JAVA COLLECTION ASSIGNMENT 2nd June 2025

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- 1) We are looking for a Java-based application that will help us efficiently manage product records using the Collections framework. The system should allow us to:
 - Store and manage product data in a structured format.
 - Perform key operations such as adding, retrieving, updating, and deleting product records.
 - Sort products dynamically based on criteria like product id, product name.
 - Prevent duplicate entries to maintain data integrity.

Product entity should contain the following:

Product ID

Product Name

Category

Price

- 2) Create a product catalogue key as a product and value as quantity:
 - Store and manage product data in a structured format.
 - Perform key operations such as adding, retrieving, updating, and deleting product records.
 - Sort products dynamically based on criteria like product id, product name.
 - Prevent duplicate entries to maintain data integrity.

Product entity should contain the following:

Product ID

Product Name

Category

Price

Solution:

- 1. Stores product info (ID, name, category, price)
- 2. Add, update, delete, and view products
- 3. Prevents duplicate products
- 4. Can sort products by ID or name
- 5. Maintains a product catalogue where each product has a quantity
 - 1. Product.java -> A **POJO** is a simple class.

```
package june2nd.assignment;

import java.util.Objects;

public class Product { 2 usages
    int productId; 7 usages
    String productName; 7 usages
    String category; 7 usages
    double price; 7 usages

Product(){ no usages
}

Product(int productId, String productName, String category, double price){
    this.productId = productId;
    this.productName = productName;
    this.category = category;
    this.price = price;
}
```

```
public int getProductId() { no usages
  public void setProductId(int productId) {  no usages
      this.productId = productId;
  public String getProductName() { no usages
  public void setProductName(String productName) { no usages
      this.productName = productName;
  public String getCategory() { no usages
      return category;
public void setCategory(String category) {  no usages
    this.category = category;
public void setPrice(double price) {  no usages
   this.price = price;
@Override
public String toString() {
```

2. Manage Products (ProductManagerService)

```
package june2nd.assignment;
import java.util.*;

public class ProductManagerService { 2 usages
    private Set<Product> productSet = new HashSet<>(); 7 usages

public boolean addProduct(Product product) { 2 usages
    return productSet.add(product);
}

public Product getProductById(int id) { no usages
    for (Product p : productSet) {
        if (p.getProductId() == id) return p;
        }
        return null;
}
```

```
public List<Product> sortById() { no usages

List<Product> list = new ArrayList<>(productSet);

list.sort(Comparator.comparingInt(Product::getProductId));

return list;

}

public List<Product> sortByName() { 1 usage

List<Product> list = new ArrayList<>(productSet);

list.sort(Comparator.comparing(Product::getProductName));

return list;

}

public Set<Product> getAllProducts() { no usages

return productSet;
}

}
```

3. Create Product Catalogue (ProductCatalogueService)

```
package june2nd.assignment;
import java.util.*;

public class ProductCatalogueService { no usages
    private Map<Product, Integer> catalogue = new HashMap<>(); 9 usages

public boolean addProduct(Product product, int quantity) { no usages

if (!catalogue.containsKey(product)) {
    catalogue.put(product, quantity);
    return true;
}

return false; // Prevent duplicates

public boolean updateQuantity(Product product, int quantity) { no usages

if (catalogue.containsKey(product)) {
    catalogue.put(product, quantity);
    return true;
}

return false;
}

return false;
}
```

```
public List<Map.Entry<Product, Integer>> sortByName() { no usages

List<Map.Entry<Product, Integer>> list = new ArrayList<>(catalogue.entrySet());

list.sort(Comparator.comparing(Entry<Product, Integer> entry -> entry.getKey().getProductName()));

return list;

public Map<Product, Integer> getAllProducts() { no usages

return catalogue;
}

// Add // Betalogue
```

The Main Function:

```
package june2nd.assignment;

import java.util.Map;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Product p1 = new Product( productId: 1, productName: "Laptop", category: "Electronics", price: 70000);
        Product p2 = new Product( productId: 2, productName: "Phone", category: "Electronics", price: 30000);
        Product p3 = new Product( productId: 3, productName: "Mouse", category: "Accessories", price: 500);

ProductManagerService manager = new ProductManagerService();
        manager.addProduct(p1);
        manager.addProduct(p2);
        manager.updateProduct(new Product[ productId: 2, productName: "Smartphone", category: "Electronics", price: 35000));

System.out.println("Sorted Products by Name:");
        for (Product p : manager.sortByName()) {
            System.out.println(p);
        }
}
```

```
ProductCatalogueService catalogue = new ProductCatalogueService();

catalogue.addProduct(p1, quantity: 10);

catalogue.addProduct(p3, quantity: 50);

catalogue.updateQuantity(p1, quantity: 15);

System.out.println("\nCatalogue Sorted by Product ID:");

for (Map.Entry<Product, Integer> entry : catalogue.sortById()) {

System.out.println(entry.getKey() + " | Quantity: " + entry.getValue());

}

}

}
```

THE OUTPUT:

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin\java.exe" "-javaagen"
Sorted Products by Name:
1 | Laptop | Electronics | $70000.0
2 | Smartphone | Electronics | $35000.0

Catalogue Sorted by Product ID:
1 | Laptop | Electronics | $70000.0 | Quantity: 15
3 | Mouse | Accessories | $500.0 | Quantity: 50
```

POJO To store product info cleanly

HashSet To avoid duplicate products

HashMap To link products with their quantities

equals/hashCode To treat products with same ID as same

Comparator To sort products by ID or name