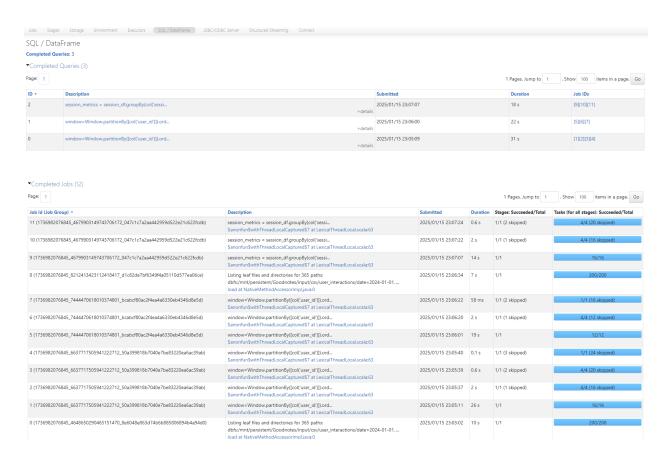
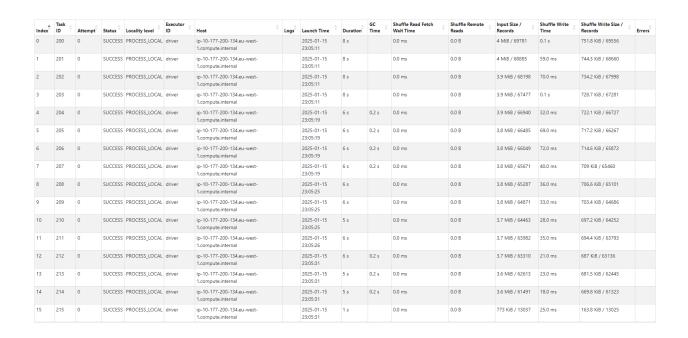
Pre-Optimization:

There are total of 12 jobs created for the pipeline. The total execution time amounts to 71 seconds.

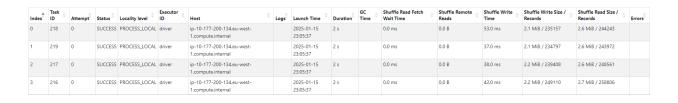


While creating user_interactions_df there are 200 tasks generated which means that spark is reading from many small files. The optimization is to repartition data while writing such reading the data becomes efficient.

Untitled 1



Spark is not efficiently reading the data and small input size are being read into these 16 partitions. We can solve this by coalescing the partitions to half the size while writing the data such that it reads into less number of partitions with efficient input size/records. In the next step while wholestagecodegen sparks coalesced the data into 4 partitions.

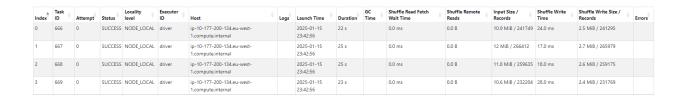


Post-Optimization:

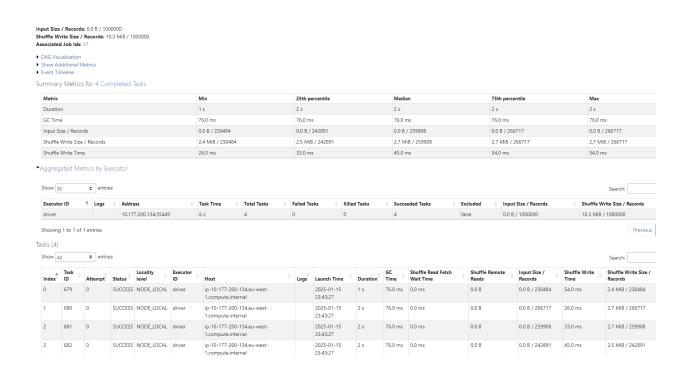
There are total of 12 jobs created for the pipeline. The total execution time amounts to 35 seconds which is half the time of pre-optimization make it 50% efficient just by reading from a columnar file format like Parquet.

I had manually set the number of partition via colaesce(4) and insted of 16 partitions like before it read a good chunk of data into these 4 partitions.

Untitled



The downstream reads are actually reading less amount of data and thus untlimately leads to decrease in computation time.



Conclusion: Reading from Parquet/ORC indirectly benefits the pipeline to execute faster saving us on computational cost and writing to Parquet/ORC would save us storage costs on the cloud as the data is compressed and stored making the file size smaller compared to text based file format.

Untitled 3