

Title: Task-02 — Pixel Manipulation for Image Encryption (Python)

Objective: Build a simple image encryption/decryption tool using pixel operations.

Methods Used: invert ($255 - v$), swap ($R \leftrightarrow B$), xor ($v \wedge \text{key}$).

Tools: Python 3, Pillow.

Algorithm: Load image → loop through pixels → apply chosen operation → save.

Screenshots:

The screenshot shows a code editor window with the title bar "Welcome" and "image_encrypt_decrypt.py X". The code is written in Python and performs pixel manipulation for image encryption. It includes functions for converting images to RGB, encrypting/decrypting pixels using invert, swap, or xor methods, and a main function to handle user input for mode and file paths.

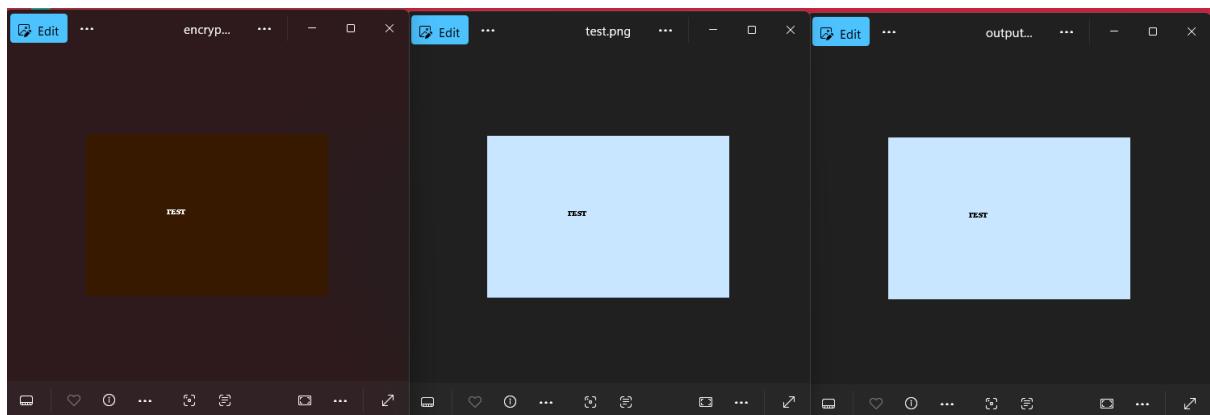
```
1 # Task-02: Pixel Manipulation for Image Encryption
2 # Methods: invert (255-v), swap (R<->B), xor (v ^ key)
3 from PIL import Image
4
5 def to_rgb(img):
6     """Convert to RGB to ensure 3 channels; keeps size same."""
7     if img.mode not in ("RGB", "RGBA"):
8         return img.convert("RGB")
9     if img.mode == "RGBA":
10        return img.convert("RGB") # drop alpha for simplicity
11
12
13 def encrypt_decrypt(image_path, output_path, method="invert", key=23):
14     img = Image.open(image_path)
15     img = to_rgb(img)
16     pixels = img.load()
17     w, h = img.size
18
19     for x in range(w):
20         for y in range(h):
21             r, g, b = pixels[x, y]
22
23             if method == "invert":
24                 r, g, b = 255 - r, 255 - g, 255 - b
25
26             elif method == "swap":
27                 # swap R and B channels (reversible when applied twice)
28                 r, g, b = b, g, r
29
30             elif method == "xor":
31                 # XOR with a key (0-255). Apply again with same key to restore.
32                 r, g, b = r ^ key, g ^ key, b ^ key
33
34             else:
35                 raise ValueError("Unknown method. Use: invert | swap | xor")
36
37             pixels[x, y] = (r, g, b)
38
39     img.save(output_path)
40     print(f"Saved: {output_path}")
41
42 def main():
43     print("== Image Encrypt/Decrypt (Task-02) ==")
44     choice = input("Choose mode: (E)ncrypt or (D)ecrypt: ").strip().lower()
45     method = input("Method (invert | swap | xor): ").strip().lower()
46     in_path = input("Input image filename (e.g., test.png): ").strip()
47     out_path = input("Output image filename (e.g., encrypted.png): ").strip()
48     key = 23
49     if method == "xor":
50         try:
51             key = int(input("XOR key (0-255), use same for decrypt: ").strip())
52         except:
53             print("Invalid key, using default 23.")
54             key = 23
55
56     # For these reversible methods, encrypt & decrypt are same function
57     encrypt_decrypt(in_path, out_path, method=method, key=key)
58
59 if __name__ == "__main__":
60     main()
61
```

```
C:\Windows\System32> + ⏴
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.26200.6899]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Abhinandan\Desktop\Prodigy_Task02>python image_encrypt_decrypt.py
== Image Encrypt/Decrypt (Task-02) ==
Choose mode: (E)ncrypt or (D)ecrypt: E
Method (invert | swap | xor): invert
Input image filename (e.g., test.png): test.png
Output image filename (e.g., encrypted.png): encrypted.png
Saved: encrypted.png

C:\Users\Abhinandan\Desktop\Prodigy_Task02>python image_encrypt_decrypt.py
== Image Encrypt/Decrypt (Task-02) ==
Choose mode: (E)ncrypt or (D)ecrypt: D
Method (invert | swap | xor): invert
Input image filename (e.g., test.png): encrypted.png
Output image filename (e.g., encrypted.png): output.png
Saved: output.png

C:\Users\Abhinandan\Desktop\Prodigy_Task02>
```



Conclusion: Images encrypted and restored successfully using reversible pixel manipulation.