

NCERT-8.1.ex3

EE24BTECH11042 - SRUJANA

QUESTION:

Find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x^2$ and the line $y=4$

Theoretical Solution:

Intersection points are

$$4 = x^2 \implies x = \pm 2 \quad (0.1)$$

Area

$$\int_{-2}^2 f(x) dx \quad (0.2)$$

$$f(x) = 4 - x^2 \quad (0.3)$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 (4 - x^2) dx \quad (0.4)$$

$$\left[4x - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_{-2}^2 = \left(8 - \frac{8}{3} \right) - \left(-8 + \frac{8}{3} \right) \quad (0.5)$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{32}{3} = 10.666 \quad (0.6)$$

Trapezoidal method

The trapezoidal rule approximates the integral using the formula:

$$A \approx \frac{h}{2} \left[f(x_0) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} f(x_i) + f(x_n) \right] \quad (0.7)$$

where:

- 1) $h = \frac{b-a}{n}$ is the width of each subinterval.
- 2) $f(x) = 4 - x^2$.
- 3) $a = -2, b = 2$.
- 4) n is the number of subintervals.

Taking trapezoid shaped strips of small area and adding them all up.. Say we have to find the area of $y(x)$ from $x = x_0$ to $x = x_n$, discretize points on the x axis $x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n$ such that they are equally spaced with step-size h . Sum of all trapezoidal areas is given by,

$$A = \frac{1}{2}h [y(x_1) + y(x_0)] + \frac{1}{2}h [y(x_2) + y(x_1)] + \frac{1}{2}h [y(x_3) + y(x_2)] + \dots + \frac{1}{2}h [y(x_n) + y(x_{n-1})] \quad (4.1)$$

$$= h \left[\frac{1}{2} (y(x_0) + y(x_n)) + y(x_1) + y(x_2) + \dots + y(x_{n-1}) \right] \quad (4.2)$$

Let $A(x_n)$ be the area enclosed by the curve $y(x)$ from $x = x_0$ to $x = x_n$:

$$A(x_n + h) = A(x_n) + \frac{1}{2}h [y(x_n + h) + y(x_n)] \quad (4.3)$$

We can repeat this till we get the required area:

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + \frac{1}{2}h [y_{n+1} + y_n] \quad (4.4)$$

We can write y_{n+1} in terms of y_n as:

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + h \cdot y'_n \quad (4.5)$$

Substituting this into the equation, we get:

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + \frac{1}{2}h [(y_n + h \cdot y'_n) + y_n] \quad (4.6)$$

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + h y_n + \frac{1}{2}h^2 y'_n \quad (4.7)$$

$$A_{n+1} = A_n + h(4 - x_n^2) + \frac{1}{2}h^2(-2x_n) \quad (4.8)$$

$$x_{n+1} = x_n + h \quad (4.9)$$

By assuming some value for n area is obtained

