# **Faculty Profile**

Name: Dr. T. Divya

Designation: Assistant Professor

Teaching Areas: Differential Equations, Calculus, Linear Algebra, Curve

Tracing, Complex Analysis, Numerical Analysis, Statistics and Probability, Transforms, Operation Research, C and

Data Structures, CPP.

Research Interests: Computational Fluid Dynamics, Mass Transfer, Finite

Volume Method, Flow Accelerated Corrosion, Turbulence.

Education: Ph.D. (Computational Fluid Dynamics) 2014, Department of

Mathematics, National Institute of Technology, Warangal.

M.Sc (Maths with Computer Science) 2009, Badruka College, Osmania University.

B.Sc (MPCs) 2006, Princeton Degree College, Osmania

University.

## **Professional Experience (Total: 10)**

#### Teaching:

- 1. From Oct. 2020: Assistant Professor at FST-IFHE, Hyderabad
- 2. Aug 2018 Sep 2020: Assistant Professor at MRCET, Hyderabad
- 3. July 2017 May 2018: Adhoc Faculty at NIT Andhra Pradesh
- 4. July 2104- May 2017: Adhoc Faculty at NIT Warangal
- 5. Aug. 2013- May 2014: Adhoc faculty at Kakatiya Institute of Technology Warangal

#### Research:

6. March 2010- July 2013: Senior Research Fellow of BRNS Project, at NIT Warangal

### **Research / Selected Publications:**

- 1. H.P.Rani, T. Divya, R. R.Sahaya, Vivekanand Kain and D.K. Barua, Unsteady turbulent flow in a 3D 90 degree bend under wall thinning degradation environment, *Nuclear Engineering and Design*, 267, 164-171(2014), I.F 1.620.
- 2. H.P.Rani, T. Divya, R. R.Sahaya, Vivekanand Kain and D.K. Barua, Numerical simulation of Turbulent flow in carbon steel pipes leading to flow accelerated corrosion, *Arabian Journal of Science and Engineering*, 39, 6435-6451(2014), I.F -1.711.
- 3. H.P.Rani, T. Divya, R. R.Sahaya, Vivekanand Kain and D.K. Barua, CFD study of flow accelerated corrosion in 3D elbows, *Annals of Nuclear energy*, 69, 344-351(2014), *I.F* -1.501.
- 4. H.P.Rani, T. Divya, R. R.Sahaya, V.Kain and D.K. Barua, Numerical investigation of energy and Reynolds stress distribution for a turbulent flow in an orifice, *Engineering Failure Analysis*, Vol. 34, pp. 451-463(2013), *I.F.* **-2.897**.

