

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

d=pd.read_csv("SampleSuperstore .csv")
df=pd.DataFrame(d)
print('Data has been succesfully imported')
df.head
```

↗ Data has been succesfully imported

<bound method NDFrame.head of													Ship Mode	Segment	Country	City	State \
0	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Henderson	Kentucky			
1	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Henderson	Kentucky			
2	Second	Class	Corporate	United	States								Los Angeles	California			
3	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Fort Lauderdale	Florida			
4	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Fort Lauderdale	Florida			
...			
9989	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Miami	Florida			
9990	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9991	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9992	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9993	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Westminster	California			

Postal Code Region													Category	Sub-Category	Sales	Quantity \
0	42420	South		Furniture	Bookcases	261.9600									2	
1	42420	South		Furniture	Chairs	731.9400									3	
2	90036	West	Office	Supplies	Labels	14.6200									2	
3	33311	South		Furniture	Tables	957.5775									5	
4	33311	South	Office	Supplies	Storage	22.3680									2	
...	
9989	33180	South		Furniture	Furnishings	25.2480									3	
9990	92627	West		Furniture	Furnishings	91.9600									2	
9991	92627	West		Technology	Phones	258.5760									2	
9992	92627	West	Office	Supplies	Paper	29.6000									4	
9993	92683	West	Office	Supplies	Appliances	243.1600									2	

Discount Profit		
0	0.00	41.9136
1	0.00	219.5820
2	0.00	6.8714
3	0.45	-383.0310
4	0.20	2.5164
...
9989	0.20	4.1028
9990	0.00	15.6332
9991	0.20	19.3932
9992	0.00	13.3200
9993	0.00	72.9480

[9994 rows x 13 columns]>

df.info

<bound method DataFrame.info of													Ship Mode	Segment	Country	City	State \
0	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Henderson	Kentucky			
1	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Henderson	Kentucky			
2	Second	Class	Corporate	United	States								Los Angeles	California			
3	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Fort Lauderdale	Florida			
4	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Fort Lauderdale	Florida			
...			
9989	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Miami	Florida			
9990	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9991	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9992	Standard	Class	Consumer	United	States								Costa Mesa	California			
9993	Second	Class	Consumer	United	States								Westminster	California			

Postal Code Region													Category	Sub-Category	Sales	Quantity \
0	42420	South		Furniture	Bookcases	261.9600									2	
1	42420	South		Furniture	Chairs	731.9400									3	
2	90036	West	Office	Supplies	Labels	14.6200									2	
3	33311	South		Furniture	Tables	957.5775									5	
4	33311	South	Office	Supplies	Storage	22.3680									2	
...	
9989	33180	South		Furniture	Furnishings	25.2480									3	
9990	92627	West		Furniture	Furnishings	91.9600									2	
9991	92627	West		Technology	Phones	258.5760									2	
9992	92627	West	Office	Supplies	Paper	29.6000									4	
9993	92683	West	Office	Supplies	Appliances	243.1600									2	

Discount Profit		
0	0.00	41.9136
1	0.00	219.5820
2	0.00	6.8714
3	0.45	-383.0310

```
4      0.20    2.5164
...      ...      ...
9989    0.20    4.1028
9990    0.00   15.6332
9991    0.20   19.3932
9992    0.00   13.3200
9993    0.00   72.9480

[9994 rows x 13 columns]>

df.isnull().sum()

Ship Mode      0
Segment        0
Country        0
City           0
State          0
Postal Code    0
Region        0
Category       0
Sub-Category   0
Sales          0
Quantity       0
Discount       0
Profit         0
dtype: int64

df.describe

<bound method NDFrame.describe of      Ship Mode      Segment      Country      City      State \
0      Second Class      Consumer      United States      Henderson      Kentucky
1      Second Class      Consumer      United States      Henderson      Kentucky
2      Second Class      Corporate      United States      Los Angeles      California
3      Standard Class      Consumer      United States      Fort Lauderdale      Florida
4      Standard Class      Consumer      United States      Fort Lauderdale      Florida
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
9989    Second Class      Consumer      United States      Miami      Florida
9990    Standard Class      Consumer      United States      Costa Mesa      California
9991    Standard Class      Consumer      United States      Costa Mesa      California
9992    Standard Class      Consumer      United States      Costa Mesa      California
9993    Second Class      Consumer      United States      Westminster      California

      Postal Code      Region      Category      Sub-Category      Sales      Quantity \
0      42420      South      Furniture      Bookcases      261.9600      2
1      42420      South      Furniture      Chairs      731.9400      3
2      90036      West      Office Supplies      Labels      14.6200      2
3      33311      South      Furniture      Tables      957.5775      5
4      33311      South      Office Supplies      Storage      22.3680      2
...      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
9989    33180      South      Furniture      Furnishings      25.2480      3
9990    92627      West      Furniture      Furnishings      91.9600      2
9991    92627      West      Technology      Phones      258.5760      2
9992    92627      West      Office Supplies      Paper      29.6000      4
9993    92683      West      Office Supplies      Appliances      243.1600      2

      Discount      Profit
0      0.00      41.9136
1      0.00     219.5820
2      0.00      6.8714
3      0.45    -383.0310
4      0.20      2.5164
...      ...      ...
9989    0.20      4.1028
9990    0.00     15.6332
9991    0.20     19.3932
9992    0.00     13.3200
9993    0.00     72.9480

[9994 rows x 13 columns]>
```

```
df.drop(["Postal Code"],axis=1,inplace =True)
```

```
df
```

	Ship Mode	Segment	City	State	Category	Sub-Category	Sales	Quantity
0	Second Class	Consumer	Henderson	Kentucky	Furniture	Bookcases	261.9600	
1	Second Class	Consumer	Henderson	Kentucky	Furniture	Chairs	731.9400	
2	Second Class	Corporate	Los Angeles	California	Office Supplies	Labels	14.6200	
3	Standard Class	Consumer	Fort Lauderdale	Florida	Furniture	Tables	957.5775	
4	Standard Class	Consumer	Fort Lauderdale	Florida	Office Supplies	Storage	22.3680	

```
#total sales
print('Total sales are {}'.format(df["Sales"].sum()))
```

```
#total profit
print("Total profit is {}".format(df["Profit"].sum()))
```

```
Total sales are 2297200.8603000003
Total profit is 286397.0217
```

```
df.columns

Index(['Ship Mode', 'Segment', 'City', 'State', 'Postal Code', 'Category',
       'Sub-Category', 'Sales', 'Quantity', 'Discount', 'Profit'],
      dtype='object')
```

```
df.shape

(9994, 10)
```

```
df.duplicated().sum()

50
```

```
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

df

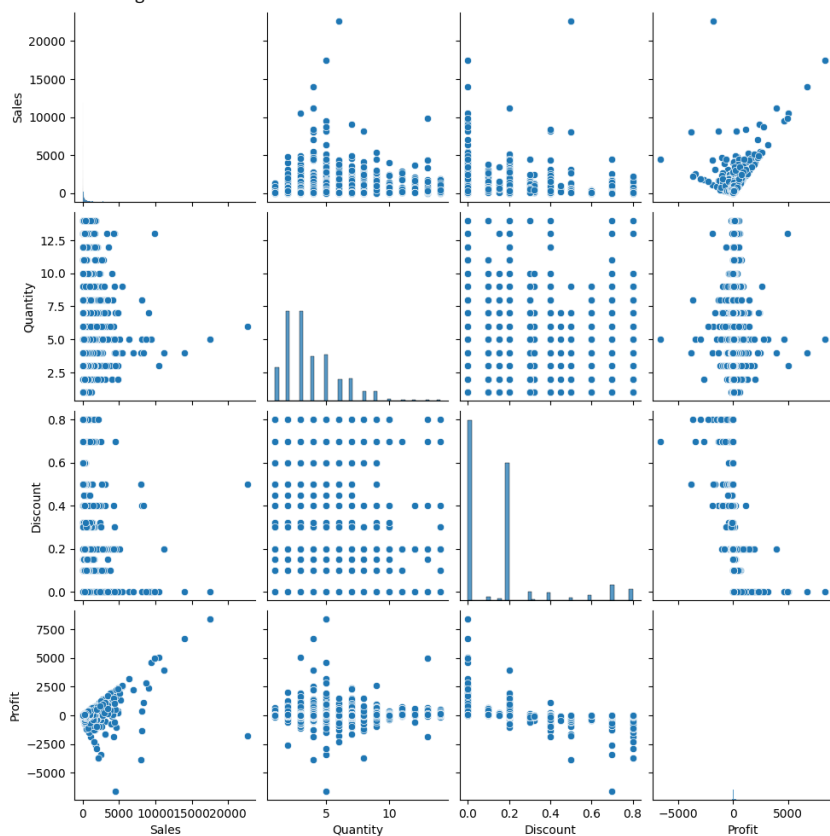
	Ship Mode	Segment	City	State	Category	Sub-Category	Sales	Quantity
0	Second Class	Consumer	Henderson	Kentucky	Furniture	Bookcases	261.9600	
1	Second Class	Consumer	Henderson	Kentucky	Furniture	Chairs	731.9400	
2	Second Class	Corporate	Los Angeles	California	Office Supplies	Labels	14.6200	
3	Standard Class	Consumer	Fort Lauderdale	Florida	Furniture	Tables	957.5775	
4	Standard Class	Consumer	Fort Lauderdale	Florida	Office Supplies	Storage	22.3680	
...
9989	Second Class	Consumer	Miami	Florida	Furniture	Furnishings	25.2480	
9990	Standard Class	Consumer	Costa Mesa	California	Furniture	Furnishings	91.9600	

```
df.duplicated().sum()

0
```

```
sns.pairplot(df)
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7f6b44242c50>



1..As discount increases profit decreases 2.As discount increases sales decreases 3.As sales increases profit increases

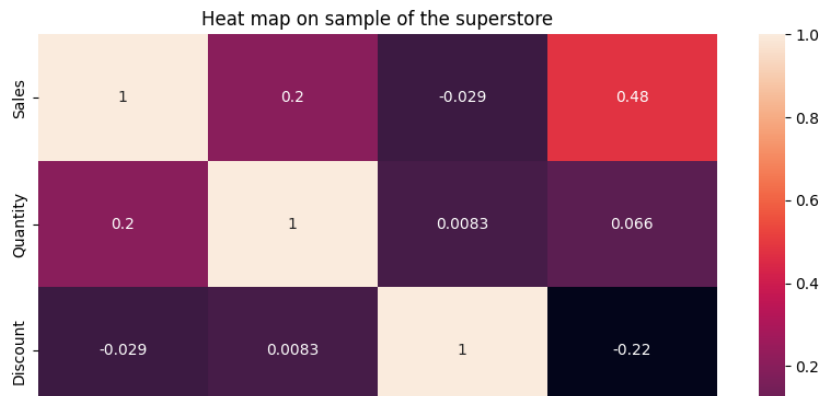
```
df.corr()
```

```
<ipython-input-31-2f6f6606aa2c>:1: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only
df.corr()
```

	Sales	Quantity	Discount	Profit
Sales	1.000000	0.200469	-0.028625	0.479078
Quantity	0.200469	1.000000	0.008307	0.066089
Discount	-0.028625	0.008307	1.000000	-0.219939
Profit	0.479078	0.066089	-0.219939	1.000000

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
plt.title("Heat map on sample of the superstore")
plt.show()
```

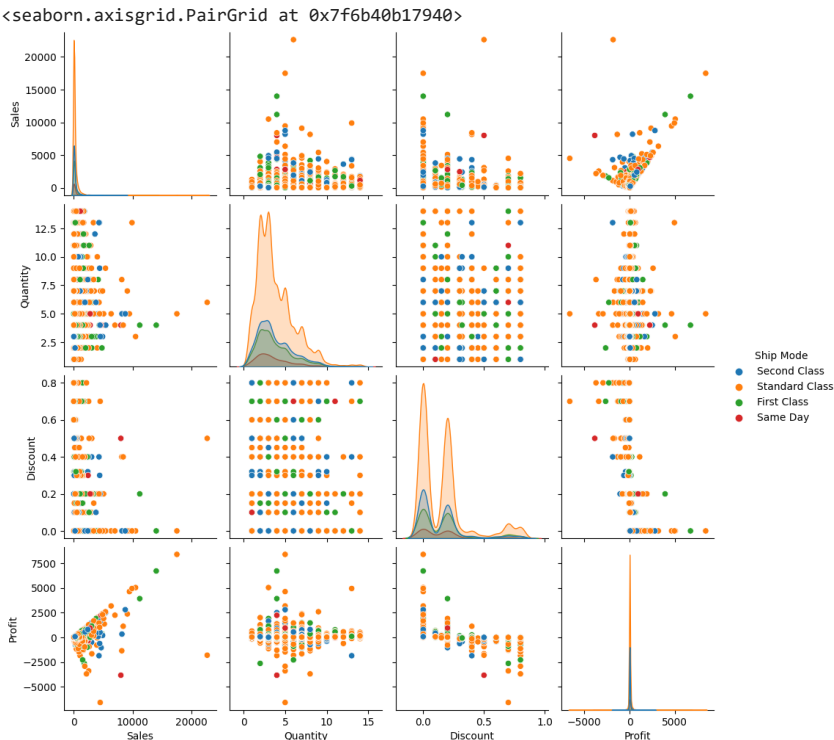
```
<ipython-input-32-436654308bd9>:2: FutureWarning: The default value of numeric_only
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
```



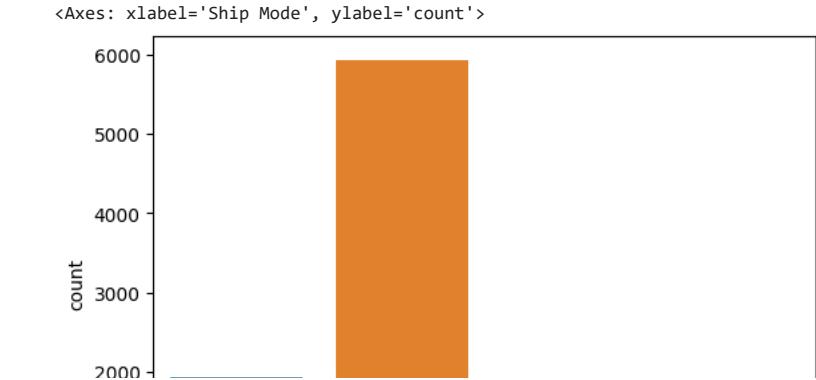
- 1.Most correlation:sales and profit
- 2.Least correlation:Discount and Quantity



```
sns.pairplot(df,hue="Ship Mode")
```

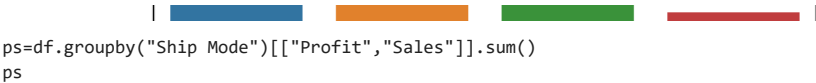


```
sns.countplot(x=df["Ship Mode"])
```



1. Most opted ship mode: Standard class

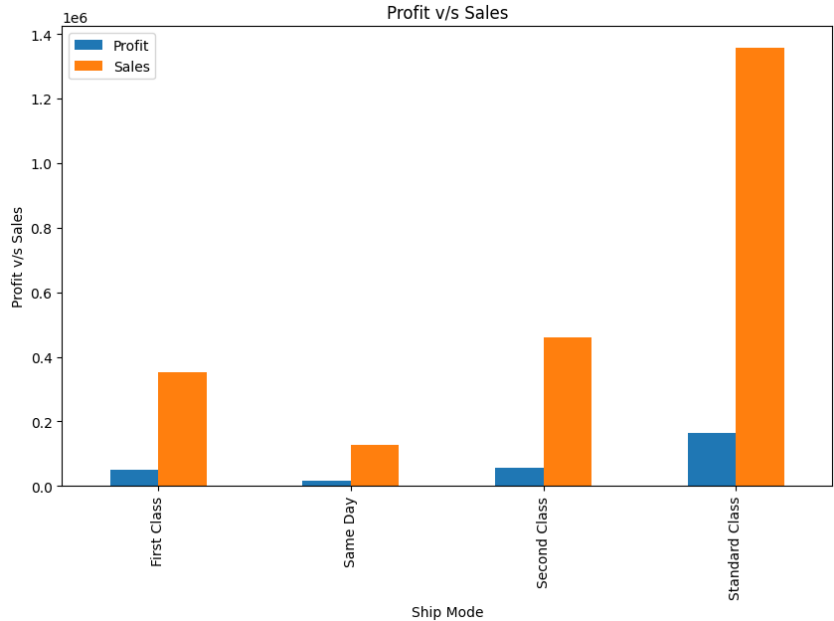
2. Least opted ship mode: same day



```
ps=df.groupby("Ship Mode")[["Profit","Sales"]].sum()
ps
```

	Profit	Sales
Ship Mode		
First Class	48910.4477	3.512746e+05
Same Day	15871.8869	1.283217e+05
Second Class	57425.5716	4.591240e+05
Standard Class	163889.6517	1.355879e+06

```
ps.plot(kind="bar",figsize=(10,6))
plt.title("Profit v/s Sales")
plt.ylabel("Profit v/s Sales")
plt.show()
```



1. Maximum profit and sales: Standard class.

2. Minimum profit and sales: Same day.

```
cat=df["Category"].value_counts()
cat
```

```

Office Supplies    5986
Furniture          2114
Technology         1844
Name: Category, dtype: int64

```

```

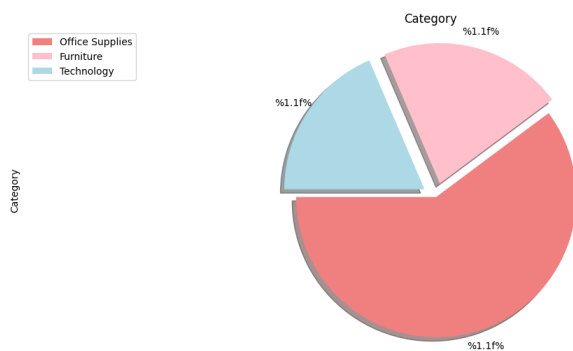
explode_list=[0,0.1,0.1]
colors_list=["lightcoral","pink","lightblue"]
cat.plot(kind="pie",figsize=(15,6),autopct="%%1.1f%%", shadow=True, startangle=180,explode=explode_list, labels=None, pctdistance=1.12, c

```

```

plt.title("Category")
plt.axis("equal")
plt.legend(labels=cat.index,loc="upper left")
plt.show()

```



```

#category wise sales
cs=df.groupby("Category").Sales.sum()
#category wise profit
cp=df.groupby("Category").Profit.sum()

```

```

#sales
ax0=cs.plot(kind="bar",figsize=(10,6),color='lightskyblue')

```

```

#profit
ax0=cp.plot(kind="bar",figsize=(10,6),color="lightcoral")

```

```

ax0.set_title("Category Wise Sales and Profit")
ax0.set_ylabel("Total Sales and Profit")

```

```

plt.show()

```

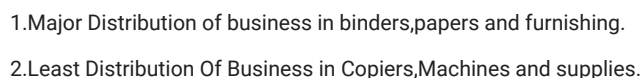


```
sub=df["Sub-Category"].value_counts()
sub
```

```
from matplotlib import cm
cmap = cm.get_cmap("Spectral")
explode_list=[0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1,0.1]
sub.plot(kind="pie",figsize=(15,6),autopct="%1.1f%%", shadow=True, startangle=180,explode=explode_list, labels=None, pctdistance=1.12, c
```

```
plt.title("Sub-Category")
plt.axis("equal")
plt.legend(labels=sub.index, loc="upper left")
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-62-366d5d746f55>:2: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The get_cmap func
cmap = cm.get_cmap("Spectral")
```



8/16


```
x=df.groupby(["Category","Sub-Category"]).Sales.sum()
y=df.groupby(["Category","Sub-Category"]).Profit.sum()
```

▼ Sales

```
fig=plt.figure()
ax0=fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
ax1=fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
ax2=fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
ax3=fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)

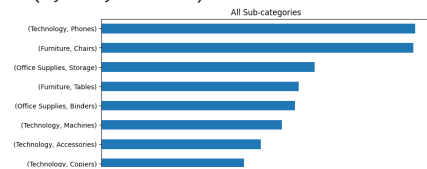
#Furniture
x["Furniture"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax1)
ax1.set_title('Furniture')
ax1.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax1.set_ylabel('Sales')

#Technology
x["Technology"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax2)
ax2.set_title('Technology')
ax2.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax2.set_ylabel('Sales')

#Office supplies
x["Office Supplies"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax3)
ax3.set_title('Office Supplies')
ax3.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax3.set_ylabel('Sales')

#total
x.sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax0)
ax0.set_title('All Sub-categories')
ax0.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax0.set_ylabel('Sales')
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'Sales')



Furniture



▼ Profit

(Office Supplies, Supplies)

```
fig=plt.figure()
ax0=fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
ax1=fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
ax2=fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
ax3=fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)

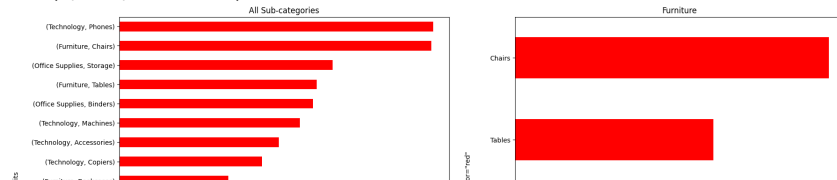
#Furniture
x["Furniture"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax1,color="red")
ax1.set_title('Furniture')
ax1.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax1.set_ylabel('Profits,color="red"')

#Technology
x["Technology"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax2,color="red")
ax2.set_title('Technology')
ax2.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax2.set_ylabel('Profits')

#Office supplies
x["Office Supplies"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax3,color="red")
ax3.set_title('Office Supplies')
ax3.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax3.set_ylabel('Profits')

#total
x.sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax0,color="red")
ax0.set_title('All Sub-categories')
ax0.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax0.set_ylabel('Profits')
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'Profits')



▼ Combined sales and profit

```
(Office Supplies, Art)

#sales
fig=plt.figure()
ax0=fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
ax1=fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
ax2=fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
ax3=fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)

#Furniture
x["Furniture"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax1)
ax1.set_title('Furniture')
ax1.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax1.set_ylabel('Sales')

#Technology
x["Technology"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax2)
ax2.set_title('Technology')
ax2.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax2.set_ylabel('Sales')

#Office supplies
x["Office Supplies"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax3)
ax3.set_title('Office Supplies')
ax3.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax3.set_ylabel('Sales')

#total
x.sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax0)
ax0.set_title('All Sub-categories')
ax0.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax0.set_ylabel('Sales')

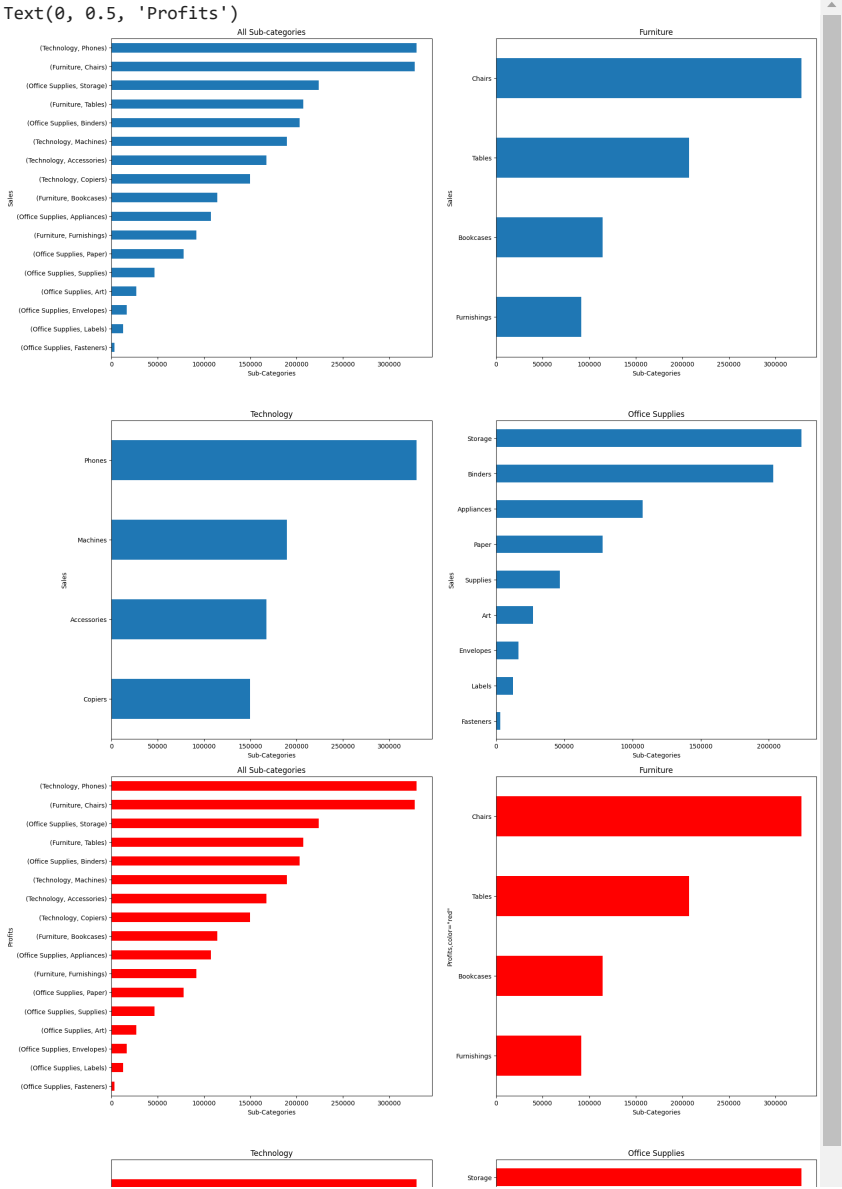
#profit
fig=plt.figure()
ax0=fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
ax1=fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
ax2=fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
ax3=fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)

#Furniture
x["Furniture"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax1,color="red")
ax1.set_title('Furniture')
ax1.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax1.set_ylabel('Profits,color="red"')

#Technology
x["Technology"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax2,color="red")
ax2.set_title('Technology')
ax2.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax2.set_ylabel('Profits')

#Office supplies
x["Office Supplies"].sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax3,color="red")
ax3.set_title('Office Supplies')
ax3.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax3.set_ylabel('Profits')

#total
x.sort_values(ascending=True).plot(kind="barh",figsize=(20,20),ax=ax0,color="red")
ax0.set_title('All Sub-categories')
ax0.set_xlabel('Sub-Categories')
ax0.set_ylabel('Profits')
```



```
state=df["State"].value_counts()
state
```

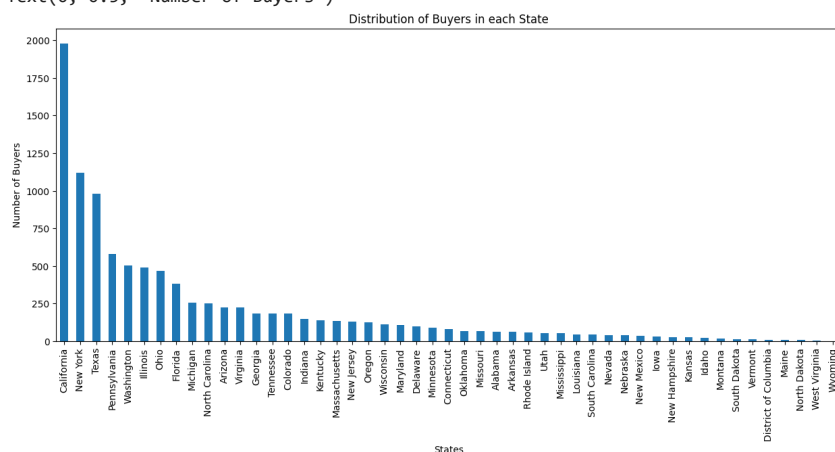
California	1980
New York	1119
Texas	980
Pennsylvania	581
Washington	502
Illinois	490
Ohio	468
Florida	383
Michigan	254
North Carolina	249
Arizona	224
Virginia	224
Georgia	184
Tennessee	183
Colorado	182
Indiana	149
Kentucky	139
Massachusetts	135
New Jersey	130
Oregon	123
Wisconsin	110
Maryland	105
Delaware	96
Minnesota	89
Connecticut	82
Oklahoma	66
Missouri	66
Alabama	61
Arkansas	60
Rhode Island	56
Utah	53
Mississippi	53
Louisiana	42
South Carolina	42

Nevada	39
Nebraska	38
New Mexico	37
Iowa	30
New Hampshire	27
Kansas	24
Idaho	21
Montana	15
South Dakota	12
Vermont	11
District of Columbia	10
Maine	8
North Dakota	7
West Virginia	4
Wyoming	1

Name: State, dtype: int64

```
state.plot(kind='bar',figsize=(15,6))
plt.title("Distribution of Buyers in each State")
plt.xlabel("States")
plt.ylabel("Number of Buyers")
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Buyers')

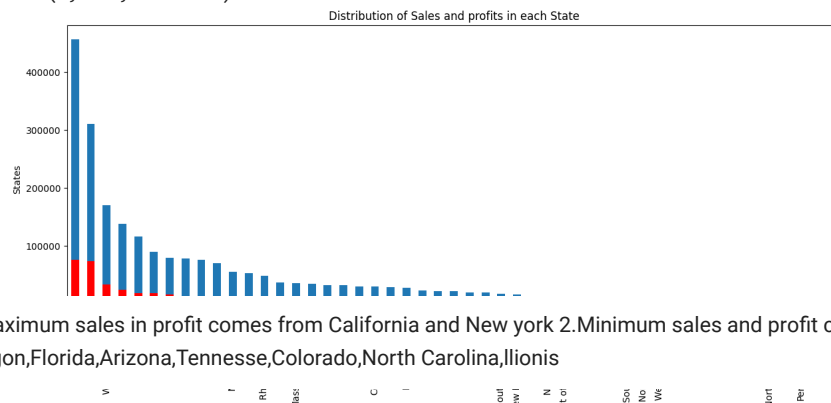


```
ss=df.groupby(["State"]).Sales.sum()
sp=df.groupby(["State"]).Profit.sum()
```

```
#State wise distribution of sales
ss.sort_values(ascending=False).plot(kind="bar", figsize=(15, 6))
plt.xlabel("States")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
```

```
#State wise distribution of Profits
sp.sort_values(ascending=False).plot(kind="bar", figsize=(15,6), color="red")
plt.title("Distribution of Sales and profits in each State")
plt.xlabel("States")
plt.ylabel("Profits")
```

Text(0, 0.5, 'States')

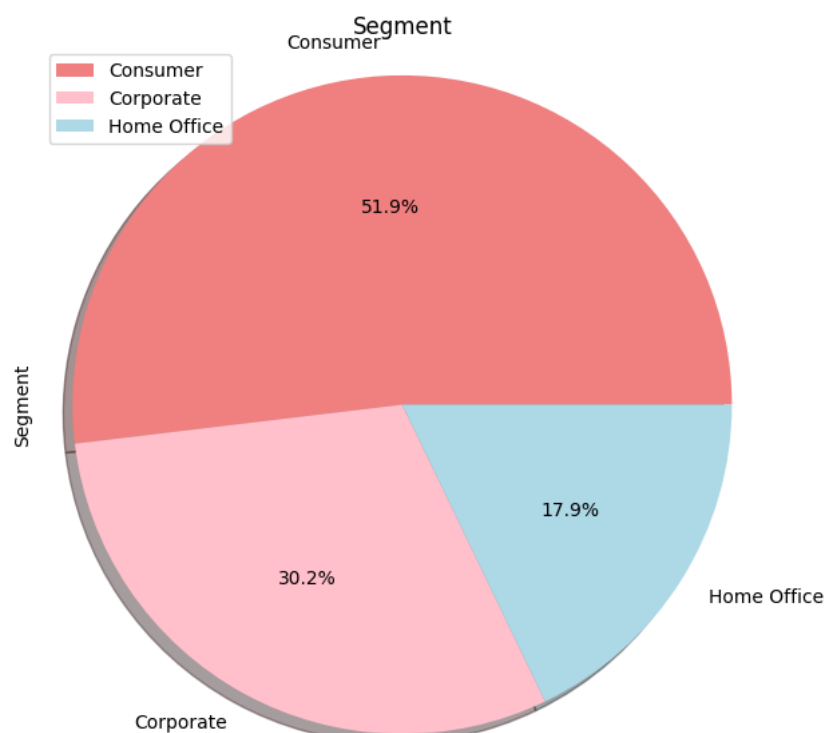


▼ Segment

```
seg=df["Segment"].value_counts()
seg
```

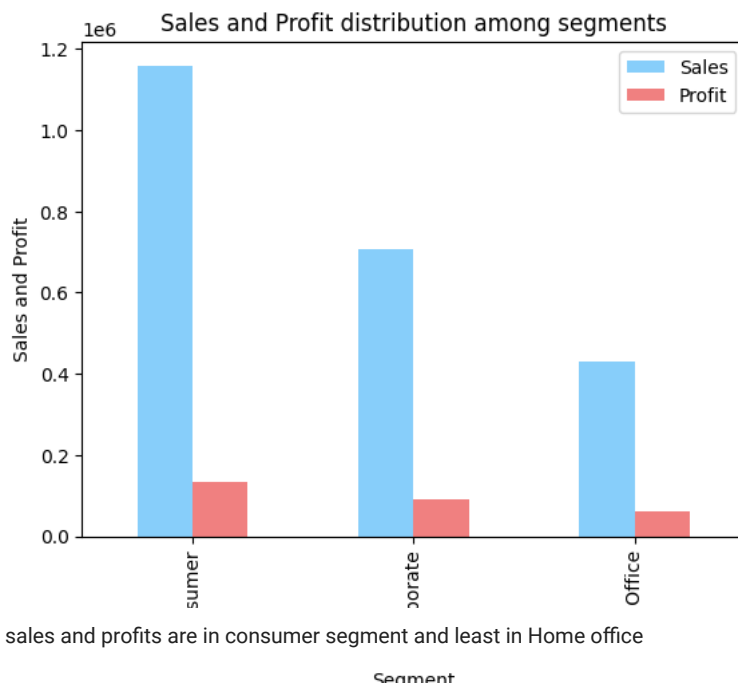
```
Consumer      5160
Corporate     3008
Home Office   1776
Name: Segment, dtype: int64
```

```
seg.plot(kind="pie",figsize=(7,7),autopct="%1.1f%%",shadow=True,label=None,colors=["lightcoral","pink","lightblue"])
plt.title("Segment")
plt.legend(labels=seg.index,loc="upper left")
plt.axis("equal")
plt.show()
```



▼ Sales and profit in different segments

```
df.groupby("Segment")[["Sales", "Profit"]].sum().plot(kind="bar", color=["lightskyblue", "lightcoral"])
plt.ylabel("Sales and Profit")
plt.xlabel("Segment")
plt.title("Sales and Profit distribution among segments")
plt.show()
```



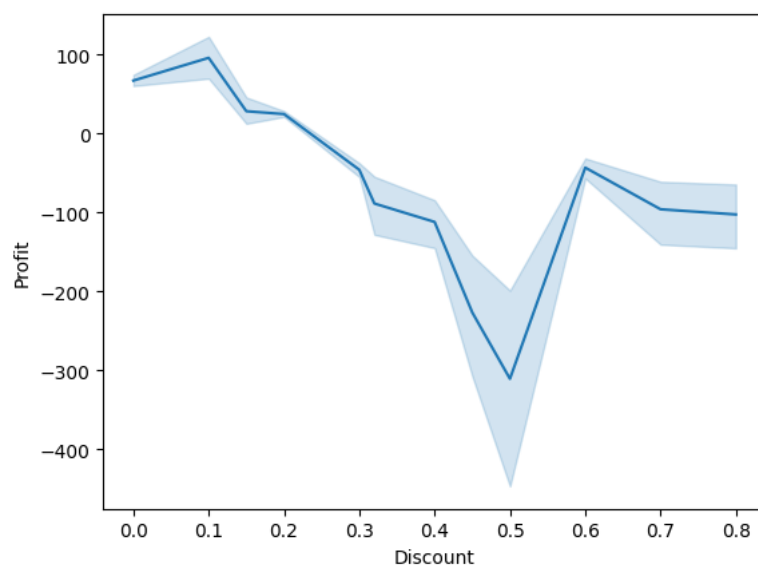
Most sales and profits are in consumer segment and least in Home office

▼ Relation between Profit and Discount

```
df['Discount'].corr(df["Profit"])
```

```
-0.21993898249765037
```

```
sns.lineplot(x="Discount",y="Profit",data=df)
plt.show()
```



Profit and Discount have negative relation

▼ Relation Among Sales, Profit and Discount

```
plt.style.use("seaborn")
```

```
df.plot(kind="scatter",x="Sales",y="Profit",c="Discount", colormap="Spectral")
```

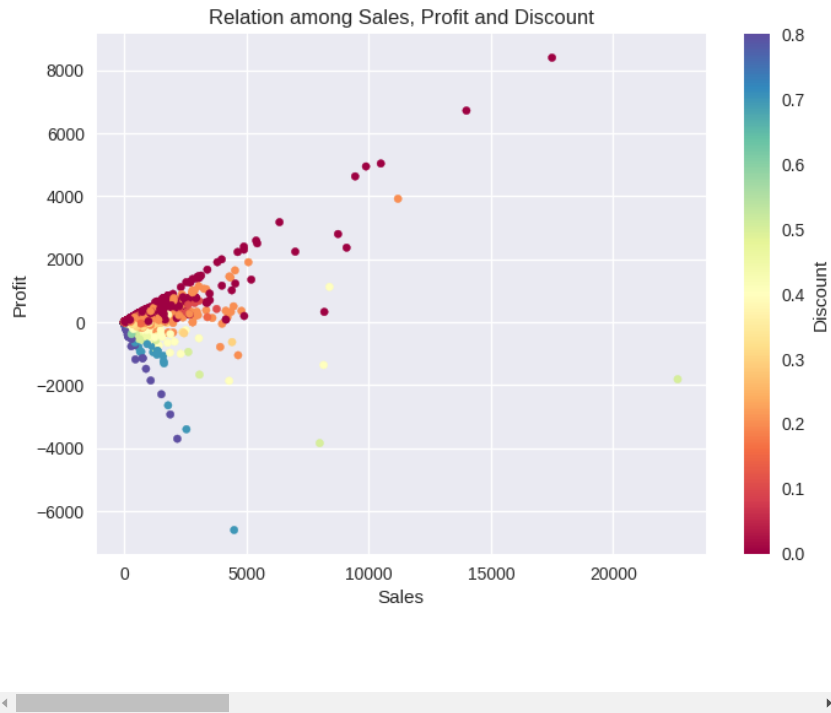
```
plt.xlabel("Sales")
```

```
plt.ylabel("Profit")
```

```
plt.title("Relation among Sales, Profit and Discount")
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-91-8055c9375965>:1: MatplotlibDeprecationWarning: The seaborn style
plt.style.use("seaborn")
```



[Colab notebook](#) [Colab notebook](#)

