Assignment 7

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Outline

Question

2 solution

Question Statement

Question: Two players A and B play a series of match on a condition that A will win the series if he succeeds in winning m matches before B wins n matches. The probability of winning a match for A is p and B is 1 - p. What is probability that A will win the series?

Solution

Solution: Consider

Probability	Event
P_A	Probability that A wins
P_B	probability that B wins

Table 1

Clearly by the end of (m + n - 1)th match there must be a winner and $P_A + P_B = 1$. Question asks to find P_A .

A can win in the following mutually exclusive ways.

X_k (random variable)

A wins m matches in m+k matches

Table 3

where

$$k = 0, 1, 2, ..., n - 1$$
 (1)

 $X_1, X_2, ..., X_{n-1}$ are mutually exclusive events.

if A and B are mutually exclusive events then P(A + B) = P(A) + P(B).

$$\Rightarrow P_A = P(X_1 + X_2 + X_3 + ... + X_{n-1}) = P(X_1) + P(X_2) + ... + P(X_{n-1})$$
(2)

To find $P(X_k)$

For A to win m matches in exactly m+k matches, A must win the last game and and (m-1) matches matches in any order among the first (m-k+1) matches.

 $P(X_k) = P(A \text{ wins (m-1) matches among first (m+k-1) matches}) \times P(A \text{ wins the last game})$

$$\Rightarrow P(X_k) = \binom{(m+k-1)}{(m-1)} \times p^{m-1} \times q^k \times p \tag{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow P(X_k) = ((m-k+1)! \times p^m \times q^k)/(m-1)! \tag{4}$$

$$P_A = \sum P(X_k)$$

$$\Rightarrow P_A = p^m (1 + (m/1) \times q + ...$$
(5)

... +
$$(m(m+1)..(m+n-2)/1 \times 2... \times (n-1)) \times q^{n-1})$$
 (6)