

## Paper-II

### ENGLISH LANGUAGE

**Note :** Attempt all questions. All questions are compulsory.

1. (a) Do as directed (any **twenty**) :

Add 'a' or 'an' where necessary :

- (i) \_\_\_\_ window is made of glass.
- (ii) Coffee is \_\_\_\_ drink.
- (iii) Cat has \_\_\_\_ tail.
- (iv) Give me an ink to write \_\_\_\_ letter.

Add 'some' or 'any' as required :

- (v) There isn't \_\_\_\_ milk in the pot.
- (vi) Will you have \_\_\_\_ more tea.
- (vii) Can you give me \_\_\_\_ more information.

Rewrite the following sentences using 'too' or 'enough' :

- (viii) This milk is very hot : I can't drink it.

Supply 'too' or 'very' to complete the sentence :

- (ix) I am \_\_\_\_ tired to walk.

Use 'if', 'even if', 'unless' or 'otherwise' :

- (x) He will come \_\_\_\_ you write to him.

Put the verbs in brackets into the past indefinite tense :

- (xi) I (go) to work by car.
- (xii) Raina (speaks) slowly.
- (xiii) It (smells) good.

Fill in the blanks with prepositions where necessary :

- (xiv) He told lies \_\_\_\_ the police.

- (xv) Giving presents to children is something very difficult.



(xvi) I go to college \_\_\_\_ bus.

(xvii) Suresh sat \_\_\_\_ his father and his mother.

Fill in the blanks with 'possessives' or 'self' forms :

(xviii) Have we to do it by \_\_\_\_ ?

Use proper 'modals' in the blanks :

(xix) It's raining I \_\_\_\_ take my raincoat. (compulsion)

(xx) \_\_\_\_ you prosper and live long! (blessing)

Rewrite the following sentences in report speech :

(xxi) "Do you want tea or coffee?" the bearer asked.

(xxii) He said, "Do you know Mohan?"

Combine the following sentences into a simple sentences using a gerund :

(xxiii) I insisted. I must see the certificate.

(xxiv) He stopped. He used to smoke.

Change the voice :

(xxv) They gave Raina a bicycle.

(b) Give the synonyms of the following words :

image, expanse, divorce, designs, mingling

(c) Give antonyms of the following words :

collective, assimilate, vanish, lovely, wandering

(d) Give meanings of the following words :

fusion, deity, canons, superb, playful

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

Etymologically the word Veda means knowledge and in later times came to mean more specifically, sacred knowledge. The basic texts are the four samhitas or compilations of metrical Hymns or Mantras.

Mantra means that which is thoughts out by the mind and the Sage or Muni is the person who is capable of the deep absorption of the mind leads to the formulation of the Mantra. The four compilations are the Rig Veda, the Sam Veda, the Yajur Veda and the Atharva Veda. Of these, the earliest is the Rig Veda. It consists of over ten thousand stanzas grouped into over thousand hymns collected in ten cycles or mandalas.

**Questions :**

(i) What do you mean by the word Veda?

(ii) What is Mantra?

(iii) How many Vedas are there?

(iv) How many stanzas are there in Rig Veda?

(v) What do you mean by Mandalas?

3. Write a paragraph in about 100 words on any 'one' of the following :

- (i) Fundamental Duties
- (ii) Indian Constitution
- (iii) Dandi Salt March

4. Attempt any 'two' of the following :

- (a) Write an application to your Principal asking him/her to award you merit scholarship.
- (b) Write an application to the Registrar of your University asking him for an early declaration of result.
- (c) Write a letter to your mother telling her about your progress at college.

5. Answer any 'five' of the following question :

- (i) What are the two qualities of mind presented in the poem?
- (ii) What Gods make the Hindu Trinity?
- (iii) What is the most significant quality of Indian civilization?
- (iv) Mention five Vedangas.
- (v) How do illiterate people try to learn the story of Ram?
- (vi) What was the signal of the Dandi March?
- (vii) How many duties are enumerated in the Indian constitution?
- (viii) What does Ghalib mean when he says that he eats cloth?
- (ix) Why did the prince have to pardon the detective?
- (x) Which were the two basic issues on which the Congress petitioned to the British?



**ENGLISH LANGUAGE**  
**(Foundation Course)**  
**Paper-II**

**Note :** Attempt all questions. All questions are compulsory.

1. (a) Do as directed (any *twenty*) :

Add **a** or **an** where necessary :

- (i) Milk comes from cows.
- (ii) Window is made of glass.
- (iii) Chair is made of wood.
- (iv) Fish swims in water.

Add **some** or **any** as required :

- (v) Can you get \_\_\_\_\_ money from the bank?
- (vi) Go and ask him for \_\_\_\_\_ paper.
- (vii) Did you go \_\_\_\_\_ where last night?

Rewrite the following sentence using **too** or **enough** :

- (viii) The fruit is ripe. We can pick it.

Supply **too** or **very** to complete the sentence :

- (ix) He works \_\_\_\_\_ hard.

Use **if** or **unless** or **otherwise** in the blanks :

- (x) Write to him; \_\_\_\_\_ he won't come.

Rewrite the sentences given below using the verbs in brackets the present perfect continuous form :

- (xi) He (live) in this town since 1964.
- (xii) She (study) medicine for the last four years.
- (xiii) She (watch) the TV all evening.

Fill in the blanks with **prepositions** where necessary :

- (xiv) I am going \_\_\_\_\_ home \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.
- (xv) Sitting \_\_\_\_\_ the floor is not very comfortable.
- (xvi) We must try to get \_\_\_\_\_ home \_\_\_\_\_ time \_\_\_\_\_ dinner.
- (xvii) I promised \_\_\_\_\_ my brother a toy train \_\_\_\_\_ a birthday gift.

Use proper **modals** in the blanks :

- (xviii) They \_\_\_\_\_ gladly accept the offer. (willingness)
- (xix) There is no other offer. I \_\_\_\_\_ accept this job. (compulsion)

Fill in the blanks with **possessives** or **self-forms** :

- (xx) He has made \_\_\_\_\_ very unpopular in \_\_\_\_\_ office.

Replace the underlined words with a **Gerund** construction :

- (xxi) I hate to write letters.

Change the voice :

- (xxii) Bulldozers remove the top soil.
- (xxiii) Someone broke the rear mirror of my car.

Change the Narration :

- (xxiv) The visitor said, "I want to speak to you."
- (xxv) The teacher said, "Sit down, Mohan".

- (b) Give the synonyms of the following words :  
charm, isolation, emphasis, rescue, assimilate

- (c) Give the antonyms of the following words :  
past, many, beauty, creative, zenith

- (d) Make nouns of the given adjectives :  
wise, honest, wealthy, admirable, simple

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :**

Happiness, after all, is an inner state of mind. It is little dependent on outside environment. Happiness has very little to do, for instance, with whether you are rich or not rich. Some of the most miserable persons I have come across in my life are the rich people. It is true that poverty makes one miserable in a very acute way. But my point is that it is not wealth but co-ordination of one's thought and action which removes inner conflicts. It is in that way that integration of personality is achieved. We were engaged, as you know, in a very great movement in India. Because that movement was intimately concerned with the freedom of India, I was led to wonder what exactly is India. I knew, of course, the geography of India. I knew many other odd facts about India, too. I was not prepared to accept it on faith that because I was born in India, therefore India was the greatest country in the world. That is the kind of folly in which the people of every country indulge.

- (a) What is happiness?
- (b) Who are some of the most miserable persons?
- (c) What removes inner conflicts?
- (d) What is the kind of folly in which the people of every country indulge?
- (e) Give a suitable title for the passage.

**Write a paragraph in about 100 words on any one of the following :**

- (a) Fusion of cultures in Indian art
- (b) Arts and Indian life
- (c) Regionalism in India



4. Answer any two of the following :
- (a) Write a letter to your father informing him about your studies.
  - (b) Write a letter to your mother asking her to send you some money for buying books.
  - (c) Write an application to your Principal asking him three days leave.

5. Answer any five of the following questions :

- (i) Why does the poet compare 'dead habit' to "dreary desert sand"?
- (ii) How were the arts integral to life in India's past?
- (iii) What kind of world culture we may expect to emerge in future?
- (iv) What is the significance of "Trimurti" in Elephanta?
- (v) Mention three sacrificial fires.
- (vi) What sort of religion did the Vedic people have?
- (vii) What did the British say about their primary objective?
- (viii) What was considered child's play by Gandhi?
- (ix) What is the danger when a country drafts a constitution after a revolution?
- (x) How does communism succeed?

**(Foundation Course)**  
**ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

**Paper : Second**

**Note :** Attempt all questions. All questions are compulsory.

1. (a) Do as directed : (any *twenty*)

Add a, an, the or some if necessary.

(i) John and Jane went up \_\_\_\_\_ hill to fetch \_\_\_\_\_ pail of water.

(ii) There's \_\_\_\_\_ horse in \_\_\_\_\_ garden.



- (iii) \_\_\_\_\_ honesty is \_\_\_\_\_ best of all virtues.  
(iv) \_\_\_\_\_ youngest brother is at \_\_\_\_\_ school now.

Fill in the blanks with the Past Indefinite Tense :

(v) I meet him on monday.

(vi) It smells good.

(vii) Raina speaks slowly.

Add Some or any :

(viii) Will you have \_\_\_\_\_ more tea?

(ix) Can you get \_\_\_\_\_ money from bank?

(x) Can you give me \_\_\_\_\_ more information?

Rewrite the following sentence using too or enough :

(xi) I am very tired. I can sleep all right.

Supply too or very to complete the sentence :

(xii) I'am \_\_\_\_\_ busy : I can't see you today.

Supply if, even if, unless or otherwise in the blank as appropriate :

(xiii) You must do as you are told \_\_\_\_\_ you will be dismissed.

Use proper modals in the blanks :

(xiv) \_\_\_\_\_ you prosper and live long! (Blessing)

(xv) He has sent the message that he \_\_\_\_\_ be late. (Possibility)

Insert prepositions if necessary :

(xvi) I wrote \_\_\_\_\_ my father a letter \_\_\_\_\_ last week.

(xvii) Buying presents \_\_\_\_\_ children is sometimes very difficult.

(xviii) He told lives \_\_\_\_\_ the police.

(xix) Reetika asked \_\_\_\_\_ her father to take a cherry.

Fill in the blanks with Possessives or Self forms :

(xx) Have we to do it all by \_\_\_\_\_.

Combine the sentence below into a simple sentence using gerund :

(xxi) He admitted. He had taken the money.

Change the voice :

(xxii) Somebody has stolen my book.

(xxiii) People has praised his work.

Change the following into reported speech :

(xxiv) I said, "I'll never get married".

(xxv) He said, "I'm learning French".

(b) Give synonyms of the following words :

Expanse, Mingling,

Design, Image,

Divorce

(c) Match the words with their meanings :

A

B

(i) revolution

(a) right to vote

(ii) innovation

(b) a complete and forcible overthrow of an established government

(iii) Suffrage

(c) introducing something new

(iv) recognize

(d) accept

(v) conscious

(e) very great

(vi) incalculable

(f) fully aware

(vii) fallibility

(g) liability to err

(viii) degenerate

(h) violent condemnation

(ix) vituperation

(i) incapable of existing together in harmony

(x) Incompatible

(j) decline

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

Books are most lasting products of human efforts. Temples may ruin, pictures and statues may decay but the books survive. Time does not destroy the great thought, which are as fresh today as they first passed through and said still speak to us as early as ever from the printed pages. The only effect of time has been to throw out of currency, the bad products for nothing in literature could long survive but what is really good. Books introduce us into the presence of the greatest minds that ever lived. Books are the mirror of the contemporary society. they reflect the contemporary way of life and civilization. We hear what they said and did. We see them as if they are still alive. We sympathize with them, enjoy with them and grieve with them. In a way we move in their company and their experience becomes ours. Without books no fresh ideas are possible and without fresh ideas no cultured society is possible. No wonder that the world keep its books with great care.

Questions :

- (i) Give a suitable heading to the passage.
- (ii) How are the books most lasting products of human life?
- (iii) How do books introduce us into the best society?
- (iv) What do you books reflect?
- (v) What is not possible without books?

3. Write a paragraph in about 100 words on any one of the following topics :

- (i) Hindu homes and art

(ii) Indian painting

(iii) Advantages of having green trees around us.

4. Answer any two of the following questions :

- (i) Write a letter to your friend who has had a road accident wishing him speedy recovery.
- (ii) Write a letter to your younger brother telling him about what in Indian culture has already perished.
- (iii) Write a letter to a Bank Manager for an early settlement of your bills.

5. Answer any five of the following questions :

- (i) What are the two qualities of mind presented in the poem by Tagore?
- (ii) What did the tribes and races that made India their home bring with them?
- (iii) In what way was Goethe indebted to India?
- (iv) How does Indian dance provide manifestation of the inner state and vision?
- (v) What was the purpose of the Brahamana granthas?
- (vi) Why are actions necessary?
- (vii) How were the British able to establish their empire in India?
- (viii) What required imagination, dignity and the sense of showmanship of a great artists?
- (ix) Why do people in India say, "If this is wrong what can I do"?
- (x) What is socialism?



1. (a) Do as directed : (any *twenty*)
  - (i) .....birds can fly very high in ..... sky.  
(Supply a, an, some or the, where necessary)
  - (ii) .....clouds over .....sea are lovely today.  
(Supply a, an, some or the, where necessary)
  - (iii) There's..... horse in ..... garden.  
(Supply a, an, some or the; where necessary)
  - (iv) .....youngest brother is at ..... school now.  
(Supply a, an, some or the: where necessary)
  - (v) She (take up) the new job already.  
(Rewrite the sentence using the verb in brackét in the Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous form whichever is appropriate)
  - (vi) The Volcano (create) havoc ever since it erupted.  
(Rewrite the sentence using the verb in bracket in the Present Perfect or Present Perfect Continuous form whichever is appropriate)
  - (vii) Karan likes Cqca-Cola.  
(Put the verb in the Past Indefinite Tense)
  - (viii) Raina speaks slowly. (Put the verb in the Past Indefinite Tense)
  - (ix) The car had nobody in it but the engine : (run).  
(Put the verb in the Past Continuous Tense)
  - (x) It's very cold; we cannot goout.  
(Rewrite the sentence using 'too' or 'enough')
  - (xi) You are quite clever; you know it well.  
(Rewrite the sentence using 'too' or 'enough')
  - (xii) He works ..... hard.  
(Supply very or too to complete the sentence)
  - (xiii) ..... you prosper and live long ! (blessing)  
(Fill in the blank with a modal to show blessing)
  - (xiv) He has sent the message that he ..... be late. (possibility)  
(Fill in the blank with a modal to show possibility)
  - (xv) She ..... tell her father the whole truth.  
(Absence of Courage)  
(Fill in the blank with a modal to show absence of Courage)
  - (xvi) "Shall I live to be hundred", the old man asked.  
(Change the narration)
  - (xvii) "Can you tell me why the boss was so angry?" Enquired the secretary.  
(Change the narration)
  - (xviii) Could you lend ..... me your English work-book.  
(Insert suitable preposition if required)



(xix) They showed ..... us photograph of their two daughters.  
(Insert suitable preposition if required)

(xx) The head master read the annual report. (Change the voice)

(xxi) Leonardo painted Monalisa. (Change the voice)

(xxii) Have we to do it all by ..... ?  
(Fill in the blank with the Possessive or Self form)

(xxiii) (a) Indian art was shaped by many qualities.

(b) It was shaped by many ideals. (Combine the sentences)

(xxiv) Forgive me because I had to interrupt you.

(Replace the underlined with a gerund construction)

(xxv) I insisted. I must see the certificate.

(Combine the sentences into a simple one)

(xxvi) He admitted. He had taken the money.

(Combine the sentences into a simple one)

(b) Vocabulary :

(i) Give synonyms of the following words : (any five)

distress,	disgrace,
ruined,	interfere,
tremendous,	apparent,
radiant,	obtain.

(ii) Give anyonyms of the following words : (any five)

poverty,	vanish,
Long,	rapid,
adequate,	insincerity,
assimilate,	dubious.

(iii) Use the following words in the sentences of your own : (five)

varied,	playful,
superb,	fusion,
evoke,	heritage,
cult,	myth.
mirage.	

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.  
To my mind the two most important aspects of the constitution are that it sets up a democratic and a secular state. The democratic form of Government requires that ultimately the popular will must prevail. It is impossible for people directly to govern themselves and therefore a system of representative Government is devised, and as you know, representative institutions are based upon Adult suffrage. Even in representative institutions, you may have one of two forms. You may have a responsible Government as in England, or you may have

irremovable executive as in the United States, and looking to our past history we selected the responsible form of Government.

Questions :

- What are the two important aspects of Constitution ?
- What does the democratic form of Government require ?
- Why is the representative system of Government devised ?
- Where are our representative institutions based upon ?
- What are the two forms of representative institutions ?

Write a paragraph in about 150 words on any one of the following topics :

- The Hindu Trinity
  - The Ramanyana and the Mahabharata
  - Our faculty of criticism
- (a) Write an application to the Bank Manager of SBI to open your saving bank account.
- (b) Write a letter to your friend inviting to attend the marriage ceremony of your sister.

Answer any five of the following questions :

- Why does the poet compare 'dead habbit' to dreary desert sand ?
- How are the figures of men and women depicted in Indian Art ?
- In what way was Goethe indebted to India ?
- What is the significance of 'Trimurti' in Elephanta ?
- Mention three sacrificial fire.
- Who was the author of the Mahabharata ?
- What was the slogan that Tilak gave to the Indian Masses ?
- How many days did it take the Satyagrahis to reach Dandi ?
- What sort of judiciary have we in India ?
- How does the trees sing ?

## ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES

प्रश्न : सभी पाँच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। प्रत्येक इकाई से एक प्रश्न करना अनिवार्य है। सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।

उत्तर : Attempt all five questions. One question from each Unit is compulsory. All questions carry equal marks.

### इकाई-1/Unit-1

प्राकृतिक संसाधन क्या है ? प्राकृतिक संसाधनों के संरक्षण में व्यक्तियों की भूमिका को संक्षेप में समझाइए।

What is natural resource ? Explain the role of people in conservation of natural resources.



## ENGLISH LANGUAGE

### Paper : Second

*Note : Attempt all questions. All questions are compulsory.*

1. (a) Do as directed : (any twenty) :
  - Add 'a', 'an' or 'some' wherever necessary.
    - (i) Orange grows on tree.
    - (ii) Good student is never late for class.
    - (iii) Window is made of glass.
    - (iv) Fish swims in water.

Rewrite the sentences given below using the verbs in brackets in the present perfect continuous form.

    - (v) She (study) medicine for the last four years.
    - (vi) He (work) all day; he must be extremely tired.
    - (vii) Mother (cook) all the morning but the meal is not yet ready.

Put the verbs in the sentences given below into the past indefinite tense.

    - (viii) I dream every night.
    - (ix) It smells good.

Use the following words in sentences of your own :

    - (x) Freedom knowledge.

Fill in the blanks with appropriate models :

    - (xi) We ..... aim at noble goals. (Desirability)
    - (xii) ..... I come in sir. (Permission)
    - (xiii) They ..... gladly accept with offer. (Willingness)

Rewrite the following in reported speech :

    - (xiv) The visitor said, "I want to speak to you."
    - (xv) My wife said, "I'll answer the phone for you."

Combine the following sentences into one simple sentences :

    - (xvi) Indian art is national.  
Indian art is objectives.
    - (xvii) The paintings of Ajanta are beautiful.  
The paintings of Ajanta are timeless.

Change the voice of the following sentences :

- (xviii) Open the door.
  - (xix) Make these announcements.
  - (xx) Mona Lisa was painted by Leonardo.
- Insert suitable preposition :
- (xxi) I am going ..... home ..... Saturday.
  - (xxii) Sitting ..... the floor in not very comfortable.
  - (xxiii) Could you lend ..... me your English work-book.
- Replace the underlined words with a ground construction :
- (xxiv) You must admit that you copied in the examination.
  - (xxv) He hates to write letters.
- (b) Match the words in list 'A' with meanings in column 'B' :
 

A	B
Radiant	Native
Zenith	An aspect of something
Fact	A large house
Mansion	Leader of a clan or tribe
Indigenous	The highest point
Sect	Bright
Chieftain	Guess
Homage	Showered with water
Sprinkled	tribute
Conjecture	A group of people united by religious beliefs and opinions
  - (c) Find antonyms of the following words (any five) :  
Truth, Unity, Human, Protect, Adequate, Insincerity, Rapid, Assimilate.
2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :
 

The Indian elephant, which is smaller than its African brother, is usually about nine feet in height and three tons in weight. Elephants in India prefer to live places where there is plenty of forest and bamboo plants. At the beginning of the rains they come out into the open places to eat the young grass, but during the rains they move about from forest to forest, always traveling in single file. A herd of wild elephant usually consists of thirty to fifty animals. Usually belonging to the same family. If food is scarce, the herd usually breaks up into smaller groups of ten or twelve, travelling about quite near one another and joining up again when conditions improve. The leaders of the herd is usually a female, and when a herd is on the move, the females and their young travel in front and the male behind. Some males occasionally leave the herd and live by



themselves : they are often fierce and quarrel some and are known as 'rogue' elephants.

Questions :

- (i) Where do elephants live in India?
  - (ii) What do elephants do at the beginning of rains?
  - (iii) How do elephants travel in the forests?
  - (iv) Which elephants are called rogues?
  - (v) What is the title of the passage?
3. Write a short paragraph of about 150 words on any one of the following topics :
- (i) Influence of Indian Culture on South-East Asia
  - (ii) Regionalism in India
  - (iii) Individual Freedom
4. Attempt any two of the following questions :
- (i) Write an application to the Registrar of Surguja University asking him for an early declaration of result.
  - (ii) Write a letter to a branch manager to open a current account.
  - (iii) Write a letter to the Direction of Education for appointment as a teacher.
5. Answer any five of the following questions :
- (i) What is meant by the expression 'knowledge is free'?
  - (ii) What goods make the Hindu trinity?
  - (iii) What is the most significant quality of Indian Civilization?
  - (iv) In what does the cultural heritage of India lie?
  - (v) Explain the meaning of the term "Upanishad".
  - (vi) Who wrote the Ramcharitmanas?
  - (vii) What happened in 1857?
  - (viii) What sort of judiciary have we in India?
  - (ix) What will happen if the trees are not taken care of?