

$$1 \quad (1) \quad y''' - 3y'' + 3y' - y = 0$$

$$(2) \quad y = (c_1 + xc_2 + x^2c_3)e^{-x} + \frac{e^{-x}}{3}$$

$$(3) \quad y = e^x(c_1 \cos \sqrt{3}x + c_2 \sin \sqrt{3}x) + \frac{e^x \cos x}{2} - \frac{1}{8} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{104} (2 \cos 4x - 3 \sin 4x)$$

$$(4) \quad x = c_1 e^{3t} + c_2 e^{-3t} + c_3 \cos t + c_4 \sin t + 8e^t$$

$$y = c_1 e^{3t} + 25c_2 e^{-3t} + (3c_3 - 4c_4) \cos t + (4c_3 + 3c_4) \sin t + 8e^t$$

$$(5) \quad y = c_1 x + \frac{c_2}{x} + (1 - \frac{1}{x})e^x$$

(6) If y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n are n linearly independent solutions of n^{th} order diff. eqn. $a^n \frac{d^n y}{dx^n} + \dots + a_0 y = 0$ then wronskian $W = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 & \dots & y_n \\ y_1' & y_2' & \dots & y_n' \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ y_1^{n-1} & y_2^{n-1} & \dots & y_n^{n-1} \end{vmatrix} \neq 0.$

$$(7) \quad x = c_1 \cos t + c_2 \sin t + c_3 \cos 3t + c_4 \sin t + \frac{1}{5} e^{-t} + \frac{2}{15} \cos t$$

$y =$ Find corresponding value of y .

$$y = c_5 \cos t + c_6 \sin t + c_7 \sin 3t + c_8 \cos 3t - \frac{1}{5} e^{-t} + \frac{1}{15} \sin 2t$$

$$(8) \quad y = c_1 e^x + c_2 e^{-x} - e^{-x} \sin^{-1}(e^{-x}) - e^{-x} (e^{2x} - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$(9) \quad y = c_1 \cos(\log(1+x)) + c_2 (\sin \log(1+x)) + 2 \log(1+x) \sin \log(1+x)$$

(10) By changing the independent var. $y = (c_1 + c_2 x^2) e^{-x^2} + \frac{1}{2}$

12.) Cauchy's equation let $t = e^z$, $z = \log t$

$$\begin{aligned} x + Dy &= 0 - (1) \\ Dx + y &= 0 - (2) \end{aligned} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} x + Dy &= 0 - (1) \\ Dx + y &= 0 - (2) \end{aligned}} \right\} \text{solve by eliminating either } x \text{ \& } y. \text{ then}$$

find the soln. in terms of z .

Lastly replace z by $\log t$.

Ans:- $x = -C_1 t + \frac{C_2}{t}$, $y = C_1 t + \frac{C_2}{t}$

13. Order - 2, deg - 2

14. $y = (C_1 + x C_2) e^{2x} + 4 e^{2x}$

16. $x = e^{3t} \left[C_1 e^{(3+\pi i)t} + C_2 e^{(3-\pi i)t} \right]$

Find correspondingly value of y . sub. x in first eqn

17. $y = (C_1 + x C_2) e^{-x} + e^{-x} \left[(x+2) \log(x+2) - x \right]$

18. P.I. = $\frac{1}{2!} e^{2x}$

19. $y = 2(\cos x - \sin x)$

20. $x = C_1 \cos \omega t + C_2 \sin \omega t$, $y = C_1 \sin \omega t - C_2 \cos \omega t$

$$x^2 + y^2 = C_1^2 + C_2^2$$

which is circle with centre (0,0) & radius $\sqrt{C_1^2 + C_2^2}$

21. $y = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x - \cos x \log(\sec x + \tan x)$

22. $y = (C_1 + x C_2) e^{2x} + 4x^2 e^{2x} + \cos 2x + 2x^2 + 4x + 3$

23. P.I. = $-\cos 2x$

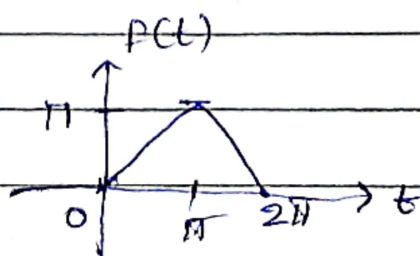
24. $x = C_1 e^{3t} - C_2 e^{-3t}$

$$y = C_1 e^{3t} + C_2 e^{-3t}$$

26. $e^{2t} (6 \cos t + 6 \sin t)$

27. $\frac{-3/s+1}{s+1}$

28. $\frac{1}{s^2} \frac{1-e^{-\pi s}}{1+e^{-\pi s}}$



$$29. \frac{a \sin at - b \sin bt}{a^2 - b^2}$$

$$30. y = e^t - t e^t - \frac{t^2}{2} e^t + \frac{t^5 e^t}{60}$$

$$31. \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{(s-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$32. \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\sqrt{2}t - \sqrt{2}\pi) u(t - \pi)$$

$$33. \frac{1}{3} (\cos t - \cos 2t)$$

$$34. \omega$$

$$(1 - e^{-\frac{\pi s}{\omega}})(s^2 + \omega^2)$$

$$35. \log 2$$

$$\text{If } L\{F(t)\} = f(s)$$

$$36. 3^b$$

$$37.$$

$$\text{then } L\{F(at)\} = \frac{1}{a} f\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$$

$$(s+3)^4$$

$$40. F(t) = 2[u(t) - u(t - \pi)] + \sin t [u(t - 2\pi)]$$

$$L\{F(t)\} = 2\left(\frac{1 - e^{-\pi s}}{s}\right) + \frac{e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$41. \frac{1}{2} (\cosh at - 1)$$

$$42. \text{Not in syllabus.}$$

$$43. \text{convergent}$$

$$44. \text{conv. if } x \leq 1 \text{ \& div. if } x > 1 \quad \left(\text{Ratio Test} \right)$$

$$45. \text{div.}$$

$$46. \text{conv. if } x < e \text{ \& div. if } x \geq e \quad \left(\text{By logarithmic test} \right)$$

$$47. \text{conv.}$$

$$48. \text{conv. if } x \leq 1 \text{ \& div. if } x > 1$$

$$49. F(t) = 1 + \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} (2 \cos n\pi t - 1 - \cos n\pi) \cos \frac{n\pi t}{2}$$

$$50. f(x) = -\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{4}{\pi} \left[\frac{\cos x}{1^2} + \frac{\cos 3x}{3^2} + \dots \right] \quad \text{and then put } x=0.$$

$$51. a_0 = 5, \quad \text{Sol.}$$

$$52. \frac{2}{n\pi} [1 - (-1)^n] = b_n$$

$$53. a_0 = \pi, \quad a_n = \frac{2}{n^2\pi} [(-1)^n - 1], \quad b_n = 0$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{4}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos \pi x}{1^2} + \frac{\cos 3\pi x}{3^2} + \dots \right)$$

$$54. f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{n^2\pi} \frac{\sin \frac{n\pi}{2}}{2} \sin nx$$

$$55. f(x) \text{ is odd fn.}, \therefore a_n = 0$$

$$57. a_0 = \frac{2\pi^2}{3}, \quad a_n = \frac{4}{n^2} (-1)^n, \quad b_n = 0$$

$$x^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3} - 4 \left(\frac{\cos x}{1^2} - \frac{\cos 2x}{2^2} + \frac{\cos 3x}{3^2} - \dots \right)$$

$$\text{Put } x = \pi.$$

$$58. a_0 = 1, \quad a_n = \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2} \cos nx$$

$$59. f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{n} (-1)^n \sin nx$$

$$60. \text{Odd fn.}, a_0 = 0, a_n = 0, \quad b_n = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2}\right) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{2n\pi (-1)^n}{n^2-1}, \quad n \neq 1, \quad b_1 = -\frac{2}{2\pi}.$$

$$61. \text{Even fn. } b_n = 0, \quad a_0 = 2, \quad a_n = \frac{-2}{n^2-1}, \quad a_1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1 - \cos x}{2} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{-2}{n^2-1} \cos nx$$

$$62. a_1 = -4$$

$$63. f(x) = \frac{16}{\pi^2} \left[-\frac{1}{3^2} \sin \frac{3\pi x}{4} + \frac{1}{5^2} \sin \frac{5\pi x}{4} - \frac{1}{7^2} \sin \frac{7\pi x}{4} + \dots \right]$$

$$63. b_n = \frac{16}{n^2\pi^2} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{16}{n^2\pi^2} \frac{\sin \frac{n\pi}{2}}{2} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{4}$$