Stipend Point Allocator Web Application

Overview

The provided code creates a full-stack web application designed to allocate points to stipends using a dynamic user interface. It allows users to upload CSV files, process stipend data, capture images from a camera, and generate reports in the form of PDFs. The system also includes Optical Character Recognition (OCR) to extract text from images and a backend API to handle file uploads.

Key Features

1. File Upload and Processing:

- The UI allows users to upload a CSV file containing stipend data.
- The application parses the CSV file, identifying stipends, and processes the data for further operations like point allocation.

2. Dynamic Stipend Ranges & Points Allocation:

- The application enables the user to define ranges for stipends and assign points to each range.
- The ranges are validated to ensure no gaps between the stipend intervals, and each stipend is allocated points based on the defined ranges.

3. Document Scanning with Camera:

 Users can capture images using their device's camera, and the captured images can be processed using the Tesseract.js library for OCR (Optical Character Recognition) to extract text from the images.

4. PDF Generation & Sharing:

- Once the stipend points are allocated, the processed data is rendered as a table on the webpage. The system allows users to download this data as a PDF using jsPDF plugin.
- Additionally, users can upload and share the generated PDF through a service like File.io, with a pre-prepared WhatsApp share link.

5. Backend for File Uploads:

 An Express.js server is used for handling file uploads using multer, storing uploaded files on the server, and serving static files.

Frontend (HTML, JavaScript, CSS)

Structure:

• HTML Layout:

 The frontend is encapsulated in a container for structured UI rendering. The user is presented with sections for uploading files, capturing images, and viewing results.

• CSS:

 The page uses a simple yet clean design with emphasis on usability. Input fields, buttons, and the table have been styled for a smooth user experience, including responsive design features and subtle shadowing effects for better visualization.

• JavaScript Functions:

CSV File Processing:

- The processFile() function reads and processes the uploaded CSV file, extracting stipend data.
- The processContent() function identifies the stipend column and organizes the data into a structured format for manipulation.

Range Input System:

- Users can dynamically add and manage stipend ranges with input fields for the range values and corresponding points.
- addRangeInput() dynamically adds range fields, while applyRanges() processes these inputs to calculate points for each stipend based on the defined ranges.

OCR Integration:

■ The Tesseract.js library is integrated to perform OCR on captured images, converting images of documents into text. The captured text is displayed to the user.

PDF Generation & Download:

- jsPDF and autoTable are used to convert the stipend and point data into a downloadable PDF.
- The downloadPDF() function generates and saves the PDF, and shareOnWhatsApp() allows users to upload the file to File.io for sharing via WhatsApp.

Backend (Express.js Server)

Features:

1. Multer for File Uploads:

• The server uses multer to manage file uploads. The uploaded files are saved in a designated "uploads" folder.

2. CORS Middleware:

 cors is enabled on the server, allowing cross-origin resource sharing to enable seamless interaction between the front-end and the back-end.

3. File Serving:

• The server serves static files from the uploads folder, ensuring that once a file is uploaded, it can be accessed via a specific URL endpoint.

Technical Considerations

1. Security:

- Input validation is essential, especially for uploaded files. Currently, no file size/type checks exist beyond the basic accept=".csv" on the front end.
- When using OCR and other external services (like File.io), additional security measures should be implemented, including secure HTTPS endpoints for production environments.

2. Error Handling:

 The current error handling in the frontend alerts the user when errors occur. In a production environment, more sophisticated error handling would be recommended (e.g., error logging and user-friendly messages).

3. Camera Permission:

 The application leverages getUserMedia to access the camera. It should be tested across various devices and browsers to ensure compatibility and appropriate permission handling.

Potential Enhancements

1. Data Persistence:

 The app currently works in a session-based manner. Enhancing the application to save user inputs (e.g., stipend ranges) to a database would allow for persistent data between sessions.

2. Improved File Sharing:

 Instead of relying on File.io for file sharing, integrating a more secure file-sharing service, or offering a direct download from the server, would improve reliability and security.

3. Refining OCR Accuracy:

 The OCR processing is basic. Adding options to enhance image quality before running OCR (e.g., image cropping or contrast adjustment) could improve text recognition accuracy.

Conclusion

This web application provides a practical solution for managing stipend allocations based on custom ranges and point systems, with additional functionalities such as OCR-based document

scanning and dynamic PDF generation. While feature-rich, further enhancements in terms of security, error handling, and data persistence would make it more robust for real-world use.