Lab Exercise 2

Process Forking

Name: Abhinav Pandey Roll No. : AM.EN.U4AIE21088

1. What is the output of the following code that you are getting?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>

int main ()
{
    int id, ret;

    ret = fork();
    id = getpid();
    printf("\n My identifier is ID = [%d]\n", id);
```

Answer:

```
// Abhinav Pandey
   #include <stdio.h>
   #include <unistd.h>
 3
   #include <sys/types.h>
 5
 6 int main() {
        int id, ret;
 7
 8
        ret = fork();
 9
        id = getpid();
10
       printf("\n My id = [\%d]\n", id);
11
12 return 0;
13 }
```

```
My id = [1247]
My id = [1248]
```

2. What is the output of the following code? How many processes are being created including the parent process? Draw the process graph to trace the fork calls.

Answer:

```
// Abhinav Pandey
   #include <stdio.h>
2
3
4 * int main() {
       int id, ret;
5
6
7
       ret = fork();
       ret = fork();
8
9
10
       id = getpid();
       printf("\n My id = [%d]\n", id);
11
12
     return 0;
13 }
```

```
My id = [553]
My id = [552]
My id = [551]
My id = [554]
```

3. What is the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>

void fork3()
{
    int ret;

    ret = fork();
    if (ret == 0)
        printf("\n [%d] Hello from child", getpid());
    else
        printf("\n [%d] Hello from parent", getpid());
}
int main ()
{
    fork3();
    return 0;
}
```

Answer:

```
// Abhinav Pandey
 2
    #include <stdio.h>
 3
 4 * void fork3() {
 5
        int ret;
 6
 7
        ret = fork();
 8
        if(ret == 0)
 9
            printf("\n [%d] Hello from child \n",getpid() );
10
11
        else
            printf("\n [%d] Hello from parent \n",getpid() );
12
13
14 }
15
16 - int main(){
        fork3();
17
18
        return 0:
19 }
```

```
/tmp/QyJUpg8ibx.o
[1731] Hello from parent
[1732] Hello from child
```

4. What is the output of the following code? How many processes are being created including the parent process? Draw the process graph to trace the fork calls.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
void
fork4 ()
{
    printf ("\n[%d] L0 \n", getpid ());
    fork ();
    printf ("\n[%d] L1 \n", getpid ());
    fork ();
    printf ("\n[%d] bye \n", getpid ());
}

int
main ()
{
    fork4 ();
    return 0;
}
```

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
3
4
   void fork4(){
5
       printf("\n[%d] L0 \n", getpid());
6
       fork();
       printf("\n[%d] L1 \n", getpid());
7
8
       fork();
9
       printf("\n[%d] bye \n", getpid());
0
1
   int main(){
2 -
       fork4();
3
4
       return 0;
5
   }
```

```
[1819] LO
[1819] L1
[1820] L1
[1819] bye
[1820] bye
[1822] bye
[1821] bye
```

- 5. Write a C program called sumfact.c that does the following:
 - 1. Takes an integer argument (say, N1) from the command line.
 - 2. Forks two children processes
 - a. First child computes 1+2+...+N1 (sum of positive integers up to N1) and prints out the result and its own process ID.
 - b. Second child computes 1*2*...*N1 (the factorial of N1) and prints out the result and its own process ID.
 - 3. Parent waits until both children are finished, then prints out the message "Done" and its own process ID.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
# include <stdio.h>
void sum of positive(int a){
    for(int i=1;i<=a;i++){
        s=s+i;
    printf("Sum of positive numbers is %d",s);
    printf("\n Identifier ID is [%d] \n ",getpid());
void sum of factorial(int a){
    int s1 = 1;
    for(int i=1;i<=a;i++){
        s1=s1*i;
    printf("Sum of factorial is %d",s1);
   printf("\n Identifier ID is [%d] \n ",getpid());
int main(){
   int n, ret,ret1;
   printf("%s","Enter The Number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    ret = fork();
    if(ret ==0){
        ret1 = fork();
        if(ret1 == 0){
            sum of factorial(n);
       else{
            sum of positive(n);
    else{
   wait(NULL);
   wait(NULL);
    printf("\n DONE \n");
    printf("\n Identifier ID is [%d] \n ",getpid());
```