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## REPORT

### NODE STRUCTURE AND GLOBAL VARIABLES -

```
struct node
{
    int val ; // Value contained in the node.
    int degree = 0; // number of children to the node.
    node* parent = NULL; // pointer to the parent of the node.
    node* child = NULL; // pointer to the child of the node.
    node* left = NULL; // pointer to the left node in the circular linked list.
    node* right = NULL; // pointer to the right node in the circular linked list.
    bool ccut = 0; // Childcut value of the node.
};
```

Struct node\* HEAD = NULL;

### FUNCTIONS -

**node\* createnode(int key)**

<b>Description</b>	Creates a node with the given int value and return the pointer to the node.	
<b>Parameters</b>	int	The value which is to be stored in the node.
<b>Return</b>	Returns the pointer to the node..	

Pseudocode-

```
node*createnode(int )
{
    Allocate memory to a new node;
    Initialize the node by assigning values;
    End;
}
```

**void\* insertnode(node\* x)**

<b>Description</b>	Inserts the given node into the existing heap	
<b>Parameters</b>	node*	The pointer to the node which is to be inserted into the heap.
<b>Return</b>	Returns nothing.	

Pseudocode-

```
Void insertnode(node* x )
```

```
{
    if(HEAD = NULL)
        HEAD = x;
    Else
        Link the node to x;
}
```

**void pairwisemerge(unordered\_map<int,node\*> &dmap)**

<b>Description</b>	Merges the nodes with same degree in the top level.	
<b>Parameters</b>	unordered_map<int,node*>	The address of the degree hashmap which stores the degrees of the nodes in top level
<b>Return</b>	Returns nothing.	

Pseudocode-

```
Void pairwisemerge(unordered_map<int,node*> &dmap
```

```
{
    Node = HEAD->right;
    Count the number of nodes in top level;
    For each top level node, find a corresponding entry in the degree hashmap and meld;
    If no entry is found, make a new entry with the current node;
}
```

**void meld(node\* x, node\* y,unordered\_map<int,node\*> &dmap)**

<b>Description</b>	Merges the given nodes which increases the degree by one and checks the hashmap for the new degree key and merges again as long as there are entries with the required degree.	
<b>Parameters</b>	node* node*  unordered_map<int,node*>	The pointer to the first node. The pointer to the second node. The address of the degree hashmap.
<b>Return</b>	Returns nothing.	

Pseudocode-

```
void meld(node* x, node* y,unordered_map<int,node*> &dmap)
```

```
{
    Erase the entry corresponding to x degree;
    Swap x and y if x < y;
    Combine x and y making x the parent;
    Check the hashmap for a entry with newdegree = degree+1;
    If found, meld it with that;
    If not found-
    Create a new entry in the hashmap with node x and degree= degree+1;
}
```

**node\* extractmax()**

<b>Description</b>	Gives the maximum value of the heap	
<b>Parameters</b>	none	
<b>Return</b>	Returns the head of the heap(address of node with max value).	

Pseudocode-

```
node*extractmax( )
```

```
{
    Make parents of all children of MAX node(HEAD) and add the children to the top level
    Call pairwisemerge;
    Point the HEAD pointer to the node with maximum value;
    Make the degree,parent,child,left,right,childcut of previous maxvalue(previous HEAD)
    NULL
    Return the pointer to previous max node ( before calling pairwisemerge)
}
```

**void increasekey(int pluskey, node\* x)**

<b>Description</b>	Increases the value of a given node by the given pluskey.	
<b>Parameters</b>	Int  node*	The excess number by which the node value is to be increased. The address of the node whose value is to be increased.
<b>Return</b>	Returns nothing.	

Pseudocode-

Void increasekey( int y , node\* x)

```
{
    if(x->parent == NULL)
        Increase the x value by the given y
    Else
        Increase the x value by the given y
        if(x->parent value < x->value)
            Call cut
            Make the childcut value of parent true if its false
            If its already true, call the cut for x->parent;
}
```

**node\* cut(node\* x)**

<b>Description</b>	Removes the node and its subtree from the current tree and adds it to the top level circular list and according to its parent childcut value it might do cascading cut.	
<b>Parameters</b>	node*	The address of the node which is to be cut from the heap.
<b>Return</b>	Returns parent of the child which is cut.	

Pseudocode-

node\* cut(node\* x)

```
{  
    Remove x and insert it in the top level circular list;  
    Make x->parent = NULL and childcut = 0;  
    Adjust the circular list of x->parent->child level;  
    Return x->parent;  
}
```