JSON

JSON

- JSON stands for JavaScript Object Notation
- JSON is a lightweight data-interchange format
- JSON is language independent
- JSON is "self-describing" and easy to understand
- JSON is used to store information in an organized, easy to access manner
- For AJAX, JSON is faster and easier than XML

Uses of JSON

- It is used while writing JavaScript based applications that includes browser extensions and websites.
- JSON format is used for serializing and transmitting structured data over network connection.
- It is primarily used to transmit data between a server and web applications.
- Web services and APIs use JSON format to provide public data.
- It can be used with modern programming languages.

- Data is in name/value pairs
- Data is separated by commas
- Curly braces hold objects
- Square brackets hold arrays

JSON Datatypes

- JSON data is written as name/value pairs.
 - Ex: "name": "Joe"
 - JSON values can be:
 - ★ A number (integer or floating point)
 - ★ A string (in double quotes)
 - ★ A Boolean (true or false)
 - ★ An array (in square brackets)
 - ★ An object (in curly braces)
 - **★** Null

- JSON values <u>cannot</u> be one of the following data types:
 - ✓ a function
 - ✓ a date
 - ✓ undefined

JSON Syntax

- Properties are declared using name:value pairs
- To access information, use the name of the property

```
var data ={
     "name": "Abhishek"
     "Regno" : "BIT0001"
     "course":"webtech"
     };
document.write("NAME:",data.name)
```

Multiple objects can be stored using arrays

```
var data =[{
    "name": "Abhishek"
    "Regno": "BIT0001"
    "course":"webtech"
      {"name": "Arushi"
    "Regno": "BIT0002"
    "course":"webtech"
     }];
document.write("NAME:",data[0].name)
document.write("REGNO:",data[1].Regno)
document.write("REGNO:",data[1].["Regno"])
```

To Modify Data

```
data[0].programme = "M.Tech"
data[1]["branch"]="CSE"
```

Converting JSON to JS Object

```
var datastr= '{ "school": "SCOPE",
  "programme":[ "B.Tech", "M.Tech", "M.SC"]}';

JS function JSON.parse(text) used to
  convert JSON text to JS object
```

```
var dataobj= JSON.parse(datastr)
document.write(dataobj.school)
```

Converting JS Object to JSON

```
var dataobj= '{ school: "SCOPE",
  programme:[ "B.Tech", "M.Tech", "M.SC"],
  venue:"SJT"}';

JS function JSON.stringify(object) used to
  convert JS object to JSON string

var datastr= JSON.stringify(dataobj)
document.write(datastr)
```