## Week -4

Aim: To implement Disease Section of services and giving general information on types of disease

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Code:
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<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h3>GENERAL DISEASES</h3><hr />
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/323523"/>Asthma
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/323648"/>Cancer
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/323627"/>Diabetes
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/280598"/>Ebola
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/168266"/>Fever
<a href="https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/147720"/>Swine Flu
</body>
</html>
Asthma.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<div align="center">
 <h1><u><span class="style1">ASTHMA
   </span></u> </h1>
</div>
<img
src="../../images/thumb_asthma_2.jpg" width="226" height="176" />
                                                          Asthma is one of the most scary medical
conditions which can affect both adults and children. Symptoms of asthma vary
widely from person to person and are sometimes even different within the same
person.<br/>
       <br />
Asthma is a disease of the airways- bronchi and bronchioles. It is characterized of
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Asthma is a disease of the airways- bronchi and bronchioles. It is characterized of constriction of the smooth muscles of the airways, by inflammation and excessive secretion of mucus. This causes narrowing of the air passages, increasing the effort of breathing and reducing the amount of oxygen available.

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Causes
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There is a genetic component to asthma where children
of asthmatics are more prone to develop asthma. It can be triggered by :
      - viral infection of respiratory tract
      - inhaled irritants like tobacco, smoke, pollutants, and
fumes
      - vigorous exercise or stress
       - allergies to pollen, mold, and pets
      - exposure to cold air
       Asthma attacks can be very severe which can lead to decreased oxygen in
the blood requiring external ventilation.
      Death caused by asthma is not uncommon.
      Symptoms
      Symptoms vary from person to person. They include dry
cough, shortness of breath, chest tightness, and audible wheezing. In severe cases,
there can be increased heart rate, sweating, extreme anxiety and inability to speak
without gasping for air.
       Emergency symptoms include bluish color of the face and lips, extremely
labored respiration, mental confusion, and exhaustion. These symptoms require
immediate medical attention. 
     Diagnosis
                                 <span class="style21">History</span>:
      Questions include:
     -what activities cause onset of symptoms,
      -if there are any exposure to irritants, cold air,
exercise
      -any recent illnesses or exposure to any sick contacts
      -what, if any, home medications have been used thus
far.
     <span class="style23">Examination</span>:
      -Physical exam by medical personnel
                                                     <span class="style23">Diagnostic tests include</span>:
      -Chest x-ray
      -Pulmonary function tests
                                             -incentive spirometry
      -skin test for allergens.
      
    
 <h1>&nbsp;</h1>
 
</body>
</html>
Cancer.php
<!DOCTYPE html>
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<html>
<body>
<h1 align="center" class="style1">CANCER</h1>
<img src="../../images/cancer.jpeg" width="190" height="183" />
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<strong>Cancer</strong> medical term: malignant neoplasm) is a class of diseases in which a group of cells display <em>uncontrolled growth</em> (division beyond the normal limits), <em>invasion</em> (intrusion on and destruction of adjacent tissues), and sometimes <em>metastasis</em> (spread to other locations in the body via lymph or blood). These three malignant properties of cancers differentiate them from benign tumors, which are self-limited, and do not invade or metastasize. Most cancers form a tumor but some, like leukemia, do not. The branch of medicine concerned with the study, diagnosis, treatment, and prevention of cancer is oncology.

Cancer affects people at all ages with the risk for most types increasing with age.Cancer caused about 13% of all human deaths in 2007(7.6 million).Cancers are caused by abnormalities in the genetic material of the transformed cells.These abnormalities may be due to the effects of carcinogens, such as tobacco smoke, radiation, chemicals, or infectious agents. Other cancer-promoting genetic abnormalities may randomly occur through errors in DNA replication, or are inherited, and thus present in all cells from birth. The heritability of cancers is usually affected by complex interactions between carcinogens and the host's genome.

Output:

