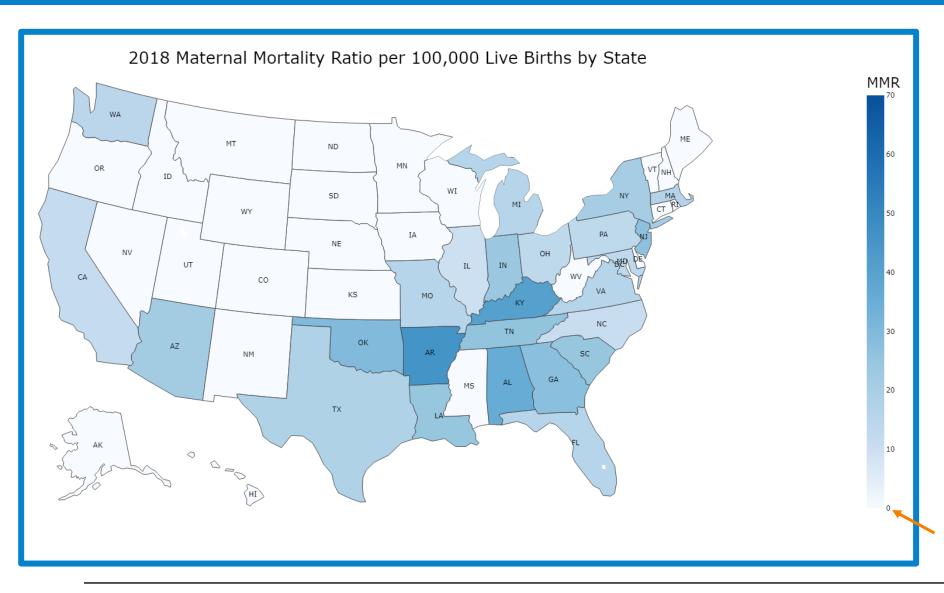
- Cesarean Mode refers to the surgical delivery procedure
- Induction of Labor refers to methods of stimulating the uterus for the purposes of inducing labor



IMPACT OF **BMI**

- Preterm births refer to live births that occur before 37 weeks of pregnancy is completed
- This is generally considered dangerous, as the baby may develop long-term health issues

Social Maternal Characteristics

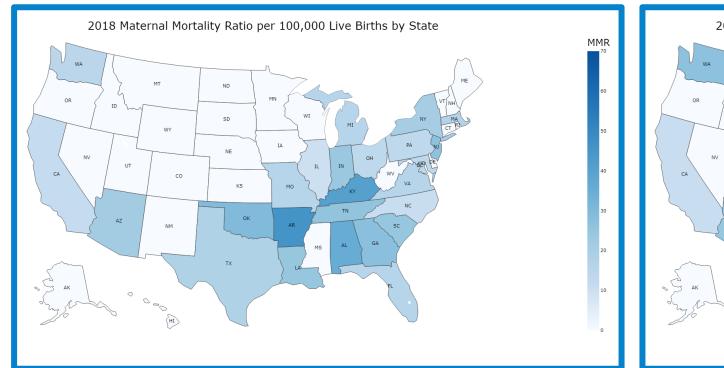


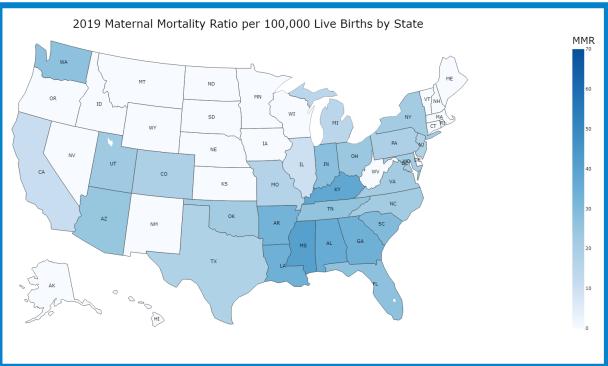
IMPACT OF LOCATION

- MMR is defined as deaths/100,000 live births of that population
- There is uneven MMR distribution in the U.S.

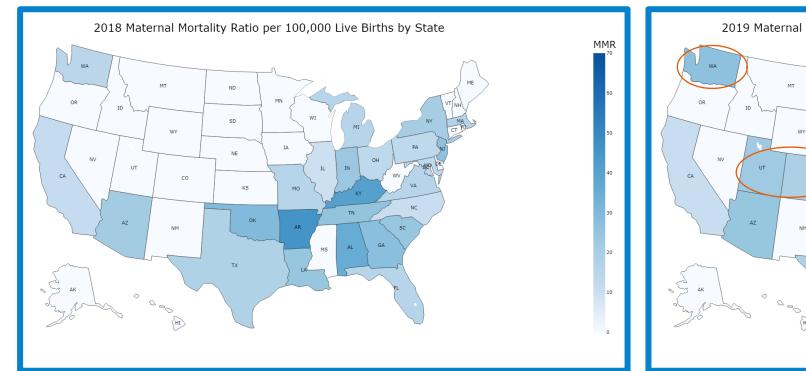
NOTE: states with zero value do not necessarily have zero MMR, the values may be too low and are "suppressed" by the CDC dataset

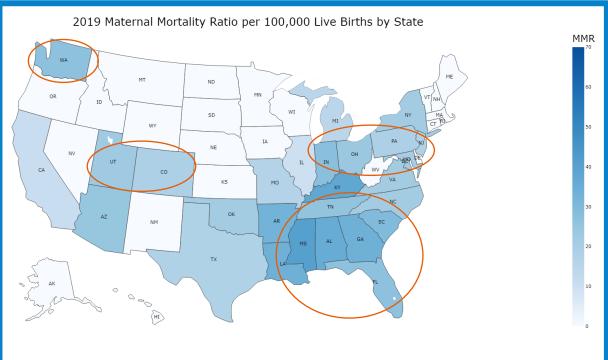




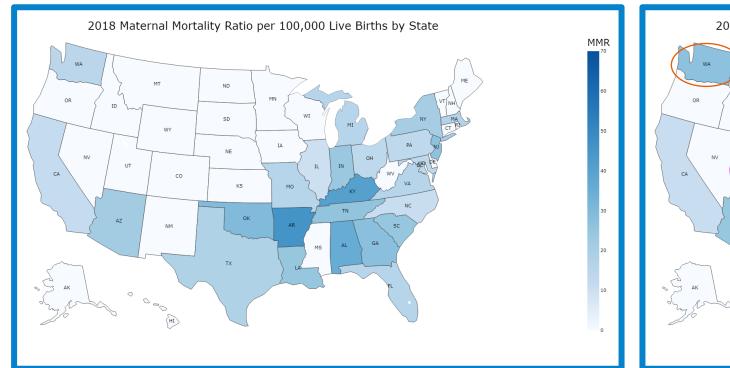


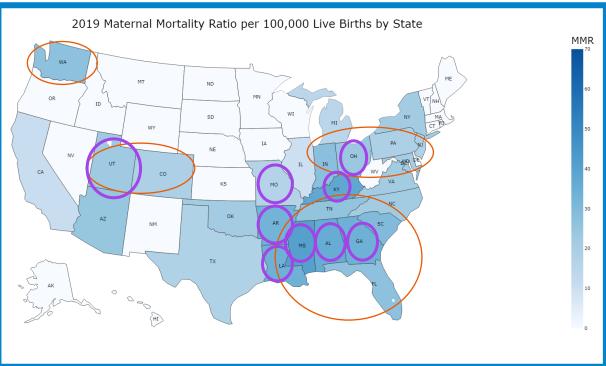




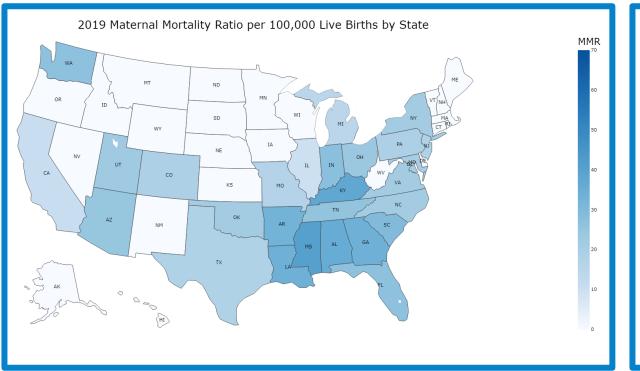


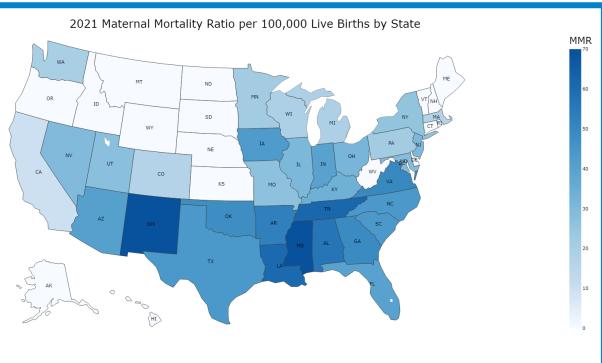






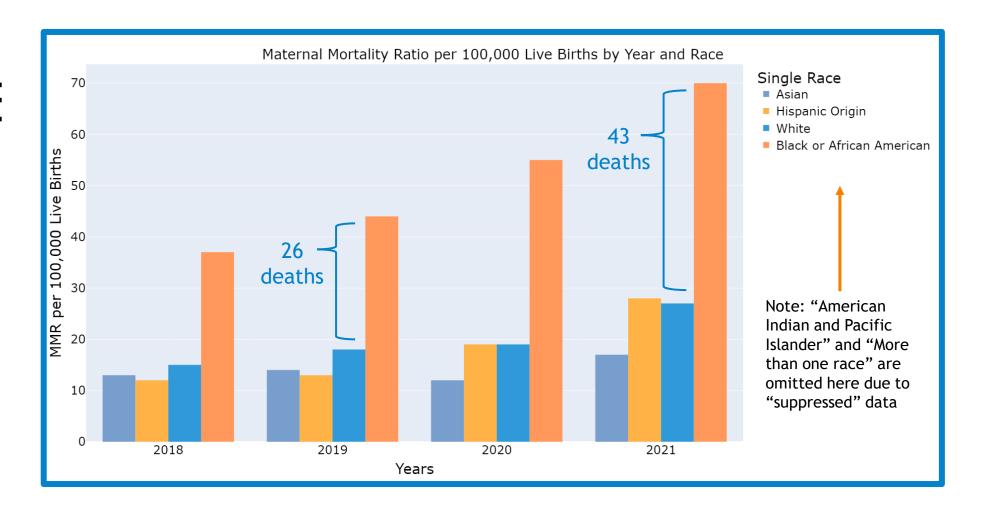






IMPACT OF RACE

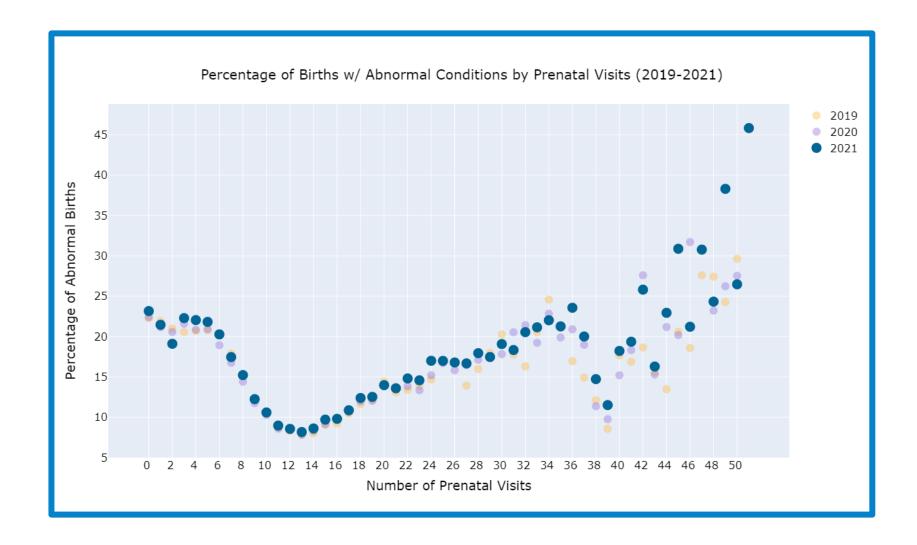
- Racial disparity in MMR exists year after year
- This concern is worsened by the COVID-19 pandemic



Healthcare Characteristics

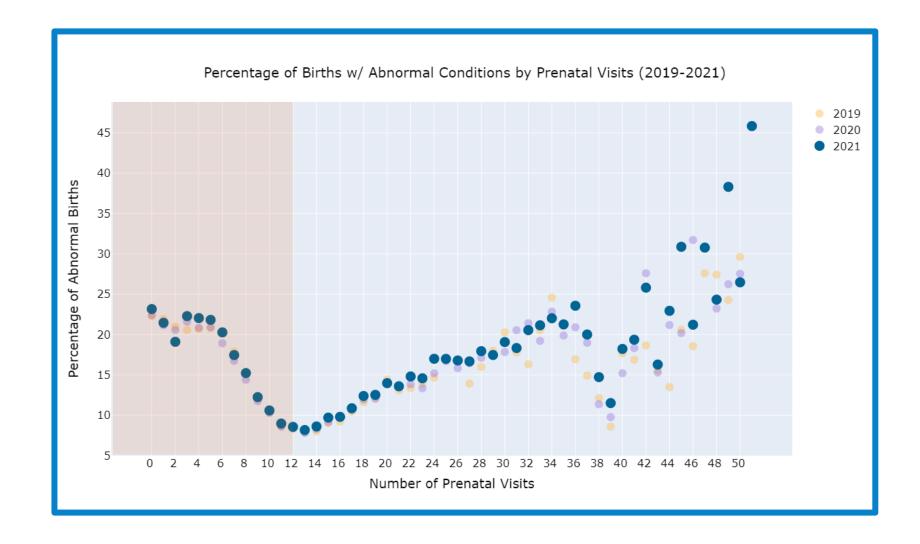
IMPACT OF PRENATAL CARE

- This trend shows up year-after-year
- Around 0-12 visits,
 the trend is intuitive
- But what is going on after 12 visits?



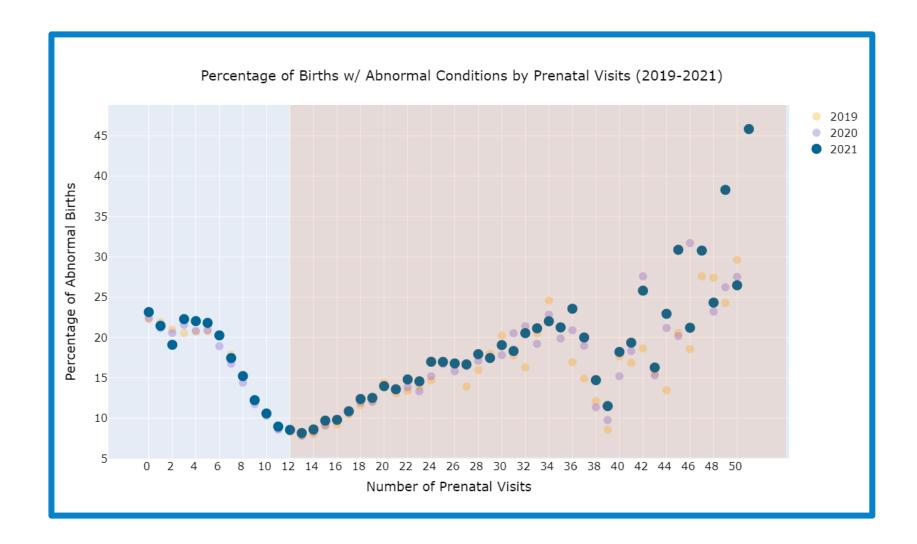
IMPACT OF PRENATAL CARE

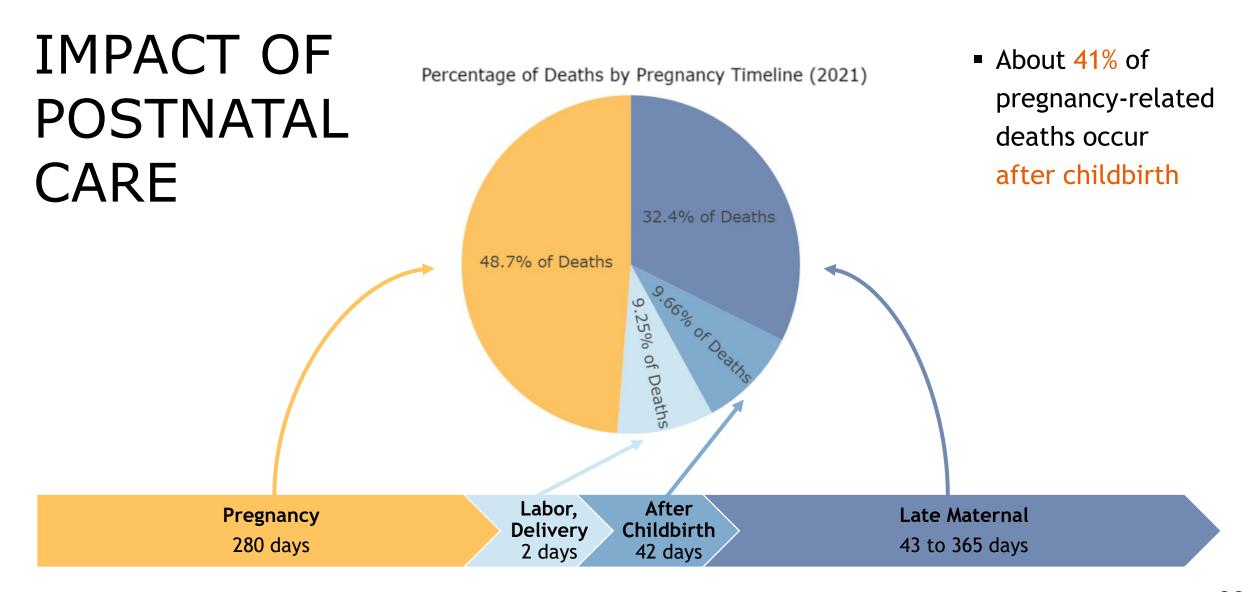
- This trend shows up year-after-year
- Around 0-12 visits,
 the trend is intuitive
- But what is going on after 12 visits?



IMPACT OF PRENATAL CARE

- This trend shows up year-after-year
- Around 0-12 visits,
 the trend is intuitive
- But what is going on after 12 visits?





CONCLUSION

Pregnancy-related complications can be a difficult topic that requires us to consider multiple dimensions. We've only scratched the surface in this presentation!



Thank you for listening!

APPENDIX A: RESOURCES

About Physical Health Maternal Characteristics:

https://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/maternalinfanthealth/pretermbirth.htm

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/35469531/

https://www.uptodate.com/contents/fetal-macrosomia

https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/22311-shoulder-dystocia

About Social Maternal Characteristics:

https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2019/us/abortion-laws-states.html

https://www.gao.gov/assets/gao-23-105871.pdf

APPENDIX A: RESOURCES

About Maternal Mortality Reporting:

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/maternal-mortality/evaluation.htm

https://www.who.int/data/gho/indicator-metadata-registry/imr-details/4622

https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/70929/9789241548458_eng.pdf;jsess

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC7592741/

APPENDIX B: DEFINITIONS

- Maternal Mortality is defined as deaths due to pregnancy-related complications during pregnancy or up to a year after childbirth. Subclassify (between 42 days - 1year after childbirth as late maternal death).
 - CDC uses A34, O00-O95, O98-O99
- Ratio is defined as number of events per 100,000 live births
 - https://www.who.int/data/gho/indicator-metadata-registry/imr-details/26
 - We're basically using WHO's standard definition for "Maternal Mortality Ratio"
 - The CDC uses the word "rate", but apparently this is just for ease of language

APPENDIX B: DEFINITIONS

- We used Single Race 6 Category and whether mother was of Hispanic origin or not to classify race.
 - Non-Hispanic American Indian or Alaska Native
 - Non-Hispanic Asian
 - Non-Hispanic Black or African American
 - Non-Hispanic Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
 - Non-Hispanic White
 - Non-Hispanic More than one race
 - Hispanic

APPENDIX B: DEFINITIONS

- Maternal Morbidity includes any one or more of the following conditions:
 - Maternal Transfusion Yes; No; Unknown or Not Stated.
 - Third or Fourth Degree Perineal Laceration Yes; No; Unknown or Not Stated.
 - Ruptured Uterus Yes; No; Unknown or Not Stated.
 - Unplanned Hysterectomy Yes; No; Unknown or Not Stated.
 - Admission to Intensive Care Unit Yes; No; Unknown or Not Stated.