

## Tutorial Sheet- Unit -2 (Electromagnetic Field Theory) - (2023-24)

Sub. Name: Engineering Physics Sub. Code: BAS -201
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- In a material for which  $\sigma = 5$  S/m,  $\in r = 1$ , the electric field intensity is  $E = 250 \sin(10^{10} t)$  V/m. Find the conduction and displacement current densities. Ans  $J_C = 1250 \sin(10^{10} t)$  A/m<sup>2</sup>,  $J_D = 22.125 \cos(10^{10} t)$ A/m<sup>2</sup>. (2018 even).
- 2. Determine the conduction current and displacement current densities in a material having conductivity  $10^3$  mhos/m and relative permittivity  $\in r = 2.45$ . The electric field in the material is given by, E=4 X  $10^6$  sin  $(9\times10^9 t)$  Volt/m. Ans  $J_C = 4 \times 10^9$  sin  $(9 \times 10^9 t)$  A/m<sup>2</sup>,  $J_D = 780.57 \times 10^3 \cos(9 \times 10^9 t)$ A/m<sup>2</sup>.
- In an electromagnetic wave, the electric and magnetic fields are 100V/m and 0.265 A/m. What is the maximum energy flow? (2022-even) .Ans:  $S = 26.5 \text{ W/m}^2$ .
- 4. For a medium, conductivity  $\sigma = 58 \times 10^6$  Siemen/m,  $\in$ r =1. Find out the conduction and displacement current densities if the magnitude of electric field intensity is given by E = 150 sin (10<sup>10</sup> t) Volt/m (2021 odd sem). Ans  $J_C = 8.7 \times 10^9 \sin (10^{10} t) A/m^2$ ,  $J_D = 13.28 \cos (10^{10} t) A/m^2$ .
- The earth receives 2.0 calorie/cm<sup>2</sup>-min energy from sun on its surface. Determine the amplitude of electric and magnetic field vector.

Ans:  $(1400 \text{ watt/m}^2; E_0 = 1026.80 \text{ V/m}; H_0 = 2.72 \text{ amp-turn/m})$ 

- The relative permeability, permittivity and conductivity of aluminum are  $\mu_r = 1$ ,  $\epsilon_r = 1$  and  $\sigma = 3.5 \times 10^7$  mho/m. Find the skin depth if the wave enter in aluminum with frequency of 71.56 MHz. Ans: (10 $\mu$ m)
- 7. For sea water  $\mu = \mu_0$ ,  $\varepsilon = 70\varepsilon_0$  and conductivity  $\sigma = 5$ S/m. Find the skin depth and attenuation constant of sea water. **Ans:** (0.0089 m; 112.36 Np/m).
- 8. The sunlight strikes the upper atmosphere of earth with energy flux 1.38 KW/m<sup>2</sup> What will be the peak values of electric and magnetic fields at the points? (2019 odd). Ans: ( $E_0$ = 1019.65 V/m;  $H_0$  = 2.706 amp-turn/m)
- 2. Calculate the magnitude of the Poynting Vector on the surface of the Sun. Given power radiated by Sun is  $5.4 \times 10^{28}$  watt and radius of sun is  $7 \times 10^{8}$  m. (2018 odd). Ans:  $S = 8.7 \times 10^{9}$  W/m<sup>2</sup>.

- Calculate the amplitude of electric and magnetic fields  $E_0$  and  $H_0$ , at a distance of 5m from an oscillator which radiates energy isotropically at 1000W. Ans: ( $E_0$ = 48.82 V/m;  $H_0$  = 0.128 amp-turn/m). (EVEN 2023)
- **11** Calculate the skin depth for silver at  $10^8$  Hz frequency. Given- for silver  $\mu = \mu o$ ,  $\mu o = 4\pi \text{ x} 10^{-7} \text{ N/A}^2$ ,  $\sigma = 3\text{x} 10^7 \text{ mhos/m}$ . **Ans** : **9.19** x **10**<sup>-6</sup> m. ( **EVEN 2023**)
- 12. Using Maxwell's equation,  $\overrightarrow{div} \overrightarrow{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$ , derive Coulomb's law of electrostatics.
- 13. Using Maxwell's equation, Curl  $\vec{B} = \mu_0 \left[ \vec{J} + \frac{\partial \vec{D}}{\partial t} \right]$  prove that  $div\vec{D} = \rho$
- 14. If the magnitude of  $\vec{H}$  in a plane wave is 1amp/m, find the magnitude of  $\vec{E}$  for plane wave in free space. Ans: E = 377 V/m.
- Assuming that all the energy from a 1000 Watt lamp is radiated uniformly, calculate the average values of the intensities of electric and magnetic fields of radiation at a distance of 2m from the lamp. Ans: 86.59 V/m, H = 0.23 A/m. (ODD 2023-24)