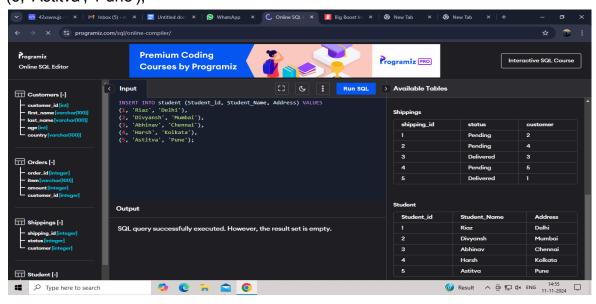
## Dbms lab file

## Made by Abhinav Mishra

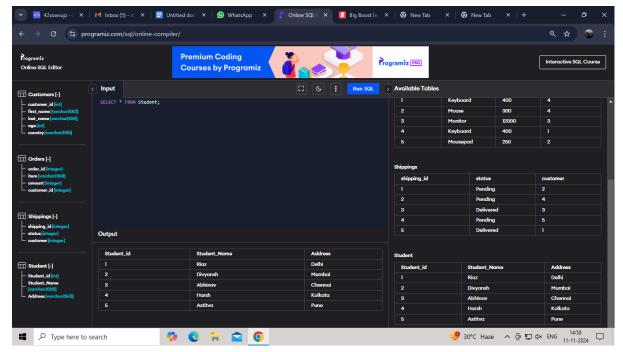
Create a table and insert 5 rows
 Ans. CREATE TABLE student (
 Student\_id INT PRIMARY KEY,
 Student\_Name VARCHAR2(30),
 Address VARCHAR2(50)
);
INSERT INTO student (Student\_id, Student\_Name, Address) VALUES
(1, 'Riaz', 'Delhi'),
(2, 'Divyansh', 'Mumbai'),
(3, 'Abhinav', 'Chennai'),
(4, 'Harsh', 'Kolkata'),
(5, 'Astitva', 'Pune');



Q2 List all students from the student table:

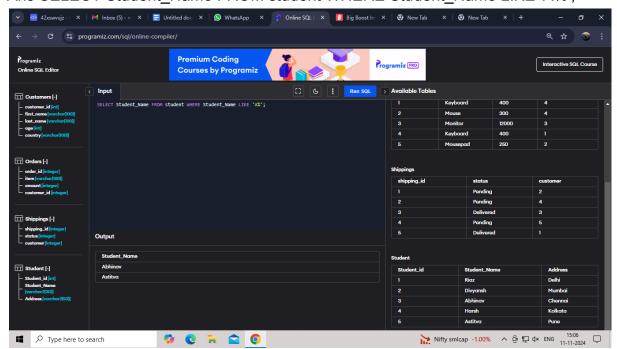
Ans. select \* from Student;

Q3. List the names of students whose names start with "A":



Q4.List the names of students whose names start with "A":

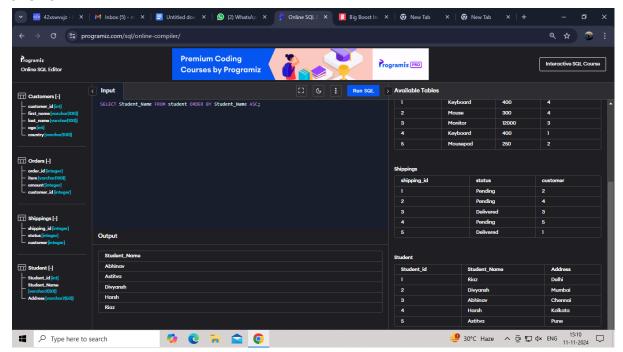
Ans SELECT Student Name FROM student WHERE Student Name LIKE 'A%';



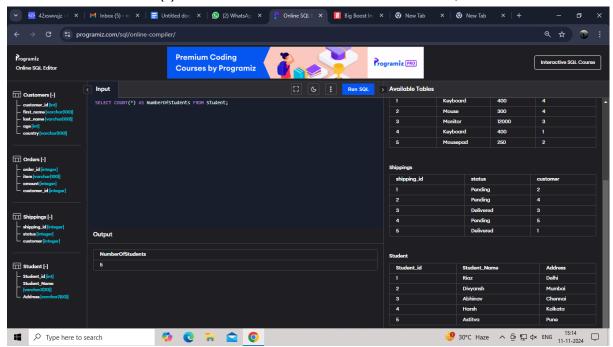
Q5. List the names of students in ascending order:

Ans. SELECT Student\_Name FROM student ORDER BY Student\_Name ASC;

## answer.



Q6. List the number of students available in the student table: ans.SELECT COUNT(\*) AS NumberOfStudents FROM Student;



Q7. List the names of students whose student\_id is either 7777 or 2333: SELECT Student Name FROM student WHERE Student id IN (7777, 2333);

