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NCERT 11.15. Q10

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Question: A radio can tune in to any station in the 7.5 MHz to 12 MHz band. What is the corresponding wavelength band?

Solution: The wavelength (λ) of a radio wave is inversely proportional to its frequency (f).

| Parameter | Description | Value |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|
| $f_{ m max}$ | Maximum Frequency | 12 MHz |
| $f_{ m min}$ | Minimum Frequency | 7.5 MHz |
| TABLE 1 | | |

GIVEN PARAMETERS LIST

For 7.5 MHz:

$$\lambda_{max} = \frac{c}{f_{min}} \tag{1}$$

$$=\frac{(3\times10^8)}{(7.5\times10^6)}\tag{2}$$

$$=40 \text{ meters}$$
 (3)

For 12 MHz:

$$\lambda_{min} = \frac{c}{f_{max}}$$

$$= \frac{(3 \times 10^8)}{(12 \times 10^6)}$$
(5)

$$=\frac{(3\times10^8)}{(12\times10^6)}\tag{5}$$

$$=25 \text{ meters}$$
 (6)

Therefore, the corresponding wavelength band is from 25 meters to 40 meters.