

WPL LAB 4

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Q1. Write a python program to reverse a content a file and store it in another file.

```
def reverse_file_content(input_file, output_file, mode='lines'):
```

```
    try:
```

```
        with open(input_file, 'r') as f:
```

```
            content = f.readlines()
```

```
        if mode == 'all':
```

```
            # Reverse every single character in the file
```

```
            reversed_content = "".join(content[::-1])
```

```
        else:
```

```
            # Reverse the order of the lines (standard behavior)
```

```
            reversed_content = "".join(content[::-1])
```

```
        with open(output_file, 'w') as f:
```

```
            f.write(reversed_content)
```

```
        print(f"Success! Reverted content saved to {output_file}")
```

```
    except FileNotFoundError:
```

```
        print("Error: The source file does not exist.")
```

```
    except Exception as e:
```

```
print(f"An error occurred: {e}")
```

```
reverse_file_content('input.txt', 'output.txt', mode='all')
```

INPUT:

hi hello

my name is abhinav

OUTPUT:

vanihba si eman ym

olleh ih

Q2. Write a python program to implement binary search with recursion.

```
import random as rd
```

```
nums = []
```

```
for _ in range(10):
```

```
    nums.append(round(rd.random()*10,2))
```

```
nums.sort()
```

```
print('nums: ',nums)
```

```
print('enter target')
```

```
target = float(input())
```

```
def binarySearch(left,right):
```

```
    mid = left + (right-left)//2
```

```
    if nums[mid] == target:
```

```
return mid

if nums[mid] > target:

    return binarySearch(left,mid-1)

elif nums[mid] < target:

    return binarySearch(mid+1,right)

return -1

index = binarySearch(0,len(nums))

print(f'found {target} at index: {index}')
```

OUTPUT:

nums: [1.49, 3.07, 4.45, 4.92, 4.98, 6.75, 8.78, 9.33, 9.57, 9.71]

enter target

8.78

found 8.78 at index: 6

Q3. Write a python program to sort words in alphabetical order.

```
words = [input(f"Enter word {i+1}: ") for i in range(5)]
```

```
for i in range(len(words)):
```

```
    for j in range(len(words)):
```

```
        if words[j] > words[i]:
```

```
            words[j],words[i]=words[i],words[j]
```

```
print(words)
```

OUTPUT:

Enter word 1: zebra

Enter word 2: octopus

Enter word 3: ant

Enter word 4: jellyfish

Enter word 5: dolphin

```
['ant', 'dolphin', 'jellyfish', 'octopus', 'zebra']
```

Q4. Write a Python class to get all possible unique subsets from a set of distinct

```
class Subsetter:
```

```
    def get_subsets(self, nums):
```

```
        result = []
```

```
        self._backtrack(sorted(nums), 0, [], result)
```

```
        return result
```

```
    def _backtrack(self, nums, start, path, result):
```

```
        result.append(list(path))
```

```
        for i in range(start, len(nums)):
```

```
path.append(nums[i])
```

```
self._backtrack(nums, i + 1, path, result)
```

```
path.pop()
```

```
solver = Subsetter()
```

```
input_list = [int(input(f'enter {i+1} num ')) for i in range(4)]
```

```
output = solver.get_subsets(input_list)
```

```
print(f"Input: {input_list}")
```

```
print(f"Output: {output}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
enter 1 num 1
```

```
enter 2 num 2
```

```
enter 3 num 3
```

```
enter 4 num 4
```

```
Input: [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
Output: [], [1], [1, 2], [1, 2, 3], [1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 2, 4], [1, 3], [1, 3, 4], [1, 4], [2], [2, 3], [2, 3, 4], [2, 4], [3], [3, 4], [4]]
```

Q5. Write a Python class to find a pair of elements (indices of the two numbers)

from a given array whose sum equals a specific target number.

Input: numbers= [10,20,10,40,50,60,70], target=50

Output: 3, 4.

```
class findPair:
```

```
    def find(self,arr,target):
```

```
        for i in range(len(arr)-1):
```

```
            for j in range(i+1,len(arr)):
```

```
                if arr[i] + arr[j] == target:
```

```
                    return i,j
```

```
        return None
```

```
n = int(input('how many numbers '))
```

```
numbers = [int(input(f'enter {i+1} num ')) for i in range(n)]
```

```
obj = findPair()
```

```
target = int(input('enter target '))
```

```
i,j = obj.find(numbers,target)
```

```
print(i,',',j)
```

OUTPUT:

how many numbers 10

enter 1 num 1

enter 2 num 2

enter 3 num 3

enter 4 num 4

enter 5 num 5

enter 6 num 6

enter 7 num 7

enter 8 num 8

enter 9 num 9

enter 10 num 11

enter target 11

1 , 8

Q6. Write a Python class to implement pow(x, n).

```
class power:
```

```
    def pow(self,n,p):
```

```
        prod = n
```

```
        for i in range(p):
```

```
            prod *= n
```

```
        return prod
```

```
obj = power()
```

```
num = int(input('enter number: '))  
powr = int(input('enter power: '))  
print(f'pow({num},{powr}): ',pow(num,powr))
```

OUTPUT:

enter number: 13

enter power: 3

pow(13,3): 2197

Q7. Write a Python class which has two methods get_String and print_String.
The

get_String accept a string from the user and print_String print the string in
upper

Case.

```
class Strings:  
    def get_String(self):  
        self.sent = input('enter string ')  
    def print_String(self):  
        print(self.sent.upper())  
  
obj = Strings()  
obj.get_String()  
obj.print_String()
```

OUTPUT:

enter string hello world

HELLO WORLD