## Assignment 1:

Ensure the script checks if a specific file (e.g., myfile.txt) exists in the current directory. If it exists, print "File exists", otherwise print "File not found".

```
#!/bin/bash
filename="myfile.txt"
if [ -e "$filename" ]; then
    echo "File exists"
else
    echo "File not found"
fi
```

Save this script in a file,

for example, `check\_file.sh`, and make it executable using the command

chmod +x check\_file.sh.

You can run this script in the terminal by navigating to the directory containing the script and then executing it:

./check\_file.sh

If 'myfile.txt' exists in the same directory as the script, it will print "File exists"; otherwise, it will print "File not found".

```
rps@rps: ~/Desktop/BashScript
  GNU nano 4.8
                                     assignment1.sh
#!/bin/bash
filename="file1.txt"
if [ -e "$filename"]; then
        echo "File exist"
        echo "File not Found"
fi
                                [ Wrote 9 lines ]
                                                      ^J Justify
  Get Help
                           ^W Where Is
                                                                       Cur Pos
                Read File
                                            Paste Text^T
                           ^\ Replace
                                                         To Spell
  Exit
```

```
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ ./assignment1.sh
File not Found
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ 1s
Arthimetic.sh assignment3.sh hello_world.sh
assignment1.sh demo1.sh ifdemo1.sh userinput.sh
assignment1.sh.save function.sh nano.save
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ ./assignment1.sh
File exist
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$

| Wrote 9 lines |
Where Is Ar Cut Text AJ Justify TC Cur Pos
Replace AU Paste Text AT To Spell A Go To Line
```

## Assignment 2:

Write a script that reads numbers from the user until they enter '0'. The script should also print whether each number is odd or even.

```
#!/bin/bash
while true; do

read -p "Enter a number (0 to exit): " num

if [ "$num" -eq 0 ]; then

break

elif [ "$(($num % 2))" -eq 0 ]; then

echo "$num is even."

else

echo "$num is odd."

fi

done
```

```
rps@rps: ~/Desktop/BashScript
                                                                       Q
  GNU nano
                                         assignment2.sh
 1/bin/bash
while true; do
         read -p "Enter number ( 0 to exits ): " num
if [ "$num" -eq 0 ]; then
                 break;
         elif [ "$(($num % 2))" -eq 0 ]; then
echo "$num is even."
                  echo "$num is odd."
done
                                    [ Wrote 12 lines ]
G Get Help
               ^O Write Out ^W Where Is
                                                             Justify
                                             ^K Cut Text
                                                                            °C Cur Pos
                                                 Paste Text^T
                                 Replace
                                                                To Spell
```

```
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ chmod 777 assignment2.sh
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ ./assignment2.sh
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 2
2 is even.
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 3
3 is odd.
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 2
2 is even.
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 9
9 is odd.
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 7
7 is odd.
Enter number ( 0 to exits ): 0
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$
```

# Assignment 3:

Create a function that takes a filename as an argument and prints the number of lines in the file. Call this function from your script with different filenames.

```
#!/bin/bash
count_lines() {
    filename="$1"
    if [ -f "$filename" ]; then
        lines=$(wc -l < "$filename")
        echo "Number of lines in $filename: $lines"
    else
        echo "File $filename not found."
    fi
}
# Call the function with different filenames
count_lines "file1.txt"
count_lines "file2.txt"</pre>
```

```
rps@rps: ~/Desktop/BashScript
                                                                                                      assignment3.sh
   GNU nano 4.8
# Define a function to count lines in a file
     num_lines=$(wc -1 < "$file")</pre>
     echo "Number of lines in $file: $num_lines"
     echo "Data in $file:"
while read -r line; do
    echo "$line"
done < "$file"</pre>
count_lines "userinput.sh"
count_lines "ifdemo1.sh"
count_lines "variable.sh"
                                          [ Read 19 lines ]
                  ^O Write Out ^W Where Is
                                                                       ^J Justify
                                                                                          Cur Pos
Go To Line
   Get Help
                                                      ^K Cut Text
                     Read File ^\ Replace
                                                         Paste Text^T
                                                                           To Spell
```

```
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$ ./assignment3.sh
Number of lines in userinput.sh: 10
Number of lines in ifdemol.sh: 15
Number of lines in variable.sh: 11
rps@rps:~/Desktop/BashScript$
```

### Assignment 4:

Write a script that creates a directory named TestDir and inside it, creates ten files named File1.txt, File2.txt, ... File10.txt. Each file should contain its filename as its content (e.g., File1.txt contains "File1.txt").

```
#!/bin/bash
# Create the directory TestDir if it doesn't exist
dir_name="TestDir"
if [!-d "$dir_name"]; then
    mkdir "$dir_name"
fi
# Create ten files inside TestDir
for (( i=1; i<=10; i++ )); do
    file_name="File${i}.txt"
    echo "$file_name" > "${dir_name}/${file_name}"
done
```

Save the above script to a file, let's say `create\_files.sh`, then make it executable using `chmod +x create\_files.sh`, and finally run it using `./create\_files.sh`.

This script first checks if the directory `TestDir` exists, and if not, it creates it using `mkdir`. Then, it uses a loop to create ten files (`File1.txt` to `File10.txt`) inside `TestDir`, each with its filename as content using `echo`.

```
May 12 07:48
                                rps@rps: ~/Desktop/Assignment4
                                                                 Q = - 0
 GNU nano 4.8
                                assignment4.sh
#!/bin/bash
#Create a the directory TestDir if it doesn't exist
dir_name="TestDir"
if [ ! -d "$dir_name" ]; then mkdir "$dir_name"
#Create ten files inside TestDir
[ Read 15 lines ^W Where Is
G Get Help
                                              K Cut Text
                                                             ^J Justify
               ^O Write Out
X Exit
                  Read File
                                 Replace
                                             ^U Paste Text
                                                             ACTate Voince pe 11
                                                                          iii
```

## Assignment 5:

Modify the script to handle errors, such as the directory already existing or lacking permissions to create files.

Add a debugging mode that prints additional information when enabled.

```
#!/bin/bash
# Debug mode flag
debug=false
# Function to print debug messages
debug_msg() {
 if [ "$debug" = true ]; then
 echo "DEBUG: $1"
# Create the directory TestDir if it doesn't exist
dir_name="TestDir"
echo "Error: Directory '$dir_name' already exists."
 exit 1
if! mkdir "$dir_name"; then
 echo "Error: Unable to create directory '$dir_name'. Check permissions."
 exit 1
```

debug msg "Created directory '\$dir name'."

```
# Create ten files inside TestDir
for (( i=1; i<=10; i++ )); do
file_name="File${i}.txt"
```

if!echo "\$file\_name" > "\${dir\_name}/\${file\_name}"; then

echo "Error: Unable to create file '\$file\_name' inside '\$dir\_name'. Check permissions."

exit 1

fi

debug\_msg "Created file '\$file\_name' inside '\$dir\_name'."

done

echo "Files created successfully in '\$dir\_name'."

This script checks for errors such as the directory already existing or lacking permissions to create files. It also includes a debugging mode that prints additional information when enabled.

```
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```

```
CRU nano 4.8

assignment5.sh

fi

assignment5.sh

fi

assignment5.sh

fi

Create the directory TestDir if it doesn't exist

dir_name="TestDir"

if [-d "$dir_name"]; then

whore echo "Firor: Directory '$dir_name' already exists."

fi

if [! mkdir "$dir_name"]; then

Automore echo "Error: Unable to create a directory '$dir_name'. Check Permissions."

exit 1

fi

Create ten files inside TestDir

for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do

file_name="File${3}.txt"

if [! echo "$file_name" > "${dir_name}/${file_name}"; then

echo "$rror: Unable to create file '$file_name' inside '$dir_name'. Check Permissions."

exit 1

fi

debug_msg "Created file '$file_name' inside '$dir_name'."

Activate Windows

Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Exit Read File Replace U Paste Text To Spell Cur Pos
```

## Assignment 6:

Given a sample log file, write a script using grep to extract all lines containing "ERROR". Use awk to print the date, time, and error message of each extracted line.

### #!/bin/bash

# Define the log file path

log\_file="sample.log"

# Use grep to extract lines containing "ERROR" and then use awk to print date, time, and error message

grep "ERROR" "\$log\_file" | awk '{print \$1, \$2, \$NF}'

Save the above script to a file, let's say `extract\_errors.sh`, then make it executable using `chmod +x extract\_errors.sh`, and finally run it using `./extract\_errors.sh`.

In this script:

- `grep "ERROR" "\$log\_file"` filters the log file and extracts only the lines that contain the string "ERROR".
- `awk '{print \$1, \$2, \$NF}'` takes each line outputted by `grep` and uses `awk` to print the first field (date), second field (time), and the last field (error message) of each line.

```
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$ nano extract_error.sh
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$ ./extract_error.sh
2024-5-12 8:00:00wrong
2024-5-12 8:50:00occured
2024+5-12 8:50:00detected
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$

wiprotranning Trash

Assignment4
```

## Assignment 7:

Create a script that takes a text file and replaces all occurrences of "old\_text" with "new\_text". Use sed to perform this operation and output the result to a new file.

```
#!/bin/bash

# Check if the correct number of arguments are provided

if [ "$#" -ne 3 ]; then

echo "Usage: $0 input_file old_text new_text"

exit 1

fil

input_file=$1

old_text=$2

new_text=$3

output_file="${input_file}_modified.txt"

# Use sed to perform the replacement and write the output to a new file

sed "s/$old_text/$new_text/g" "$input_file" > "$output_file"

echo "Replacement complete. Modified text saved in $output_file"
```

Save this script in a file, let's say `replace\_text.sh`, and then you can run it with three arguments: the input file, the old text you want to replace, and the new text you want to replace it with. For example:

./replace\_text.sh input.txt old\_text new\_text

Replace `input.txt` with the actual name of your input file and `old\_text` and `new\_text` with the text you want to replace and the text you want to replace it with.

```
assignment7.sh
#1/bin/bash

fi [ "$#" -ne 3"]; then

contingedno "Usage: $0 input_file old_text new_text"

exit 1

fi

input_file=$1
input_file=$1
cold_text=$2
new_text=$5
output_file="${input_file}_modified.txt"

sed_"s/$old_text/$new_text/g" "$input_file" > "$output_file"

echo "Replacement Complete. Modified text saved in $output_file"

echo "Replacement Complete. Modified text saved in $output_file"

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Replace To Spell To Spell
```

```
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$ ./assignment7.sh input.txt Bihar Vaishali
Replacement Complete. Modified text saved in input.txt_modified.txt
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$ ls
assignment4.sh assignment7.sh input.txt sample.log
assignment5.sh rextract_error.sh input.txt_modified.txt TestDir
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$ cat input.txt_modified.txt
I am Abhishek Kumar.
I am From Vaishali.
rps@rps:~/Desktop/Assignment4$

Assignment4

Assignment4
```