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## Assignment - r

Parameter Estimation 2

$$1) f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$\ln(L(x_1, x_2, x_3, \dots, x_n)) = \ln(f(x_1) \cdot f(x_2) \cdot f(x_3) \dots) \\ = \ln\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x_1-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x_2-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}\right) + \dots$$

Taking ln both sides.

$$\ln(L) = \frac{-n}{2} \ln(2\pi\sigma^2) + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(x_i - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2} - C$$

Differentiation with respect to  $\mu$ 

$$\frac{\partial \ln(L)}{\partial \mu} = 0 \Rightarrow + \sum_{i=1}^n (2(x_i - \mu))^2 \\ = \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2 = 0 \\ n x_i - n \mu = 0$$

$$x_i = \mu$$

$\bar{x}_i = \mu$  is the sample mean.

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Taking derivative w.r.t.  $\sigma^2$  of  $g_0$

$$\frac{\partial \ln(L)}{\partial \sigma^2} = -\frac{n}{2\sigma^2} + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(x_i - \mu_i)^2}{2(\sigma^2)}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu_i)^2$$

here  $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu_i)^2$

2) Binomial  $\sum_{i=1}^n x_i \alpha^{x_i} (1-\alpha)^{n-x_i}$

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^n x_i \alpha^{x_i} (1-\alpha)^{n-x_i}$$

by both side

$$\log L = \sum_{i=1}^n \log(x_i) + \log \alpha^{x_i} + \log(1-\alpha)^{n-x_i}$$

Differentiation with respect to  $\alpha$ .

$$\frac{d \log(L)}{d \alpha} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = \frac{n}{1-\alpha} + \frac{n}{1-\alpha}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sigma(1-\sigma)} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i - \bar{y}}{1-\sigma}$$

$$\frac{\sum x_i}{n} = \bar{y}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{y})^2}{n}}$$