Computer Programming, Assignment 4

Monsoon 2021, IIIT-H Suresh Purini

Some problems below require use of graph plotting tools such as GNU Plot, Octave, Google Sheets, Microsoft Excel etc. You may use any tool you are comfortable with.

1 Randomness in Computation

- 1. Write a program to throw a dice which can generate one of the 6 faces from 1 to 6 uniformly at random. Throw the dice a million times and compute the histogram. Plot the histogram and check how far is it from uniform distribution.
- 2. Write a program to throw two 6-faced dice. Sum the face values of the two dice, which will be some value between 2 to 12. Throw the two dice a million times and compute the histogram. Plot the histogram and check how far is it from the theoretical distribution (i.e., if the dice are unbiased).
- 3. Write a program to estimate the value of π empirically using the following methodology. Consider a square centered at origin (0,0) with the following corner points: (1,1), (-1,1), (-1,-1) and (1,-1). Now, consider a circle of unit radius centered at origin. If you sample a point within the square, the probability that it falls within the circle is given by $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (why?). Draw a large number (N) of sample points and plot how the estimate of π improves with N using a suitable plotting tool.

2 Streaming Computations

4. The mean μ and the variance σ^2 of a sequence of N numbers x_1, \dots, x_N is defined as follows.

$$\mu = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i}{N}$$

$$\sigma^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{N} (x_i - \mu)^2}{N}$$

The necessary data files for the following problem will be posted separately.

(a) Write a program to compute the mean using constant amount of memory. Here constant amount means anything which is not a function of the input sequence length N.

- (b) **Challenge Problem:** Can you compute the variance also in constant amount of memory? Write a program to compute the variance approximately and check how close is your approximation to the actual variance by plotting two curves with increasing *i* as *i* moves from 1 to *N* as the program sees more and more data.
- (c) Challenge Problem: Similar to the above problem write a program which computes the percentage of numbers which fall in the range $[0.8\mu, 1.2\mu]$.

3 Cryptography and Bit Manipulation

5. Exclusive OR Generator (XORG) Pick a random 127-bit seed x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{127} . The subsequent bits are constructed as follows.

$$x_i = x_{i-1} \oplus x_{i-127} \text{ for } i \ge 128.$$

- (a) Compute the probability distribution of 0s and 1s in x_{128}, \dots, x_N for $N = 10^6$. Compare this probability distribution as against when 0s and 1s are generated using rand() % 2 approach.
- (b) Compute $P(x_i = 0/x_{i-1} = 0)$ and $P(x_i = 0/x_{i-1} = 1)$ for both the aforementioned approaches.
- (c) We can use XORG generator to encrypt a sequence of data bits b_1, \dots, b_N . The encryption and decryption functions are as follows.

$$e_i = b_i \oplus x_{i+127}b_i = e_i \oplus x_{i+127}$$

The secret key for encryption and decryption is the seed of the XORG generator.

4 Data on the Disk

- 6. Write a program to compute the combined character frequency from a given list of files.
- 7. Write a program to compute the combined word frequency from a given list of files.
- 8. **Performance Contest** Two files contain sorted list of names. Write a program which generates an output sorted file combining the names from both the files.
- 9. **Challenge Problem** Sort a big file containing list of names. The size of the file is around 50 GB.

5 Bioinformatics

- 10. Will be posted.
- 11. Challenge Problem Will be posted.