

Data And Applications

Homework - 3

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Note: All the queries are single line (no nested queries) commands written in multiple lines just for readability purposes.

Query 1:

- Which Track Has Longest Length?

```
SELECT T1.*  
FROM Track AS T1  
LEFT JOIN Track AS T2  
      ON T1.Milliseconds < T2.Milliseconds  
WHERE T2.Milliseconds IS NULL;
```

(or)

```
SELECT *  
FROM Track  
WHERE Milliseconds = (  
      SELECT MAX(Milliseconds)  
      FROM Track  
);
```

- **Approach 1:**
 - Select all columns from **Track**
 - Arrange them in descending order of **Milliseconds**
 - Limit the output to 1 row, i.e., the row having the highest value of **Milliseconds**

- Approach 2:

- Select maximum **Milliseconds** from **Track**
- Print all rows of the table **Track** where **Milliseconds** is the maximum

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Track ORDER BY Milliseconds DESC LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| TrackID | Name           | AlbumID | Milliseconds | Bytes   | GenreID | ArtistID |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      15 | Under Pressure |        6 |      559000 | 55900000 |        4 |         2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT * FROM Track WHERE Milliseconds = ( SELECT MAX(Milliseconds) FROM Track);
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| TrackID | Name           | AlbumID | Milliseconds | Bytes   | GenreID | ArtistID |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      15 | Under Pressure |        6 |      559000 | 55900000 |        4 |         2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Query 2:

- How many audio tracks were listened to by the people of "Indian" nationality?

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT TrackID) AS Count
FROM Listener AS A,
      ListeningTo AS B
WHERE A.Nationality='Indian'
      AND A.ListenerID=B.ListenerID;
```

- Approach:

- Select only **Nationality** = "Indian" From **Listener** table
- Select all the appropriate rows in the **ListeningTo** table with **ListenerID** as a foreign key
- Count the number of distinct tracks

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT TrackID) AS Count FROM Listener AS A, ListeningTo AS B WHERE Nationality='Indian' AND A.ListenerID=B.ListenerID;
+-----+
| Count |
+-----+
|      12 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

Query 3:

- Which album takes up the maximum space?

```
SELECT A.*,
       SUM(Bytes) AS Size
FROM Album AS A,
```

```

        Track AS T
WHERE A.AlbumID=T.AlbumID
GROUP BY A.AlbumID
ORDER BY Size DESC
LIMIT 1;

```

- **Approach:**

- Select tables **Album** and **Track** with AlbumID as foreign key.
- Group by **AlbumID** and calculate the sum of **Bytes** of a given album
- Order the selected rows in the descending order of sum of bytes.
- Limit the selected rows to be displayed to 1 to get the album of highest bytes, i.e., maximum space

```

mysql> SELECT A.*, SUM(Bytes) AS Size FROM Album AS A,Track AS T WHERE A.AlbumID=T.AlbumID GROUP BY A.AlbumID ORDER BY Size DESC LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+-----+
| AlbumID | Name           | Size      |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 6       | Under Pressure | 803000000 |
+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

Query 4:

- Which nationality listens to music the least?

```

SELECT L.Nationality
FROM Listener AS L,
      ListeningTo AS LT
WHERE L.ListenerID=LT.ListenerID
GROUP BY L.Nationality
ORDER BY SUM(LT.Milliseconds) ASC
LIMIT 1;

```

- **Approach:**

- Select **Listener** and **ListeningTo** using **ListenerID** as Foreign key
- Group by **Nationality**
- Order by the sum of **Time** for a given nationality
- Limit the selected rows to be displayed to 1 to get the nationality having lowest listening time.

```

mysql> SELECT L.Nationality FROM Listener AS L, ListeningTo AS LT WHERE L.ListenerID=LT.ListenerID GROUP BY L.Nationality ORDER BY SUM(LT.Milliseconds) ASC LIMIT 1;
+-----+
| Nationality |
+-----+
| Indian      |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

Query 5:

- Which genre is listened to by the most people among "Americans"?

```

SELECT G.*
FROM Genre AS G,
      Track AS T,
      ListeningTo AS LT,
      Listener AS L
WHERE L.Nationality='American'
      AND L.ListenerID=LT.ListenerID
      AND LT.TrackID=T.TrackID
      AND T.GenreID=G.GenreID
GROUP BY G.GenreID
ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
LIMIT 1;

```

- **Approach:**
 - Select all columns in **Genre** from **Genre**, **Track**, **ListeningTo** and **Listener** tables using **Nationality**, **ListenerID**, **TrackID**, **GenreID** as foreign keys.
 - Group them using **GenreID**
 - Order them by the number of times each genre is appearing in the table from highest to lowest, i.e., descending order
 - Limit the selected rows to be displayed to 1 to get the genre that appeared the most number of times

```

mysql> SELECT G.* FROM Genre AS G, Track AS T, ListeningTo AS LT, Listener AS L WHERE L.Nationality='American' AND L.ListenerID=LT.ListenerID AND LT.TrackID=T.TrackID AND T.GenreID=G.GenreID GROUP BY G.GenreID ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+
| GenreID | Name |
+-----+-----+
| 4 | Rap |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```

Query 6:

- Which artist did not make any albums at all?

```

SELECT A.*
FROM Artist AS A
LEFT JOIN Track AS T
      ON A.ArtistID=T.ArtistID
GROUP BY A.ArtistID
      HAVING COUNT(T.ArtistID) = 0;

```

- **Approach:**
 - Select all columns in **Artist** from **Artist** and **Track** using **ArtistID** as foreign key (mandating every artist to appear using left join).
 - Group by **ArtistID**
 - Print all artists who have 0 rows in the **Track** table, which can be obtained by using the condition **COUNT(T.ArtistID) = 0**

```
mysql> SELECT A.Name FROM Artist AS A LEFT JOIN Track AS T ON A.ArtistID=T.ArtistID GROUP BY A.Name HAVING COUNT(T.ArtistID) = 0;
+-----+
| Name |
+-----+
| Vennu Mallesh |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Query 7:

- Which artists did not record any tracks of the "Pop" Genre type?

```
SELECT A.Name
FROM Artist AS A
LEFT JOIN Genre AS G LEFT JOIN Track AS T
      ON T.GenreID=G.GenreID AND G.Name='Pop' ON
A.ArtistID=T.ArtistID
GROUP BY A.ArtistID
      HAVING COUNT(T.ArtistID) = 0;
```

- Approach:
 - Left Join the table Genre to Track where GenreID in Genre and Track tables are same and the Genre is Pop after which left join the Artist table to this table where ArtistID in both the tables are same
 - Group by ArtistID and select the artists which did not appear in the first table

```
mysql> SELECT A.Name FROM Artist AS A LEFT JOIN Genre AS G LEFT JOIN Track AS T ON T.GenreID=G.GenreID AND G.Name='Pop' ON A.ArtistID=T.ArtistID GROUP BY A.Name HAVING COUNT(T
.ArtistID) = 0;
+-----+
| Name |
+-----+
| Logic |
| Vennu Mallesh |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```