PAPER • OPEN ACCESS

An Enhanced Fuel Consumption Machine Learning Model Used in Vehicles

To cite this article: B. Dhanalaxmi et al 2021 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 1979 012068

View the article online for updates and enhancements.

You may also like

 Modeling net effects of transit operations on vehicle miles traveled, fuel consumption, carbon dioxide, and criteria air pollutant emissions in a mid-size US metro area: findings from Salt Lake City, UT

Daniel L Mendoza, Martin P Buchert and John C Lin

- Carbon dioxide emissions from international air transport of people and freight: New Zealand as a case study Anna P Tarr, Inga J Smith and Craig J Rodger
- Decarbonizing US passenger vehicle transport under electrification and automation uncertainty has a travel budget Abdullah F Alarfaj, W Michael Griffin and Constantine Samaras



1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

An Enhanced Fuel Consumption Machine Learning Model Used in Vehicles

Dr. B. Dhanalaxmi¹, M.Varsha², K. Roshan Chowdary³, P. Mokshitha⁴

¹Associate Professor, Department of Information Technology, Institute of Aeronautical Engineering,

Dundigal, Hyderabad, Telangana, INDIA, dinnu18@gmail.com

^{2,3,4}Department of Information Technology, Institute of Aeronautical Engineering, Dundigal, Hyderabad, Telangana, INDIA, mashettyvarsha@gmail.com

Abstract

In the present world, some of the people are not able to pay expenses for petrol/diesel. The model which we are generating will be useful for many people. The system which we are generating is a data summary approach will be based on distance rather than traditional conventional time period when developing personalized machine learning model for fuel consumption. This system is utilized within conjunction with vehicle pace Also seven predictors inferred starting with way review to prepare a neural system model utilizing machine Taking in that predicts Normal fuel utilization done vehicles. The proposed model can be easily developed for each individual vehicle and fitted into one fleet to optimize fuel consumption over entire fleet. The model's predictors are comprehensive on fixed window sizes and on the distance travelled. Different window sizes are evaluated and the results mean that the 1km window can estimate the fuel consumption with a coefficient of 0.91 and it also means less than 4% peak to peak percentage error for routes that include both city and highway duty cycling sections.

Keywords: Data Summarization, Neural Networks, Fleet Management, Fuel consumption, Vehicle modeling

Content from this work may be used under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 licence. Any further distribution of this work must maintain attribution to the author(s) and the title of the work, journal citation and DOI.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

1. Introduction

The average fuel consumption for vehicles is needed and crucial all over the phases of their life-cycle. These models are important to the manufactures to build the parts of vehicles accordingly, regulators and consumers. In general, every customer wants to use less fuel for the vehicles with more profit. In this paper, we are generating a model on average fuel consumption for heavy vehicles during operational phase and maintenance phase [8]. There are few techniques which are used for developing the models for fuel consumption. The techniques mainly fall under three different categories:

Physical-based models: These are generally derived from the components of the vehicle by understanding the physical system at each time interval using some mathematical equations [5].

Machine learning models: Machine learning models are generally data-driven and they represent a shorten mapping from an input space to an output space. In case of average fuel consumption input space contains a set of predictors whereas output space will represent the target output.

Statistical models, these are generally data-driven which are similar to machine learning models but these models statistically establish a mapping between the input and output space i.e., mapping between the probability distribution of a set of predictors and target output [4].

In the proposed system, we generate a model to find average fuel consumption for individual heavy vehicles in a large fleet during their two phases. By generated model the fleet manager can plan an optimized route. The optimized route is different for every vehicle due to different parameters we get and which can depend on the vehicle design [6]. So, these types of fleets or vehicles may be fall in different categories which include road transportation of goods, Public transportation, construction trucks, Semitrailer and refuse trucks. For each and every Fleet of vehicles there will be different methodologies to be applied and also needed to adapt many different vehicle technologies even for future ones with different conFigureurations [1].

2. Related Work

Physics-based, machine learning, Furthermore measurable models have know been used to show Normal fuel use. The epa and the european requisition created material science based, full vehicle Recreation (reenactment) models for commitment vehicles [2]. These models would provided to anticipating Normal fuel usage for a precision from claiming $\pm 3\%$ broke down on true estimations procured from a stream meter. This level of exactness comes at the expense of a significant turn of events exertion. The generalizable qualities of Machine learning models to various vehicles and distinctive working conditions made this demonstrating approach appealing for fuel consumption expectation in numerous examinations [7]. The contribution of recently proposed fuel utilization models additionally shifts extensively. An all-encompassing model may endeavor to catch driver conduct, Vehicle components and the impact of the environmental on the vehicle. For instance, those models exhibited being used mixes of In second, third Furthermore fourth requests of vehicle pace expansion Furthermore speed Similarly as indicators. Those yield of the fuel usage models might be whichever fuel rate (liters/hour) or typical fuel usage (liters/100km) [3]. The target of fuel rate models is to foresee instantaneous fuel utilization. These models will in general endure from a depressed spot insightful exactness (i.e., at the level of each test). By averaging the anticipated fuel rates over an all-encompassing time span or distance, the models are capable to convey moderately exact normal fuel utilization [9].

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

3. Literature Review

B.Lee, and his team utilized nursery discharges model for hefty and medium-obligation vehicle consistence. In this paper all open transportation modes on street territory unit the vital supporter of nursery outflows and fuel use. The Organizations like the Climate insurance and the Public street Traffic Organization finished principles in April 2010 to downsize chlorofluorocarbon discharges and improved efficiency model year vehicles [11]. In 2010, every organization together mirrored the essential ever chlorofluorocarbon discharge norms and rock solid trucks that region unit expected to require sway for model. Vehicles of light-obligation families region unit subject to test for confirmation and congruity. Rather than the light-obligation area any place a gigantic dominant part of vehicles territory unit mass made for typically comparable capacities, medium-and hard core vehicles region unit usually custommade [12]. Stages of motors, transmissions, axles, case outlines, electronic gear, and different distinctive explicit customer necessities have brought about tens or a huge number of truck designs for a couple of truck classes or applications inside the armada for some random year. to help deal with the regulative testing trouble on truck creators and furthermore the public authority organizations, the Ecological Security Office has made the nursery discharge Emanations Model that will be together utilized by every office in light of the fact that the essential instrument to ensure occupation and mix farm hauler hard core vehicles [14].

G. Fontaras, and his team utilized perception gas outflows from hdv in europe-a test confirmation of develop of the arranged methodological approach. As shown by them, the European Commission in joint coordinated effort with genuine Obligation Vehicle makes, the city College of Innovation and completely totally extraordinary counseling and investigation bodies has been setting up a beginner authoritative system for perception and news gas emanations from genuine Obligation Vehicles (HDVs) in Europe. In qualification to rider vehicles and lightweight industrial vehicles, that perception is performed through case dyno estimations, and considering the shift and explicit attributes of the HDV market, it completely resolve that the center of the arranged technique should be upheld a blend of half testing and vehicle reproduction[13]. Stress is set on precisely recreating the exhibition of different vehicle parts and accomplishing practical fuel utilization results. a sign of develop was dispatched preparing to check and demonstrate that these objectives unit of movement achievable. A progression of experiments was led on two absolutely completely totally various trucks, a designer 40ton unit VI, semipermanent van with semitrailer and a DAF eighteen ton unit V inflexible truck. Estimations were performed at the Joint examination Community's HDV undercarriage dyno labs and out and about. A vehicle machine (Vehicle Energy Consumption Calculation tool - VECTO) has been created to be utilized for true perception capacities and together the consequences of the estimations were utilized for its approval [15]. As sources of info the recreation fundamentally based approach considers check track movement of driving protections (eg air drag), assurance of drive train loses and completely totally various customers (for example controlling siphon), action of the motor fuel utilization map as expansion to the motor's benevolent endorsement tests (as portrayed in unit VI enactment). Gas discharges of the vehicle unit of action at that point determined example consistent information record for predefined delegate driving cycles and mission profiles. For the genuine Obligation vehicles checked and mimicked on consistent check course, fuel utilization was determined unendingly at stretches a ±3% change from the necessary world action, and by and large even closer than that (in the request for $\pm 1.5\%$). Given the inconstancy of the specific estimation ($\sigma = 2\%$), it's ended that a future accreditation topic square measure upheld vehicle reenactment instrument [16].

S. Wickramanayake with a member arranged Fuel utilization forecast of armada vehicles exploitation AI. They trained an ability to display and anticipate the fuel utilization is significant in improving efficiency of vehicles and forestalling offensive exercises in armada the board. Fuel utilization of a vehicle relies upon a

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

few interior components like distance, load, vehicle qualities, and driver conduct, conjointly as outside factors like street conditions, traffic, and climate. Be that as it may, not of these components could likewise be estimated or open for the fuel utilization examination. we will in general mull over a case any place exclusively a bunch of the aforementioned factors is available as a multivariate measurement from an all-inclusive distance, public transport while still by implication catching the greatest sum as impacts from various inward and outside factors[17]. AI (ML) is suitable in such examination, in light of the fact that the model might be created by learning the examples in data. During this paper, we will in general analyze the prognosticative capacity of 3 cubic centimeter strategies in anticipating the fuel utilization of the transport, given all available boundaries as a measurement. Upheld the examination, it could be done that the irregular woods method creates a ton of right forecast contrasted with each the inclination boosting and neural organizations [19].

L. Wang, and his group created Displaying substantial/medium duty fuel utilization upheld drive cycle properties. They trained various ways for foreseeing weighty/medium duty vehicle fuel utilization upheld driving cycle data. A polynomial model, a recorder fake neural net model, a polynomial neural organization model, and a variable accommodative relapse sp lines (MARS) model were created and checked exploitation data gathered from skeleton testing performed on a package conveyance diesel truck operational over the extraordinary modern Diesel Truck (HHDDT), city territory genuine Vehicle Cycle (CSHVC), new work Composite Cycle (NYCC), and water powered half breed vehicle (HHV) drive cycles. each model was prepared exploitation one in everything about drive cycles as a preparation cycle thus the different three as testing cycles[18]. By assessment the instructing and testing results, a delegate training cycle was picked and wont to more tune each approach. HHDDT in light of the fact that the training cycle gave the best prognosticative outcomes, because of HHDDT contains a scope of drive qualities, similar to fast, speed increase, standing by, and quickness. Among the four model methodologies, MARS gave the best prognosticative exhibition, with a middle % mistake of -1.84% over the four suspension estimating framework drive cycles. To more pass judgment on the precision of the prognosticative models, the methodologies were applied to certifiable data. MARS beat the contrary 3 methodologies, giving a middle % blunder of −2.2% more than four genuine street sections. The MARS model execution was then contrasted with powertrain displaying results over HHDDT, CSHVC, NYCC, and HHV drive cycles exploitation NREL's Future Auto Frameworks Innovation machine (FASTSim). The outcomes showed that the MARS procedure accomplished equivalent prognosticative execution with FASTSim. Acquaintance accordingly with requests from finish clients and controllers, weighty and medium-obligation (HD/MD) vehicle and motor creators face strain to create item that amplify fuel strength and limit vehicle fuel utilization (FC) and nursery discharge (GHG) outflows. it's significant to build up a method for anticipating HD/MD vehicle FC all through obscure driving cycles upheld the vehicle's deliberate FC from various cycles and subsequently the properties of those cycles as FC is exceptionally eager about obligation cycles. fluctuated analysts have created reenactment models and apparatuses to anticipate FC over very surprising use patterns. Vehicle power train models actually like the Future Car Framework Innovation machine (FASTSim) and Autonom are utilized for foreseeing mileage for differed styles of vehicles [20]. These models give right outcomes; anyway need explained details, which cannot be immediately available. Past examinations have explored FC and outflows from altogether totally extraordinary driving cycles. Taylor et al. contended that the personality of Partner in Nursing motor or case estimating framework check cycle may affect FC and discharges through its intrinsic burden history or transient activity content. Ericsson researched the effect of a curiously large change of cycle properties on a vehicle's FC and emanations. Clark et al. inspected the ability to foresee the discharges over a cycle dependent on upon the vehicle's deliberate

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

outflows from various cycles and properties of those cycles. the objective of this investigation was to build up a procedure for foreseeing HD/MD vehicle FC over Partner in Nursing "concealed" driving cycle, upheld second-by-second fuel rates from check cycles and consequently the properties of these cycles.

S. F. Haggis, and his group arranged Being used examination of mileage and discharges from coal pull trucks exploitation changed sae j1321 methods and pems. They arranged that Diesel instrumentation property holders normally need data of the immediate practicableness and effects of different advancements, retrofits, or fills on their armada underneath their particular in activity conditions. This is regularly right now feasible with the appearance of moveable outflows mensuration frameworks and distinctive being used mensuration innovations. The SAE J1321 Mileage check Partner in Nursingd Title forty CFR 1065 being used emanations testing systems were specially designed to be utilized in a cross country mining pull truck environmental factors seemingly forever periods. Fuel utilization was straightforwardly estimated exploitation coriolis mass stream meters on 2 sets of check and the board trucks. Aero solised outflows were furthermore estimated with a Horiba OBS-2200 moveable emanations mensuration framework. Testing was finished underneath consistent state hundreds comparable to research center estimating framework modular checks and through customary being used activities for twelve-hour trials with time span discharges and fuel utilization data gotten. Fuel utilization and substance component oxides, carbon monoxide gas, and absolute natural compound outflows related well with regular levels and consequently the maker's certificates for this motor family. Experts moreover analyzed motor administration module fuel utilization data to coriol is meter fuel utilization data, and found moderate understanding at high force settings. The being used data furthermore permitted investigation of fuel utilization and discharges profiles over whole vehicle obligation cycles. This gives markers to help train administrators and mastermind mine formats to diminish driving conditions any place high emanations or fuel utilization happen.

4. Problem Definition

The rise of costs has always been a problem in India, which makes common people to suffer a lot. So there is a requirement of a solution to reduce daily expenses as much as possible to have a good living. There can be multiple ways through which people can reduce their expenses. One of them is utilizing the available technology smartly. Everyone has mobiles these days and why not a mobile application helps people in reducing their expenses in a profitable way. So we came up with an idea of an android application with an enhanced rental system. At the times of crisis, there is lot of people who needs a smart solution. The application we developed can help people anytime in renting things out or else getting something for rent online instantly.

5. Proposed Methodology

In proposed System, the main theme of our machine learning models is to have inputs in data set which contain a set of predictors that generate the accurate state of the system. In this proposed model, all the parameters are taken with a constant value of distance traveled i.e., 1km. This will provide a mapping between input spaces to output space of the model. This approach is different from previous models due to change in the input spaces. In previous model the sample input space of the predictors is quantized by time where as in this model the sample input space is quantized by fixed distance. In this proposed method the data is collected with proportional to its output impact. In this model the measure about information gathered from a consistent vehicle or vehicle which is ceased is same as the measure of information gathered The point when the vehicle is in movement.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

With this model we have the ability should catch the sway from claiming both obligation cycle and the surroundings on the normal fuel utilization of the overwhelming vehicles. This could make executed with the bring down capacity and more transmission data transfer capacity prerequisites.

5.1 Upload heavy vehicles

We import the data from the dataset. All the data present in the dataset is generated from different vehicles and it consists of seven parameters which include

- num_stops This parameter gives us number of stops are done by vehicle at a given constantdistance.
- time stopped This parameter tells how much total stopped time taken for a vehicle.
- average moving speed This gives us the average moving speed of the vehicle.
- characteristic acceleration Tells about current acceleration of the vehicle.
- aerodynamic_speed_squared This gives the aerodynamic (the way air moves around things) speed around avehicle.
- change_in_kinetic_energy Gives the value for Kinetic energy.
- change in potential energy Gives the value for Potential Energy.

```
def upload(): #function to upload tweeter profile
    global filename
    filename = filedialog.askopenfilename(initialdir="dataset")
    text.delete('1.0', END)
    text.insert(END,filename+" loaded\n\n");
```

5.2 Read dataset and generate model

In this step, we will read the uploaded data and will split the data into training data set and test data set for further process.

To demonstrate the way to build associate ANN neural network primarily based image classifier, we tend to shall build a vi layer neural network that may establish and separate one image from alternative. This network that we tend to shall build may be a terribly little network that we are able to run on a CPU additionally. Ancient neural networks that square measure excellent at doing image classification have more parameters and take plenty of your time if trained on traditional CPU. However, our objective is to point out the way to build real-world convolutional neural network exploitation TENSORFLOW. Neural Networks square measure primarily mathematical models to resolve associate improvement drawback.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

They're made from neurons, the fundamental computation unit of neural networks. A nerve cell takes associate input (say x), do some computation thereon (say: multiply it with a variable w and adds another variable b) to provide a worth (say; z=wx+b). This price is passed to a nonlinear perform referred to as activation perform (f) to provide the ultimate output (activation) of a nerve cell. There square measure several varieties of activation functions. One in all the popular activation performs is Sigmoid. The nerve cell that uses sigmoid perform as associate activation performs is going to be referred to as sigmoid nerve cell. Betting on the activation functions, neurons square measure named and there square measure several varieties of them like RELU, TanH. If you stack neurons in a very single line, it's referred to as a layer; that is that the next building block of neural networks. In the below can observe an image with layers to predict image category multiple layers operate one another to induce best match layer and this method continues until no additional improvement left. This system consists of following modules

```
def importdata():
    global balance_data
    balance_data = pd.read_csv(filename)
    balance_data = balance_data.abs()
    return balance_data
```

Upload serious Vehicles Fuel Dataset: In this module we are able to transfer train dataset to application. Dataset contains comma separated values.

Read Dataset and Generate Model: In this module we are going to take apart comma separated dataset and so generate train and check model for ANN from that dataset values. Dataset are going to be divided into eightieth and two hundredth format, eightieth are going to be wont to train ANN model and two hundredth are going to be wont to check ANN model.

Run ANN Algorithm: Here, we are able to produce ANN object and so feed train and check information to create ANN model.

Fuel Consumption Graph: Exploitation this module we are going to plot fuel consumption graph for every check record.

6. Design

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

System design refers to the way the data is stored in a system, how the input is passed and how the output is generated. Data flow diagrams are very effective in viewing the operations done by the system upon data. To consider giving some market function, it will be easier to utilize the source of information diagrams. So, the data flow diagram procedure starts through introduction diagram and evaluates by separating every part of system and explains how the system is operating with the data.

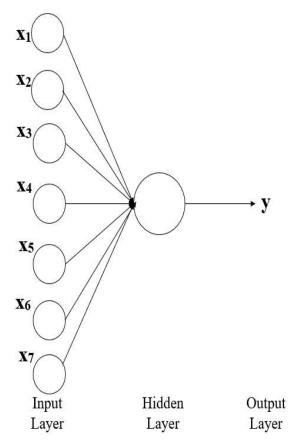


Figure: 1 ANN processing layers

7. Results

i) Main module

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068



Figure: 2 Dashboard

The application dashboard is displayed with all the names.



Figure: 3 Uploading dataset

Uploading vehicle fuel dataset to the machine learning model which are stored in the dataset which we have previously created.

ii) Count of the dataset

The above Figureure shows the count of dataset which have uploaded in the machine learning model



Figure: 4 Read and generate model

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

```
Editional growth (2) code

- C X

- D X

- B x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6925

- B x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6925

- B x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6114

| D x | 10,9769 | 10,9769 | 10,9769 | 10,9769 |

- B x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6843

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9769 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6878

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6971

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6971

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6971

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6488

| D x | 105x; 10,9840 - accuracy; 0,6488

| D x | 105x; 10,9879 - accuracy; 0,6457

| D x | 105x; 10,9879 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 105x; 10,9877 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 105x; 10,9877 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 10,980 - 10,980 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 10,980 - 10,980 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 10,980 - accuracy; 0,6559

| D x | 10,980 - accuracy; 0,6559
```

Figure: 5 Epoch process

Counting the data in epoch which gives us an accurate value in epoch. By taking few datasets in the fuel consumption model .



Figure: 6 ANN Dataset

Then we can get the accuracy score of 86 percent in the each dataset.



Figure: 7 Predicting average fuel

The above Figureure has the process of the dataset is being running with the accurate percentage of the machine dataset.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

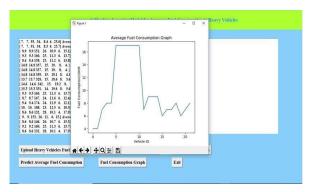


Figure: 8 Fuel consumption graph

The above is the obtained graph for the datasets that are executed.

8. Conclusion

The amount of fuel consumed will be provided numeric value based on the vehicle the consumption of fuel differ. Machine learning in model that might make helpfully created for each overwhelming vehicle over a armada. Those model depends around seven predictors: number from claiming stops, prevent time, Normal moving speed, trademark acceleration, air motion facilitating pace squared, progress to dynamic vitality Also transform for possibility vitality. The most recent two predictors would presented in this paper should help catch those Normal progressive conduct of the vehicle. The greater part of the predictors of the model need aid inferred from vehicle pace Also way review. These variables would promptly accessible starting with telematics gadgets that need aid turning into a essential analytics and only joined vehicles. Moreover, those predictors camwood make effortlessly registered on-board starting with these two variables.

9. Future Work

In this paper author is describing concept to predict average fuel consumption in heavy vehicles using Machine Learning Algorithm such as ANN (Artificial Neural Networks). To predict fuel consumption author has extracted 7 predictor features from heavy vehicle dataset

References

- [1] B. Lee, L. Quinones, and J. Sanchez, "Development of greenhouse gas emissions model for 20142017 heavy-and medium-duty vehicle compliance," *SAE Technical Paper, Tech. Rep.*, 2011.
- [2] G. Fontaras, R. Luz, K. Anagnostopoulus, D. Savvidis, S. Hausberger, and M. Rexeis, "Monitoring co2 emissions from hdv in europe-an experimental proof of concept of the proposed methodological approach," in 20th International Transport and Air Pollution Conference, 2014.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

- [3] S. Wickramanayake and H. D. Bandara, "Fuel consumption prediction of fleet vehicles using machine learning: A comparative study," *in Moratuwa Engineering Research Conference (MERCon)*, 2016. IEEE, 2016, pp. 90–95.
- [4] L. Wang, A. Duran, J. Gonder, and K. Kelly, "Modeling heavy/medium duty fuel consumption based on drive cycle properties," *SAE Technical Paper, Tech. Rep.*, 2015.
- [5] F. Perrotta, T. Parry, and L. C. Neves, "Application of machine learning for fuel consumption modelling of trucks," *in Big Data (Big Data)*, 2017 IEEE International Conference on. IEEE, 2017, pp. 3810–3815. Paper, Tech. Rep., 2015.
- [6] B.Dhanalaxmi, "Machine learning and its emergence in the modern world and its contribution to artificial intelligence", *2020 International Conference for Emerging Technology*, INCET 2020, art. no. 9154058. doi: 10.1109/INCET49848.2020.9154058
- [7] D.Nikhil, Dr.K.Srinivasa Reddy, B.Dhanalaxmi, "Image processing based cancer detection techniques using modern technology - A survey", Proceedings of the 5th International Conference on Communication and Electronics Systems, ICCES 2020, 2020, pp. 1279–1282, 09137997
- [8] D.Nikhil, B.Dhanalaxmi, Dr.K.Srinivasa Reddy, "The evolution of cloud computing and its contribution with big data analytics", *Lecture Notes on Data Engineering and Communications Technologies*, 46, pp. 332-341. doi: 10.1007/978-3-030-38040-3 38
- [9] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "A Rule Based Prediction Method for Defect Detection in Software System," *Journal of Theoretical and Applied Information Technology*, Vol. 95, Number 14, 31st July 2017, pp 3403-3412.
- [10] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "A Survey on Design and Analysis of Robust IOT Architectute", *International Conference on Innovative Mechanisms for Industry Applications*, 13th July 2017, pp 375-378, DOI:10.1109/ICIMIA.2017.7975639
- [11] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "Adaptive PSO based Association Rule Mining Technique for Software Defect Classification using ANN", *International Conference on Information and Communication Technologies, Procedia Computer Science*, Vol. 46,2015, pp 432-442
- [12] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "Defect Classification using Relational Association Rule Mining based on Fuzzy Classifier along with Modified Articial Bee Colony Algorithm," *Indian Journal of Applied Engineering Research*, Vol. 12, Number 11, June 2017, pp 28792886
- [13] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "A Fault Prediction Approach based on the Probabilistic Model for Improvising Software Inspection," *Indian Journal of Science and Technology*, Vol. 9, Issue 45, December 2016.
- [14] Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "A Review on Software Fault Detection and Prevention Mechanism in Software Development Activities," *Journal of Computer Engineering*, Vol. 17, Issue 6, pp. 25 30, Nov Dec. 2015.

1979 (2021) 012068

doi:10.1088/1742-6596/1979/1/012068

- [15] B. Dhanalaxmi, G. Apparao Naidu, and K. Anuradha, "Practical Guidelines to Improve Defect Prediction Model A Review", *International Journal of Engineering Science Invention*, Vol. 5, Issue 9, pp. 57-61, September 2016.
- [16] B. Dhanalaxmi, Dr. G.Appa Rao, Naidu and Dr.K. Anuradha, "A Survey on Software Inspection Improvisation Techniques through Probabilistic Fault Prediction Method", *Journal of Advanced Research in Dynamical and Control Systems*, Vol. 10, Special Issue. 7 june 2018 pp. 617-621
- [17] B. Dhanalaxmi, Dr.G.Appa Rao, Naidu and Dr.K. Anuradha, "A Review on Different Defect Detection Models in Software Systems", *Journal of Advanced Research in Dynamical and Control Systems*, Vol. 10,Special Issue.7 june 2018 pp.241-243
- [18] B.Dhanalaxmi, Indurthi Ravindra Kumar, Vishal and B Madhuravani, "An User-Friendly Recital Teller System", *International Journal of Pure and Applied Mathematics*, Vol. 119 No. 16 May 2018, pp. 1801-1805
- [19] "SAE International Surface Vehicle Recommended Practice, Fuel Consumption Test Procedure Type II", *Society of Automotive Engineers Std.*, 2012.
- [20] Y. Shi and R. Eberhart, "A modified particle swarm optimizer", *Proc. IEEE Int. Conf. Evol. Comput. Proc. IEEE World Congress Comput. Intell.*, pp. 69-73, May 1998.
- [21] S. F. Haggis, T. A. Hansen, K. D. Hicks, R. G. Richards and R. Marx, "In-use evaluation of fuel economy and emissions from coal haul trucks using modified SAE J1321 procedures and PEMs", *SAE Int. J. Commercial Veh.*, vol. 1, pp. 210-221, 2008.
- [22] A. Ivanco, R. Johri and Z. Filipi, "Assessing the regeneration potential for a refuse truck over a realworld duty cycle", *SAE Int. J. Commercial Veh.*, vol. 5, pp. 364-370, 2012.
- [23] A. A. Zaidi, B. Kulcsr and H. Wymeersch, "Back-pressure traffic signal control with fixed and adaptive routing for urban vehicular networks", *IEEE Trans. Intell. Transp. Syst.*, vol. 17, no. 8, pp. 21342143, Aug. 2016.
- [24] J. Zhao, W. Li, J. Wang and X. Ban, "Dynamic traffic signal timing optimization strategy incorporating various vehicle fuel consumption characteristics", *IEEE Trans. Veh. Technol.*, vol. 65, no. 6, pp. 3874-3887, Jun. 2016.
- [25] G. Ma, M. Ghasemi and X. Song, "Integrated powertrain energy management and vehicle coordination for multiple connected hybrid electric vehicles", *IEEE Trans. Veh. Technol.*, vol. 67, no. 4,pp.2393-2899,Apr.20