## Assignment 1:

Analyze a given business scenario and create an ER diagram that includes entities, relationships, attributes, and cardinality. Ensure that the diagram

### **Business Scenario:**

A library has multiple branches, each of which contains many books. Each book is uniquely identified by its ISBN number, and each branch keeps track of the copies of books it holds. Members can borrow books from any branch, and each member can borrow multiple books. The library system needs to track information about books, branches, members, and borrowings.

#### **Entities:**

- 1. Book
- 2. Branch
- 3. Member
- 4. Borrowing

## **Relationships:**

- 1. Book is available at Branch (Many-to-Many)
- 2. Member borrows Book (Many-to-Many)
- 3. Branch has copies of Book (One-to-Many)
- 4. Borrowing involves Member and Book (Many-to-Many)

### **Attributes:**

### 1. Book:

- ISBN (Primary Key)
- Title
- Author
- Genre
- Publisher
- Publication Year

### 2. Branch:

- BranchID (Primary Key)
- BranchName
- Location
- Contact Number

### 3. Member:

- MemberID (Primary Key)
- Name
- Email
- Phone
- Address

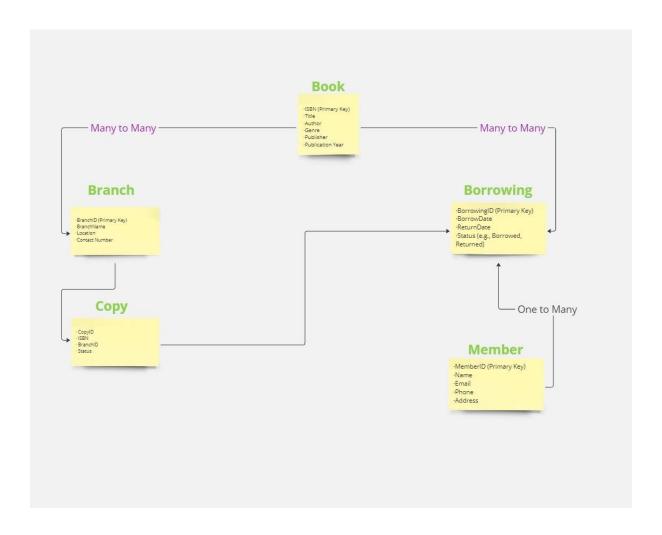
### 4. Borrowing:

- BorrowingID (Primary Key)
- BorrowDate
- ReturnDate
- Status (e.g., Borrowed, Returned)

## **Cardinality:**

- One Book can be available at Many Branches.
- One Branch can have Many Books.
- One Member can borrow Many Books.
- One Book can be borrowed by Many Members.
- One Borrowing involves One Member and One Book.

## **ER Diagram (Third Normal Form):**



This ER diagram captures the entities (Book, Branch, Member, Borrowing) and their attributes, along with the relationships between them. The normalization up to the third normal form ensures that data redundancy is minimized and data integrity is maintained within the system.reflects proper

# Assignment 2:

Design a database schema for a library system, including tables, fields, and constraints like NOT NULL, UNIQUE, and CHECK. Include primary and foreign keys to establish relationships between tables.

- 1. **Books:** This table will store information about books in the library.
  - **Fields:** book\_id (Primary Key), title, author, publication\_year, genre, ISBN (Unique), available\_copies.

```
Limit to 1000 rows
                                               - | 🏂 | 🦪 Q 👖 🗊
6
7 .
      Create table Books
    0 (
8
9
       book_id int primary key,
       title varchar(255) not null,
10
       author varchar(255) not null,
11
12
       publication year int,
13
       genre varchar(50),
                                                          Ι
       ISBN varchar(13),
14
       available_copies int check(available_copies >=0)
15
       );
16
```

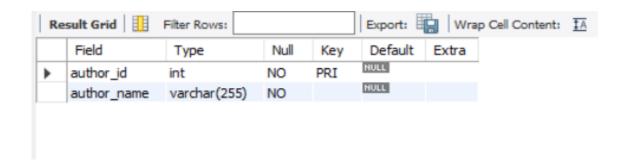
R	esult Grid   📗 🛭 Fil	ter Rows:			Export:	Wrap C	ell Content
	Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra	
•	book_id	int	NO	PRI	NULL		
	title	varchar(255)	NO		HULL		
	author	varchar(255)	NO		NULL		
	publication_year	int	YES		NULL		
	genre	varchar(50)	YES		NULL		
	ISBN	varchar(13)	YES		NULL		
	available_copies	int	YES		NULL		

- 2. Authors: This table will store information about authors.
  - Fields: author\_id (Primary Key), author\_name

```
create Table for Author

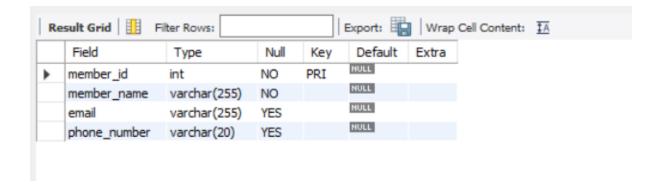
*/
Create Table Author

(
author_id int primary key,
author_name varchar(255) not null
);
```



- 3. **Members:** This table will store information about library members.
  - Fields: member\_id (Primary Key), member\_name, email, phone\_number.

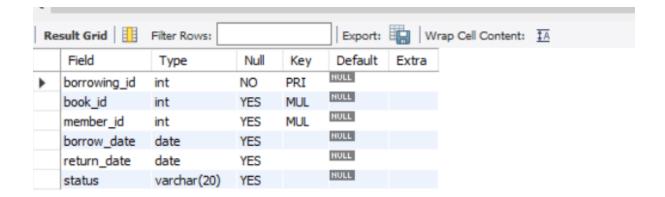
```
notes
         sqlconstraint*
                      SQL File 4*
                                 Operators*
                                       Limit to 1000 rows
33
 34
     ⊝ /**
       Creating a memeber table
 35
 36
        create table Members
    ⊖ (
 38
        member_id int primary key,
 39
        member_name varchar(255) not null,
40
        email varchar(255),
41
        phone_number varchar(20)
42
 43
        );
        desc Members;
 44 •
```



- 4. **Borrowings:** This table will track the borrowing history of books by members.
  - **Fields**: borrowing\_id (Primary Key), book\_id (Foreign Key referencing Books), member\_id (Foreign Key referencing Members), borrow\_date, return\_date, status (e.g., 'borrowed', 'returned').

```
*/
create table Borrowings

(
borrowing_id int primary key,
book_id int,
member_id int,
borrow_date date,
return_date date,
status varchar(20) check (status in ( 'borrowed', 'returned')),
foreign key (book_id) references Books(book_id),
foreign key (member_id) references Members(member_id)
);
```



#### In this schema:

- The `Books` table has a primary key `book\_id` and a unique constraint on `ISBN` to ensure each book has a unique identifier.
- The `Authors` table has a primary key `author\_id` to uniquely identify authors.
- The `Members` table has a primary key `member\_id` to uniquely identify members.
- The `Borrowings` table has a primary key `borrowing\_id` and foreign keys `book\_id` and `member\_id` to establish relationships with the `Books` and `Members` tables, respectively. The `status` field ensures that only valid statuses ('borrowed' or 'returned') can be inserted.

# Assignment 4:

Write SQL statements to CREATE a new database and tables that reflect the library schema you designed earlier. Use ALTER statements to modify the table structures and DROP statements to remove a redundant table.

```
SCHEMAS
                       Q Filter objects
▼ 🗟 librarydb
                               Creating a new database LibraryDB
  ▼ Tables
    books
    borrowings
    member
                          4 • create database LibraryDB;
                         5
 Views
Stored Procedures
Functions
sakila
                         6
                              Switch to the LibraryDB database
                         8
                         9 • Use LibraryDB;
                         10
                         11 ⊖ /*
                         12
                              create table Books
                         13
                         14 • ⊖ create table Books (
                        15
                               book_id int primary key,
Administration Schemas
                        16
                              title varchar(255) not null,
                        17
                              author varchar(255) not null,
 No object selected
                        18
                              publication_year int,
                                                                                                             Ι
                        19
                               genre varchar(50),
                         20
                              Isbn varchar(255) unique,
                               available_copies int check (available_copies >=0)
                         21
                         22
```

```
Navigator:
SCHEMAS
                                   Q Filter objects
                         23
▼ 🗐 librarydb
                         24
                         25
                               Create a author table
     books
    borrowings
member
                         26
                         27 • create table Authors
    Views
    Stored Procedures
                         28 ⊖ (
                         29
                              author_id int primary key,
sakila
   sys
                         30
                               author_name varchar(255) not null
  traning
  world
                         31
                         32
                         33
                         35
                               Create member table
                         36
                                                              Ι
                         37 • ⊖ create table Member (
                               member_id int primary key,
                         38
Information .....
                               member_name varchar(255) not null,
  No object selected
                         40
                               email varchar(255),
                         41
                               phone_number varchar(20)
                         42
                               );
                         43
                         44
```

```
SCHEMAS
                    43
                         Q Filter objects
                         44
▼ 🗐 librarydb
                         45
  ▼ 🖶 Tables
    books
borrowings
member
                         46
                                Create Borrowing table
                         47
                         48 • ⊖ create table Borrowings (
   Views
   Tored Procedures
                         49
                                borrowing_id int primary key,
   Functions
                         50
                               book id int,
 sakila
 SVS
                         51
                               member_id int,
  traning
  world
                         52
                               borrow_date date,
                         53
                               return_date date,
                         54
                               status varchar(20) check (status in ( 'borrowed', 'returned')),
                               foreign key (book_id) references Books(book_id),
                               foreign key (member_id) references Member(member_id)
                         57
                         58
Administration Schemas
                         59
Information ::
                               Alter book table to add new column 'language'
                         60
 No object selected
                               alter table books add column langauge varchar(50);
                         64 •
                               Drop table authors:
                         65
```

### In this SQL script:

We first create a new database called `LibraryDB` using `CREATE
 DATABASE` and then switch to it using `USE LibraryDB`.

- We create the 'Books', 'Authors', 'Members', and 'Borrowings' tables based on the schema designed earlier.
- We use the `ALTER TABLE` statement to add a new column `language` to the `Books` table.
- Finally, we drop the redundant `Authors` table using `DROP TABLE Authors;`. Note that this assumes the `Authors` table is redundant for this specific library system scenario.