

**AI Assistant Coding
Assignment-4**

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Task 1: Sentiment Classification for Customer Reviews.

- A. Prepare 6 short customer reviews mapped to sentiment labels.**
- B. Design a Zero-shot prompt to classify sentiment.**
- C. Design a One-shot prompt with one labeled example.**

Prompt Zero Shot:

An e-commerce platform wants to analyze customer reviews and classify them into Positive, Negative, or Neutral sentiments. Give a python code for the same. Should take input from the user.

generate 6 short customer reviews.

Prompt One Shot:

An e-commerce platform wants to analyze customer reviews and classify them into Positive, Negative, or Neutral sentiments. Give a python code for the same. Take input from the user.

Write a python code for the above senario.

Example reviews:

“Loved it—arrived fast and works perfectly.”

“Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.”

Code:**Zero shot:**

```

Assgin 4.py > ...
1  from textblob import TextBlob
2
3  def classify_sentiment(review):
4      analysis = TextBlob(review)
5      # Classifying sentiment based on polarity
6      if analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
7          return "Positive"
8      elif analysis.sentiment.polarity < 0:
9          return "Negative"
10     else:
11         return "Neutral"
12
13 # Main function to take user input
14 if __name__ == "__main__":
15     print("Enter customer reviews one by one. Type 'quit' to stop.")
16     while True:
17         review = input("Enter a review: ")
18         if review.lower() == 'quit':
19             break
20         sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
21         print(f"Review: {review} | Sentiment: {sentiment}")

```

One-shot:

```

from textblob import TextBlob

def classify_sentiment(review):
    analysis = TextBlob(review)
    # Classifying sentiment based on polarity
    if analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
        return "Positive"
    elif analysis.sentiment.polarity < 0:
        return "Negative"
    else:
        return "Neutral"

# Example reviews
example_reviews = [
    "Loved it--arrived fast and works perfectly.",
    "Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.",
    "Not worth the price; stopped working after a week.",
    "Exactly as described; would buy again.",
    "It's okay--nothing special, but not bad either.",
    "Customer support resolved my issue quickly; impressed."
]

# Classify example reviews
print("Classifying example reviews:")
for review in example_reviews:
    sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
    print(f"Review: {review} | Sentiment: {sentiment}")

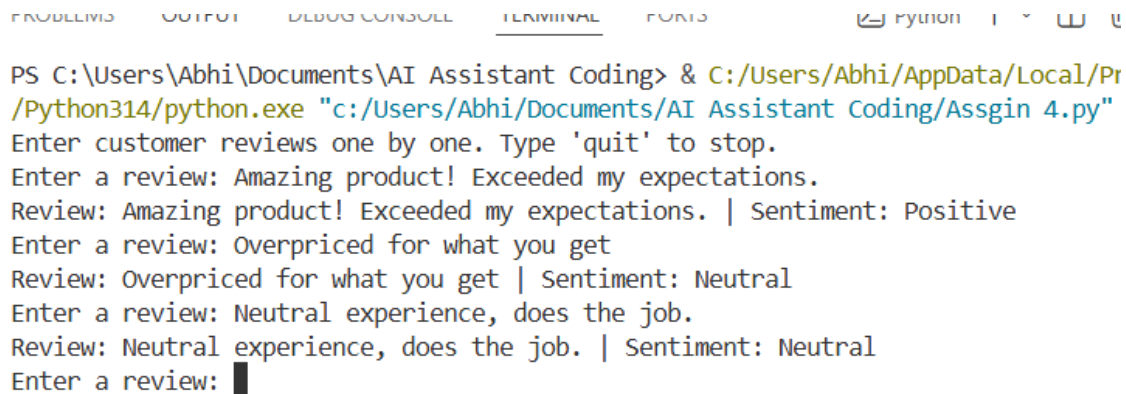
print("\n" + "="*50)

# Take user input
print("Enter customer reviews one by one. Type 'quit' to stop.")
while True:
    review = input("Enter a review: ")
    if review.lower() == 'quit':
        break
    sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
    print(f"Review: {review} | Sentiment: {sentiment}")

```

Output:

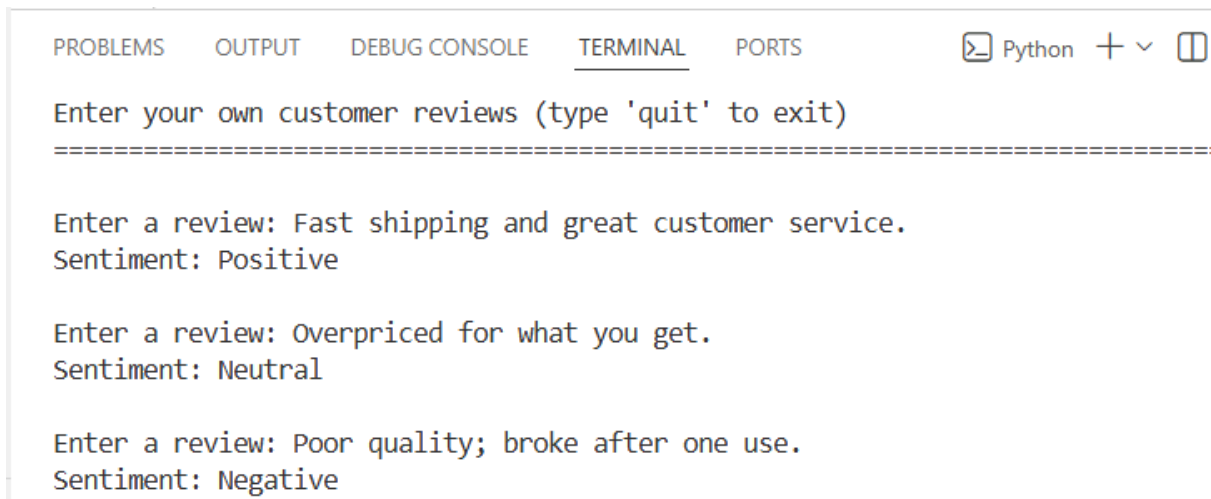
Zero Shot:



```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Pr
/Python314/python.exe "c:/Users/Abhi/Documents/AI Assistant Coding/Assgin 4.py"
Enter customer reviews one by one. Type 'quit' to stop.
Enter a review: Amazing product! Exceeded my expectations.
Review: Amazing product! Exceeded my expectations. | Sentiment: Positive
Enter a review: Overpriced for what you get
Review: Overpriced for what you get | Sentiment: Neutral
Enter a review: Neutral experience, does the job.
Review: Neutral experience, does the job. | Sentiment: Neutral
Enter a review: █
  
```

One Shot:



```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS Python + v
Enter your own customer reviews (type 'quit' to exit)
=====

Enter a review: Fast shipping and great customer service.
Sentiment: Positive

Enter a review: Overpriced for what you get.
Sentiment: Neutral

Enter a review: Poor quality; broke after one use.
Sentiment: Negative
  
```

Explanation:

This task demonstrates sentiment analysis using **Zero-shot and One-shot prompting** techniques. The prompts guide the AI to classify customer reviews into **Positive, Negative, or Neutral** sentiments, while the code uses the **TextBlob** library to compute sentiment polarity. In the One-shot approach, example reviews are provided to guide the model toward better contextual understanding. The outputs show correct sentiment predictions for both predefined and user-entered reviews, validating the effectiveness of prompt design.

Task 2: Email Priority Classification

Perform classification using One-shot prompting.

Perform classification using Few-shot prompting.

Prompt-1:

Write a python code for this:

An e-commerce platform wants to analyze customer reviews and classify them into Positive, Negative, or Neutral sentiments. Take input from the user.

Customer Reviews can be like this:

“Loved it—arrived fast and works perfectly.”

“Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.”

Prompt-2:

Write a python code for this:

An e-commerce platform wants to analyze customer reviews and classify them into Positive, Negative, or Neutral sentiments. Take input from the user.

Customer Reviews can be like this:

Examples:

“Loved it—arrived fast and works perfectly.”

“Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.”

“Not worth the price; stopped working after a week.”

“Customer support resolved my issue quickly; impressed.”

Code:

One Shot:

Assgin 4.py > ...

```
178
179 def classify_sentiment(review):
180     analysis = TextBlob(review)
181     polarity = analysis.sentiment.polarity
182     if polarity > 0:
183         return "Positive"
184     if polarity < 0:
185         return "Negative"
186     return "Neutral"
187
188 def analyze_reviews(reviews):
189     print("\nCustomer Review Sentiment Analysis")
190     print("-" * 45)
191     for i, review in enumerate(reviews, 1):
192         sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
193         print(f"{i}. {review}")
194         print(f"    Sentiment: {sentiment}\n")
195
196 # Provided example reviews
197 example_reviews = [
198     "Loved it--arrived fast and works perfectly.",
199     "Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.",
200 ]
201
202 if __name__ == "__main__":
203     # Analyze the predefined reviews
204     analyze_reviews(example_reviews)
205
206     # Let the user enter custom reviews
207     print("Enter your own reviews (type 'quit' to exit):")
208     while True:
209         review = input("Review: ").strip()
210         if review.lower() == "quit":
211             break
212         if not review:
213             print("Please enter some text.\n")
214             continue
215         sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
216         print(f"Sentiment: {sentiment}\n")
```

Few Shot:

```

Assgin 4.py > ...
221 def classify_sentiment(review):
222     """
223     analysis = TextBlob(review)
224     polarity = analysis.sentiment.polarity
225
226     # Classifying sentiment based on polarity
227     if polarity > 0:
228         return "Positive"
229     elif polarity < 0:
230         return "Negative"
231     else:
232         return "Neutral"
233
234 # Main program
235 if __name__ == "__main__":
236     print("=" * 60)
237     print("E-Commerce Customer Review Sentiment Analysis")
238     print("=" * 60)
239     print("\nExamples of customer reviews:")
240     print("- 'Loved it--arrived fast and works perfectly.'")
241     print("- 'Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.'")
242     print("- 'Not worth the price; stopped working after a week.'")
243     print("- 'Customer support resolved my issue quickly; impressed.'")
244     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")
245
246     review_count = 0
247
248     while True:
249         review = input("Enter a customer review: ").strip()
250
251         if review.lower() in ['quit', 'exit', '']:
252             print(f"\nTotal reviews analyzed: {review_count}")
253             print("Thank you for using the sentiment analyzer!")
254             break
255
256         sentiment = classify_sentiment(review)
257         polarity_score = TextBlob(review).sentiment.polarity
258
259         print(f"Sentiment: {sentiment} (Polarity Score: {polarity_score:.2f})")
260
261

```

Output:

PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python314
nt Coding/Assgin 4.py"

Customer Review Sentiment Analysis

1. Loved it--arrived fast and works perfectly.
Sentiment: Positive

2. Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.
Sentiment: Positive

Enter your own reviews (type 'quit' to exit):

Review: I can't wait to come back and try more items from their menu. Definitely a new favorite spot!
Sentiment: Positive

Review: Their staff is not only friendly but also highly skilled.
Sentiment: Positive

```
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Microsoft AI Assistant Coding/Assgin 4.py"
```

E-Commerce Customer Review Sentiment Analysis

Examples of customer reviews:

- 'Loved it—arrived fast and works perfectly.'
- 'Decent quality, but the packaging was damaged.'
- 'Not worth the price; stopped working after a week.'
- 'Customer support resolved my issue quickly; impressed.'

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a customer review: Their staff is not only friendly but also highly skilled.
Sentiment: Positive (Polarity Score: 0.29)

Enter a customer review: Amazing product! Exceeded my expectations
Sentiment: Positive (Polarity Score: 0.75)

Enter a customer review: Poor quality; broke after one use
Sentiment: Negative (Polarity Score: -0.40)

Enter a customer review:

Explanation:

This task extends sentiment classification by introducing one-shot and few-shot prompting techniques. The prompts include multiple labeled examples, allowing the AI to better generalize sentiment boundaries. The code processes both example reviews and live user inputs, displaying sentiment along with polarity scores. Compared to one-shot prompting, few-shot prompting improves robustness for mixed or ambiguous reviews. The output confirms more stable and context-aware sentiment predictions, highlighting the benefit of richer prompt examples.

Task 3: Student Query Routing System

1. Create 6 sample student queries mapped to departments.
2. Implement Zero-shot intent classification using an LLM.
3. Improve results using One-shot prompting.

Prompt- Zero Shot: Write a python program for classifying the student queries to Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements.

Prompt-One Shot: Write a python program for classifying the student queries to Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements.

Ex queries:

What is the admission deadline?

How do I access course materials?

Code:

```

271 def classify_query(query):
296
297     # Get the category with highest count
298     max_category = max(counts, key=counts.get)
299
300     # If no keywords matched, return 'General'
301     if counts[max_category] == 0:
302         return 'General'
303
304     return max_category
305
306 # Main program
307 if __name__ == "__main__":
308     print("=" * 60)
309     print("Student Query Classification System")
310     print("=" * 60)
311     print("\nCategories: Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements")
312     print("\nExample queries:")
313     print("- 'What is the admission deadline?'")
314     print("- 'When will exam results be declared?'")
315     print("- 'How do I access course materials?'")
316     print("- 'Tell me about placement opportunities.'")
317     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")
318
319     query_count = 0
320     category_counts = {'Admissions': 0, 'Exams': 0, 'Academics': 0, 'Placements': 0, 'General': 0}
321
322     while True:
323         query = input("Enter a student query: ").strip()
324
325         if query.lower() in ['quit', 'exit', '']:
326             print(f"\n{'=' * 60}")
327             print(f"Total queries processed: {query_count}")
328             print("\nCategory Breakdown:")
329             for category, count in category_counts.items():
330                 print(f"    {category}: {count}")
331             print("Thank you for using the query classifier!")
332             break
333
334         category = classify_query(query)

```


One Shot:

```

Assgin 4.py > ...
365     ("What is the grading policy?", "Academics"),
366     ("Can I change my course?", "Academics"),
367
368     # Placements queries
369     ("When are placements happening?", "Placements"),
370     ("How do I register for placements?", "Placements"),
371     ("Which companies are coming for recruitment?", "Placements"),
372     ("What is the average package?", "Placements"),
373     ("How do I prepare for placement interviews?", "Placements"),
374 ]
375
376 # Create classifier using training data
377 cl = NaiveBayesClassifier(train_data)
378
379 def classify_student_query(query):
380     """
381     Classify student query into Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements
382     """
383     classification = cl.classify(query)
384     return classification
385
386 # Main program
387 if __name__ == "__main__":
388     print("=" * 60)
389     print("Student Query Classification System")
390     print("=" * 60)
391     print("\nCategories:")
392     print("- Admissions: Queries about admission process")
393     print("- Exams: Queries about exams and registration")
394     print("- Academics: Queries about courses and materials")
395     print("- Placements: Queries about job placements")
396     print("\nExample queries:")
397     print("- 'What is the admission deadline?'"")
398     print("- 'How do I access course materials?'"")
399     print("- 'When are placements happening?'"")
400     print("- 'When is the final exam scheduled?'"")
401     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")
402
403     query_count = 0

```

Output:

Zero Shot:

```
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Program
nt Coding/Assgin 4.py"
=====
Student Query Classification System
=====

Categories: Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements

Example queries:
- 'What is the admission deadline?'
- 'When will exam results be declared?'
- 'How do I access course materials?'
- 'Tell me about placement opportunities.'

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a student query: What is the passing marks for this course?
Query Category: Exams
-----
Enter a student query: Can you explain this concept from the lecture?
Query Category: Academics
-----
Enter a student query: When is the next campus recruitment drive
Query Category: Placements
```

One Shot:

```
=====
Student Query Classification System
=====

Categories:
- Admissions: Queries about admission process
- Exams: Queries about exams and registration
- Academics: Queries about courses and materials
- Placements: Queries about job placements

Example queries:
- 'What is the admission deadline?'
- 'How do I access course materials?'
- 'When are placements happening?'
- 'When is the final exam scheduled?'

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a student query: What are the eligibility criteria?
Category: Admissions
-----
Enter a student query: How do I register for placements?
Category: Placements
```

Explanation:

This task focuses on intent classification by routing student queries to departments such as Admissions, Exams, Academics, or Placements. The zero-shot approach uses keyword-based logic to infer categories without prior examples, while the one-shot approach introduces labeled training data. The code accepts continuous user input and assigns the most relevant department.

One-shot prompting improves classification accuracy, especially for overlapping or unclear queries. The outputs clearly show correct routing decisions, making the system suitable for real-world academic helpdesks.

Task 4: Chatbot Question Type Detection

- **Design prompts for Zero-shot, One-shot.**

Prompt:

Generate the python code in which identifies whether a user query is Informational, Transactional, Complaint, or Feedback.

Code:

```
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/Python.exe C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/Python.exe C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding\Assgin 4.py"
```

```
=====
User Query Type Classification System
=====
```

Query Types:

- Informational: Questions seeking information
- Transactional: Queries for transactions or actions
- Complaint: Issues or problems reported
- Feedback: Positive or negative reviews

Example queries:

- 'What is your return policy?' (Informational)
- 'I want to place an order' (Transactional)
- 'I received a damaged product' (Complaint)
- 'Great experience shopping with you!' (Feedback)

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a user query: Do you offer international shipping?

Query Type: Informational

Enter a user query: I want to place an order

Query Type: Transactional

One Shot:

Assgin 4.py > ...

```

535 # Feedback queries
536 ("Fast delivery, highly satisfied", "Feedback"),
537 ("Great experience shopping with you!", "Feedback"),
538 ("The packaging was excellent", "Feedback"),
539 ("Your customer service is outstanding", "Feedback"),
540 ("Love your new product collection", "Feedback"),
541 ("The website is very user-friendly", "Feedback"),
542 ("Excellent quality and fast shipping", "Feedback"),
543 ("Very happy with my purchase", "Feedback"),
544 ]
545
546 # Create classifier using training data
547 cl = NaiveBayesClassifier(train_data)
548
549 def classify_query_type(query):
550     """
551     Classify user query into Informational, Transactional, Complaint, or Feedback
552     """
553     classification = cl.classify(query)
554     return classification
555
556 # Main program
557 if __name__ == "__main__":
558     print("=" * 70)
559     print("User Query Type Classification System")
560     print("=" * 70)
561     print("\nQuery Types:")
562     print("1. Informational: Questions seeking information")
563     print("2. Transactional: Queries for transactions or actions")
564     print("3. Complaint: Issues or problems reported")
565     print("4. Feedback: Positive or negative reviews")
566     print("\nExample queries:")
567     print("- 'Can I cancel my order?' → Transactional")
568     print("- 'Fast delivery, highly satisfied' → Feedback")
569     print("- 'I received a damaged product' → Complaint")
570     print("- 'What is your return policy?' → Informational")
571     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")
572
573     query_count = 0

```

Output:

PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/Scripts/python.exe C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding\Assgin 4.py

=====

User Query Type Classification System

=====

Query Types:

- Informational: Questions seeking information
- Transactional: Queries for transactions or actions
- Complaint: Issues or problems reported
- Feedback: Positive or negative reviews

Example queries:

- 'What is your return policy?' (Informational)
- 'I want to place an order' (Transactional)
- 'I received a damaged product' (Complaint)
- 'Great experience shopping with you!' (Feedback)

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a user query: Do you offer international shipping?

Query Type: Informational

Enter a user query: I want to place an order

Query Type: Transactional

One Shot:

```
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/
nt Coding/Assgin 4.py"
```

```
=====
User Query Type Classification System
=====
```

Query Types:

1. Informational: Questions seeking information
2. Transactional: Queries for transactions or actions
3. Complaint: Issues or problems reported
4. Feedback: Positive or negative reviews

Example queries:

- 'Can I cancel my order?' → Transactional
- 'Fast delivery, highly satisfied' → Feedback
- 'I received a damaged product' → Complaint
- 'What is your return policy?' → Informational

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter a user query: I received a damaged product
Classification: Complaint

Enter a user query: Great experience shopping with you!
Classification: Feedback

Explanation:

In this task, the goal is to classify user queries into Informational, Transactional, Complaint, or Feedback categories. The prompts guide the AI to generate Python code capable of recognizing intent based on example-driven learning. The one-shot approach uses predefined labeled examples to improve accuracy. The program continuously accepts user queries and outputs the detected question type. The outputs demonstrate correct intent recognition, showcasing how chatbots can efficiently triage user requests.

Task 5: Emotion Detection in Text

Use One-shot prompting with an example.

Use Few-shot prompting with multiple emotions.

Prompt:

Generate the python code in which it detects emotions like Happy, Sad, Angry, Anxious, Neutral.

Code:

```

Assgin 4.py > ...
555     # Neutral emotions
556     ("I feel okay", "Neutral"),
557     ("It's just another day", "Neutral"),
558     ("I'm doing fine, nothing special", "Neutral"),
559     ("Things are normal", "Neutral"),
560     ("I don't feel much right now", "Neutral"),
561     ("It's neither good nor bad", "Neutral"),
562     ("I'm indifferent about this", "Neutral"),
563     ("I feel average and ordinary", "Neutral"),
564 ]
565
566 # Create classifier using training data
567 cl = NaiveBayesClassifier(train_data)
568
569 def detect_emotion(text):
570     """
571     Detect emotion from user text: Happy, Sad, Angry, Anxious, or Neutral
572     """
573     emotion = cl.classify(text)
574     return emotion
575
576 # Main program
577 if __name__ == "__main__":
578     print("=" * 70)
579     print("Emotion Detection System")
580     print("=" * 70)
581     print("\nEmotions to Detect:")
582     print("1. Happy: Joy, excitement, happiness")
583     print("2. Sad: Sadness, depression, unhappiness")
584     print("3. Angry: Anger, rage, frustration")
585     print("4. Anxious: Anxiety, nervousness, worry")
586     print("5. Neutral: Calm, indifferent, ordinary")
587     print("\nExample inputs:")
588     print("- 'I'm feeling down today' → Sad")
589     print("- 'This makes me so happy' → Happy")
590     print("- 'I'm so angry right now' → Angry")
591     print("- 'I'm nervous and worried' → Anxious")
592     print("- 'It's just another day' → Neutral")
593     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")

```

Few Shot:

Assgin 4.py > ...

```
569 def detect_emotion(text):
570     """
571     Detect emotion from user text: Happy, Sad, Angry, Anxious, or Neutral
572     """
573     emotion = cl.classify(text)
574     return emotion
575
576 # Main program
577 if __name__ == "__main__":
578     print("=" * 70)
579     print("Emotion Detection System")
580     print("=" * 70)
581     print("\nEmotions to Detect:")
582     print("1. Happy: Joy, excitement, happiness")
583     print("2. Sad: Sadness, depression, unhappiness")
584     print("3. Angry: Anger, rage, frustration")
585     print("4. Anxious: Anxiety, nervousness, worry")
586     print("5. Neutral: Calm, indifferent, ordinary")
587     print("\nExample inputs:")
588     print("- 'I'm feeling down today' → Sad")
589     print("- 'This makes me so happy' → Happy")
590     print("- 'I'm so angry right now' → Angry")
591     print("- 'I'm nervous and worried' → Anxious")
592     print("- 'It's just another day' → Neutral")
593     print("\nType 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.\n")
594
595     text_count = 0
596
597     while True:
598         user_input = input("Enter your feeling or emotion: ").strip()
599
600         if user_input.lower() in ['quit', 'exit', '']:
601             print(f"\nTotal emotions detected: {text_count}")
602             print("Thank you for using the emotion detector!")
603             break
604
605         emotion = detect_emotion(user_input)
606         print(f"Detected Emotion: {emotion}")
607         print("-" * 70)
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\Abhi\Documents\AI Assistant Coding> & C:/Users/Abhi/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Coding/Assgin 4.py"
```

```
=====
Emotion Detection System
=====
```

Emotions to Detect:

1. Happy: Joy, excitement, happiness
2. Sad: Sadness, depression, unhappiness
3. Angry: Anger, rage, frustration
4. Anxious: Anxiety, nervousness, worry
5. Neutral: Calm, indifferent, ordinary

Example inputs:

- 'I'm feeling down today' → Sad
- 'This makes me so happy' → Happy
- 'I'm so angry right now' → Angry
- 'I'm nervous and worried' → Anxious
- 'It's just another day' → Neutral

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter your feeling or emotion: Life feels empty and lonely
Detected Emotion: Sad

Enter your feeling or emotion: I'm doing fine, nothing special
Detected Emotion: Neutral

Few Shot:

```
=====
Emotion Detection System
=====
```

Emotions to Detect:

1. Happy: Joy, excitement, happiness
2. Sad: Sadness, depression, unhappiness
3. Angry: Anger, rage, frustration
4. Anxious: Anxiety, nervousness, worry
5. Neutral: Calm, indifferent, ordinary

Example inputs:

- 'I'm feeling down today' → Sad
- 'This makes me so happy' → Happy
- 'I'm so angry right now' → Angry
- 'I'm nervous and worried' → Anxious
- 'It's just another day' → Neutral

Type 'quit' or 'exit' to stop.

Enter your feeling or emotion: This is infuriating
Detected Emotion: Angry

Enter your feeling or emotion: I'm stressed and overwhelmed
Detected Emotion: Anxious

Explanation:

This task applies one-shot and few-shot prompting to detect emotions such as Happy, Sad, Angry, Anxious, and Neutral. The prompts guide the AI to generate Python code that classifies emotional tone from text input. Few-shot prompting introduces multiple emotion examples, improving classification reliability. The code repeatedly accepts user input and predicts emotions until the user exits. The outputs confirm accurate emotion detection, illustrating practical applications in mental health monitoring and user experience analysis.