

Vellore Institute of Technology

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ABHINAV VIJAYAKUMAR 19BCE1311

CSE3506 – ESSENTIALS OF DATA ANALYTICS LAB-1

DR. LAKSHMI PATHI JAKKAMPUTI (L21 + L22)

Tasks for Week-1: Regression

Understand the following operations/functions on random dataset and perform similar operations on mtcars and 'data.csv' dataset based on given instructions.

Aim: To develop linear regression model for the given data using R programming and to verify the null hypothesis.

Algorithm:

- **1.** Set the working directory
- 2. Read data into a variable as a dataframe
- **3.** Take 75% of the data for training the model
- 4. Take 25% of the data for testing the data
- 5. Find correlation between the 2 variables for additional statistics
- **6.** Plot the data points
- 7. Train the linear model
- **8.** Plot the linear model in the same graph
- 9. Print the summary of the model

Statistics:

i) For mtcars:

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-4.6037	-2.6129	-0.1983	1.3715	6.5714

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	38.2943	2.2919	16.71	5.50e-14
wt	-5.6437	0.7171	-7.87	7.73e-08

Residual standard error: 3.336 on 22 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.7379, Adjusted R-squared: 0.726

F-statistic: 61.94 on 1 and 22 DF, **p-value:** 7.733e-08

ii) For data.csv:

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-30.307 -13.598 1.082 13.168 28.924

Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) 170.562451 2.772873 61.511 <2e-16

Weight -0.004918 0.025536 -0.193 0.847

Residual standard error: 16.22 on 373 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 9.944e-05, Adjusted R-squared: -0.002581

F-statistic: 0.03709 on 1 and 373 DF, p-value: 0.8474

Inference:

mtcars: The linear model is accepted because p-value(7.733e-08) is less than 0.05

Data.csv: The linear model is rejected because p-value (0. 8474) is greater than 0.05

Program:

i) For mtcars:

rm(list=ls())

library(dplyr)

library(Metrics)

data1 <- mtcars

```
## 75% of the sample size
smp_size <- floor(0.75 * nrow(mtcars))</pre>
#setting the seed to make your partition reproducible
set.seed(123)
train_ind <- sample(seq_len(nrow(mtcars)), size = smp_size)</pre>
train <- mtcars[train ind, ]</pre>
test <- mtcars[-train ind, ]</pre>
cr<-cor.test(train$wt,train$mpg)</pre>
print(cr)
plot(train$wt,train$mpg,xlab = "Wt",ylab = "mpg",main="mpg VS Wt")
## Linear model
lmodel<-lm(mpg~wt,data=train)</pre>
abline(lmodel,col="red")
summary(lmodel)
predicted<-predict(lmodel,data=test)</pre>
mae(test$mpg,predicted)
ii) For data.csv
rm(list=ls())
library(dplyr)
library(Metrics)
setwd("C:/Users/Abhinav Vijayakumar/Desktop/VIT Academics/Sem 6/Essentials of
Data Analytics/LAB/LAB 1")
```

```
data<-read.csv('data.csv')</pre>
## 75% of the sample size
smp_size <- floor(0.75 * nrow(data))</pre>
#setting the seed to make your partition reproducible
set.seed(123)
train ind <- sample(seq len(nrow(data)), size = smp size)</pre>
train <- data[train_ind, ]</pre>
test <- data[-train_ind, ]</pre>
cr<-cor.test(train$Height,train$Weight)</pre>
print(cr)
plot(train$Weight,train$Height,xlab = "Weight",ylab = "Height",main="Height vs
Weight")
##Linear model
lmodel<-lm(Height~Weight,data=train)</pre>
abline(lmodel,col="red")
summary(lmodel)
predicted<-predict(lmodel,data=test)</pre>
mae(test$Height,predicted)
```