reading the dataset and appling the ML algo dataset from uci website thre will a ML repository dataset:sms spam collection dataset just download it • the dataset ia actually tab seperated so we should have to use \t for seperating them # jump into the code In [9]: import pandas as pd messages = pd.read_csv('~/Desktop/smsspamcollection/SMSSpamCollection', sep='\t', names=["label", "message"]) In [10]: messages Out[10]: label message Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ... ham ham Ok lar... Joking wif u oni... Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina... U dun say so early hor... U c already then say... Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro... ham 5567 spam This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u... 5568 ham Will ü b going to esplanade fr home? 5569 ham Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s... The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd... 5570 ham 5571 Rofl. Its true to its name ham 5572 rows × 2 columns In [11]: messages.head() Out[11]: label message ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ... 1 ham Ok lar... Joking wif u oni... Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina... 2 spam U dun say so early hor... U c already then say... ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro... In [12]: messages.describe() Out[12]: label message count 5572 2 5169 unique ham Sorry, I'll call later top freq 4825 30 In [16]: messages.tail() Out[16]: label message **5567** spam This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u... **5568** ham Will ü b going to esplanade fr home? Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s... 5569 ham The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd... 5570 ham **5571** ham Rofl. Its true to its name data cleaning and pre processing In [18]: import re import nltk In [19]: **from nltk.corpus import** stopwords from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer ps = PorterStemmer() corpus = [] for i in range(0, len(messages)): review = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ', messages['message'][i]) review = review.lower() review = review.split() review = [ps.stem(word) for word in review if not word in stopwords.words('english')] review = ' '.join(review) corpus.append(review) In [20]: # Creating the Bag of Words model from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer cv = CountVectorizer(max_features=2500) X = cv.fit_transform(corpus).toarray() y=pd.get_dummies(messages['label']) y=y.iloc[:,1].values In [21]: # Train Test Split from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20, random_state = 0 training the model based on Naive bayes classifier In [23]: **from sklearn.naive_bayes import** MultinomialNB spam_detect_model=MultinomialNB().fit(X_train,y_train) In [25]: y_pred=spam_detect_model.predict(X_test) In [26]: y_pred Out[26]: array([0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 1, 0], dtype=uint8) to find the accuracy of the model we use confusion matrix In [29]: | from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix confusion_m=confusion_matrix(y_pred,y_test) In [35]: | from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score accuracy=accuracy_score(y_pred,y_test) y_test Out[35]: array([0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 1, 0], dtype=uint8) In [34]: y_pred Out[34]: array([0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 1, 0], dtype=uint8) In [31]: y_pred Out[31]: array([0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 1, 0], dtype=uint8) In [32]: y_test Out[32]: array([0, 1, 0, ..., 0, 1, 0], dtype=uint8)

In []: