## EE24BTECH11024 - Abhimanyu Koushik

## **Ouestion:**

Find the direction and normal vectors of the given line x + y = 0

| Variable | Description                                |
|----------|--|
| m        | Direction vector                           |
| n        | Normal vector                              |
| h        | Intercept vector                           |
| X        | Vector which represents points on the line |

TABLE I: Variables Used

**Solution:** Let  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ 

The normal can be vector found out as

$$x + y = 0 \tag{1}$$

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$$(1) \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

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The direction vector can be found out as

$$x = x \tag{4}$$

$$y = -x \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = x \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$\mathbf{x} = k \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

Direction vector:  $\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ Normal vector:  $\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ 

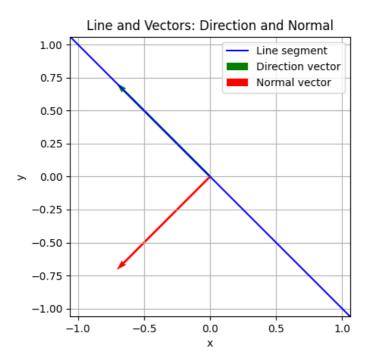


Fig. 1: Plot of the line, Direction Vector and Normal Vector