Questions from Latest Examination Papers

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

- 1. Determine the differential equation whose set of independent solution is $\{e^x, xe^x, x^2e^x\}$,
- 2. Solve: $(D+1)^3 y = 2e^{-x}$ (AKTU 2021, 2017)
- 3. Solve $(D^2 2D + 4)y = e^x \cos x + \sin x \cos 3x$ (AKTU 2017)
- 4. Solve the simultaneous differential equations:
 - $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} 4\frac{dx}{dt} + 4x = y \text{ and } \frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 4\frac{dy}{dt} + 4y = 25x + 16e'.$ (AKTU 2017)
- 5. Use variation of parameter method to solve the differential equation $x^2y'' + xy' y = x^2e^x$.
- 6. State the criterion for linearly independent solutions of the homogeneous linear nth order (AKTU 2021)
- 7. Solve: $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + \frac{dy}{dt} + 3x = e^{-t}$, $\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} 4\frac{dx}{dt} + 3y = \sin 2t$. (AKTU 2021)
- 8. Use the variation of parameter method to solve the differential equation

$$(D^2 - 1)y = 2(1 - e^{-2x})^{-1/2}$$
(AKTU 2020)

- 9. Solve: $(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\cos\log(1+x)$. (AKTU 2021)
- 10. Solve: $x \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + (4x^2 1) \frac{dy}{dx} + 4x^3 y = 2x^3$. (AKTU 2017)
- 11. Solve by change of independent variable method

$$(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\cos\log(1+x). \tag{AKTU 2021}$$

12. Solve the equations

$$t\frac{dy}{dt} + x = 0$$
 and $t\frac{dx}{dt} + y = 0$ given $x(0) = 1$ and $y(-1) = 0$. (AKTU 2019)

- 13. Calculate order and degree of the differential equation $\left[1+\left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}=k\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.
- 14. Find particular integral of $(D-2)^2y = 8e^{2x}$. (AKTU 2020)
- 15. Solve by changing independent variable the differential equation

$$(1+x)^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + (1+x)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 4\cos\log(1+x).$$
 (AKTU 2021)

16. Solve the following simultaneous differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3x + 2y, \frac{dy}{dt} = 5x + 3y \tag{AKTU 2020}$$

17. Solve the differential equations
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = \frac{e^{-x}}{x+2}.$$
 (AKTU 2021)

18. Find the particular integral of
$$(4D^2 + 4D - 3)y = e^{2x}$$
, where $D = \frac{d}{dx}$. (AKTU 2017)

19. Solve the differential equation:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$$
; given that $y(0) = 2$ and $y(\frac{\pi}{2}) = -2$. (AKTU 2017)

20. Solve the following simultaneous differential equations

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -wy, \ \frac{dy}{dt} = wx$$

Also show that the point (x, y) lies on a circle.

(AKTU 2017)

21. Apply the method of variation of parameters to solve the following differential equations: $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$ (AKTU 2017)

22. Solve:
$$(D-2)^2 y = 8(e^{2x} + \sin 2x + x^2)$$
 (AKTU 2017)

23. Find the P.I of
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = \sin 2x$$
. (AKTU 2018)

24. Solve simultaneous equations
$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3y$$
, $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3x$. (AKTU 2018)

25. Solve
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = \tan x$$
 by method of variation of parameter. (AKTU 2018)

LAPLACE TRANSFORM

26. Find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s+8}{s^2+4s+5}$.

27. If
$$L\{F(\sqrt{t})\} = \frac{e^{-t/s}}{s}$$
, find $L\{e^{-t}F(3\sqrt{t})\}$. (AKTU 2017)

28. Draw the graph and find the Laplace transform of the triangular wave function of period 2π given $F(t) = \begin{cases} t, & 0 < t \le \pi \\ 2\pi - t, & \pi < t < 2\pi \end{cases}$ (AKTU 2017)

29. State convolution theorem and hence find inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)}$.

30. Solve the following differential equation using Laplace transform $\frac{d^3y}{dt^3} - 3\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 3\frac{dy}{dt} - y = t^2e^t$ where y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0 and y''(0) = -2.

31. Find the Laplace transform of $F(t) = e't^{-\frac{1}{2}}$. (AKTU 2021)

- 32. Find the function whose Laplace transform is $\frac{e^{-ns}}{S^2 + 2}$.

 (AKTU 2021)
- 33. State Convolution Theorem and hence evaluate $L^{-1}\left[\frac{S}{(S^2+1)(S^2+4)}\right]$
- 34. Find the laplace transform of the rectified semi-wave function defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin wt, & 0 < t \le \frac{\pi}{w} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{w} < t \frac{2\pi}{w} \end{cases}$$
(AKTU 2020)

- 35. Using Laplace transform, evaluate the integral $\int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-2t} e^{-4t}}{t} dt$ 36. Find the Laplace transform of t^3e^{-3t} .
- 36. Find the Laplace transform of Pe^{-3t} .

 (AKTU 2017)
- 37. State change of scale property of Laplace transform.
- 38. Write the Laplace equation in two dimensions. (AKTU 2017)
- 39. Find the Laplace transform of the following periodic function with period $\frac{2\pi}{w}$

$$F(t) = \begin{cases} \sin wt, & 0 < t \le \frac{\pi}{w} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{w} < t < \frac{2\pi}{w} \end{cases}$$
(AKTU 2017)

40. Express the following function in term of unit step function and find its

Laplace transform:
$$F(t) = \begin{cases} 2 & \text{if } 0 < t < \pi \\ 0 & \text{if } \pi < t < 2\pi \\ \sin t & \text{if } t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$
 (AKTU 2017)

- 41. Evaluate by using convolution theorem: $L^{-1} \left\{ \frac{1}{p(p^2 a^2)} \right\}$ (AKTU 2017)
- 42. Solve Laplace equation in a rectangle in the 0 < x < m and 0 < y < n satisfying the following boundary conditions u(x, 0) = 0, u(x, n) = 0, u(0, y) = 0 and u(m, y) = ky(n y) (AKTU 2018)

SEQUENCE AND SERIES

- 43. Test the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \sin \frac{1}{n}$.
- 44. Test the series $\frac{x}{1.2} + \frac{x^2}{3.4} + \frac{x^3}{5.6} + \frac{x^4}{7.8} + \dots$ (AKTU 2021)
- 45. Discuss the convergence of sequence $(1, 2^1, 2^2, 2^3, 2^4, \dots, \dots)$.
- 46. Examine the series for convergence or divergence $1 + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{2!}{3^2}x^2 + \frac{3!}{4^3}x^3 + \dots$ (AKTU 2021)

- 47. Discuss the convergence of sequence $a_n = \frac{2n}{n^2 + 1}$. (AKTU 2018)
- 48. State D' Alembert's test. Test the series $1 + \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x^2}{5} + \frac{x^3}{10} + \dots + \frac{x^n}{n^2 + 1} + \dots$ (AKTU 2019)

FOURIER SERIES

- 49. Obtain half range cosine series for e^{t} the function $f(t) = \begin{cases} 2t, & 0 < t < 1 \\ 2(2-t), & 1 < t < 2 \end{cases}$ (AKTU 2017)
- 50. Obtain Fourier series for the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & -\pi < x \le 0 \\ -x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$ and hence show that

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}.$$
 (AKTU 2017)

- 51. Find the constant term when f(x) = 1 + |x| is expanded in Fourier series in the interval (-3, 3).

 (AKTU 2017)
- 52. If f(x) = 1, $0 < x < \pi$ is expanded in half range since series then find the value of b_n .
- 53. Obtain Fourier series for $f(x) = \begin{cases} \pi x, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ \pi(2-x), & 1 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$ (AKTU 2021)
- 54. Find half range Fourier sine series for $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < \pi/2 \\ \pi x, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$ (AKTU 2019)
- 55. Find the Fourier constant a_n for $f(x) = x \cos x$ in the invterval $(-\pi, \pi)$. (AKTU 2019)
- 56. Obtain Fourier series for $f(x) = \begin{bmatrix} \pi x, & 0 \le x \le 1 \\ \pi(2-x), & 1 \le x \le 2 \end{bmatrix}$ (AKTU 2021)
- 57. Obtain the Fourier series for the function $f(x) = x^2, -\pi \le x \le \pi$. Also show that

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{6}$$
(AKTU 2017)

58. Find the Fourier half range cosine series for the function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$
 (AKTU 2017)

- 59. Find the half range Fourier sine series for f(x) = x in $-\pi < x < \pi$. (AKTU 2018)
- 60. Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{l}\right) in l \le x \le l$. (AKTU 2018)
- 61. Find the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x \sin x$ in $-\pi < x < \pi$. (AKTU 2018)
- 62. Find the Fourier constant a_1 of $f(x) = x^2, -\pi \le x \le \pi$. (AKTU 2018)
- 63. Find half range since series of $f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x < 2 \\ 4 x, & 2 < x < 4 \end{cases}$ (AKTU 2017)
- 64. Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = x \sin x, -\pi \le x \le \pi$. (AKTU 2018)

COMPLEX VARIABLES

- 65. Show that $f(z) = z + 2\overline{z}$ is not analytic anywhere in the complex plane.
- 66. Find the image of |z-2i|=2 under the mapping $w=\frac{1}{z}$. (AKTU 2020)
- 67. Expand $f(z) = e^{z(z)}$ in a Laurent series about the point z = 2. (AKTU 2019)
- 68. Discuss the nature of singularity of $\frac{\cot \pi z}{(z-a)^2}$ at z = a and $z = \infty$. (AKTU 2020)
- 69. If f(z) = u + iv is an analytic function, f(z) in term of z if $u v = \frac{e^v \cos x + \sin x}{\cosh y \cos x}$ when

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \frac{3-i}{2}.\tag{AKTU 2020}$$

- 70. Evaluate by contour integration: $\int_0^{2\pi} e^{-\cos\theta} \cos(n\theta + \sin\theta) d\theta; n \in I.$ (AKTU 2019)
- 71. Prove that $w = \frac{z}{1-z}$ maps the upper half of the z-plane onto upper half of the w-plane. What is the image of the circle |z| = 1 under this tranformation? (AKTU 2021)
- 72. Find a bilinear transformation which maps the point i, -i, 1 of the z-plane into 0, 1, ∞ of the w-plane respectively. (AKTU 2019)
- 73. Evaluate $\oint_C \frac{e^z}{z(1-z)^3} dz$, where c is (i) $|z| = \frac{1}{2}$ (ii) $|z-1| = \frac{1}{2}$ (iii) |z| = 2 (AKTU 2021)
- 74. Find the Taylor's and Laurent's series which represent the function $\frac{z^2-1}{(z+2)(z+3)}$ when

(i)
$$|z| < 2$$
 (ii) $2 < |z| < 3$ (iii) $|z| > 3$. (AKTU 2021)

- 75. Define harmonic function. (AKTU 2021)
- 76. Find the points of invariant of the transformation $w = \frac{2z+3}{z+2}$.
- 77. Sate Cauchy integral theorem. (AKTU 2020)
- 78. Discuss the singularity of $\sin\left(\frac{1}{z-a}\right)$. (AKTU 2021)
- 79. Examine the nature of the function

$$f(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y^5 (x + iy)}{x^4 + y^{10}}, & z \neq 0 \\ 0, & z = 0 \end{cases}$$
 in the region including the origin. (AKTU 2021)

- 80. Evaluate, $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \oint_C \frac{z^2 z + 1}{z a} dz$, where $C = |z 1| = \frac{1}{2}$. (AKTU 2020)
- 81. Define an analytic function. If f(z) = u + iv is an analytic function find f(z) in term of z if $(AKTU\ 2017)$ $u v = e^{x}(\cos y \sin y)$.
- 82. Find the image of circle |z-1|=1 in the complex plane under the mapping $w=\frac{1}{z}$.

 (AKTU 2020)

- 83. Find Laurent series expansion of $\frac{1-\cos z}{z^3}$ about the point z=0 is. (AKTU 2021)
- 84. Find residue at each pole of the function and hence using Cauchy residue theorem evaluate integral $\frac{4+3z}{(z-2)(z-3)}dz$, where C: |z|=1. (AKTU 2020)
- 85. Show that the function defined by $f(z) = \sqrt{|xy|}$ is not regular at the origin, although the Cauchy-Riemann equations are satisfied there. (AKTU 2018)
- 86. Show that complex function $f(z) = z^3$ is analytic. (AKTU 2018)
- 87. Define Conformal mapping. (AKTU 2018)
- 88. Evaluate $\int_0^{1+i} (x^2 iy) dz$ along the path y = x. (AKTU 2018)
- 89. Find residue of $f(z) = \frac{\cos z}{z(z+5)}$ at z=0. (AKTU 2018)
- 90. Show that $u = x^4 6x^2y^2 + y^4$ is harmonic function. Find complex function f(z) whose u is a real part.

 (AKTU 2018)
- 91. Expand $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ in regions

 (i) 1 < |z| < 2 (ii) 2 < |z| (AKTU 2018)
- 92. Let $f(z) = \frac{x^2 y^5 (x + iy)}{x^4 + y^{10}}$ when $z \neq 0$, f(z) = 0 when z = 0. Prove that Cauchy Riemann satisfies at z = 0 but function is not differentiable at z = 0. (AKTU 2018)
- 93. Find Mobius transformation that maps point z = 0, -i, 2i into the points $w = 5i, \infty, -\frac{i}{3}$ respectively.

 (AKTU 2018)
- 94. Using Cauchy Integral formula evaluate $\int_{c} \frac{\sin z}{(z^2 + 25)^2} dz$ where c is circle |z| = 8.

 (AKTU 2018)
- 95. Apply residue theorem to evaluate $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2 dx}{(x^2 + 1)(x^2 + 4)}$. (AKTU 2018)