**CYCLE-3**

**Mathplotlib**

**Demonstrate creating various types of charts and plots using functions in mathplotlib library**

1. **Sarah bought a new car in 2001 for $24,000. The dollar value of her car changed each year as shown in the table below.**

**Value of Sarah's Car**

**Year Value**

**2001 $24,000**

**2002 $22,500**

**2003 $19,700**

**2004 $17,500**

**2005 $14,500**

**2006 $10,000**

**2007 $ 5,800**

**Represent the following information using a line graph with following style properties**

* **X- axis - Year**

**Y –axis - Car Value**

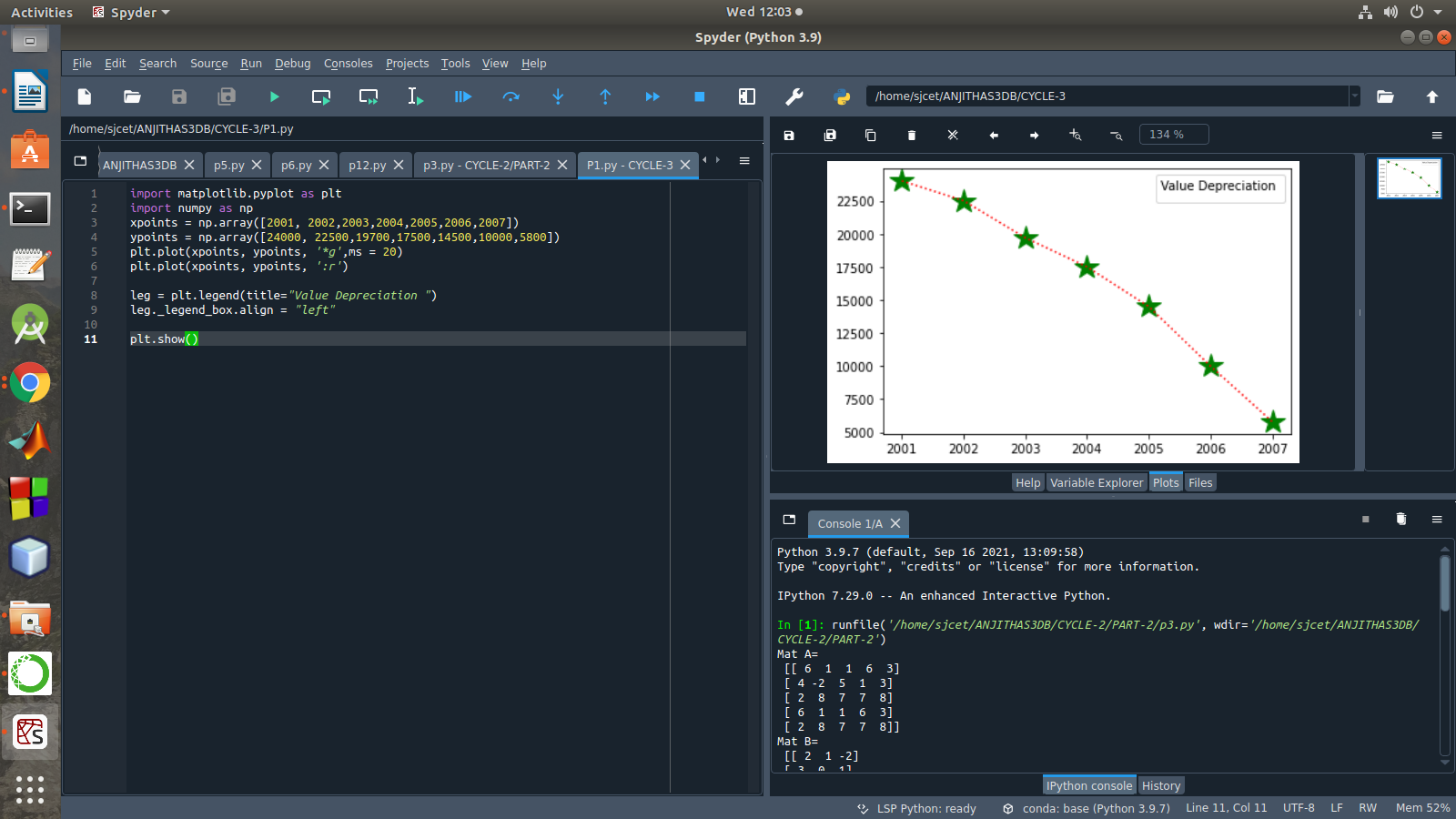
* **title –Value Depreciation (left Aligned)**
* **Line Style dashdot and Line-color should be red**
* **point using \* symbol with green color and size 20**

**Subplot() provides multiple plots in one figure.**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np  
xpoints = np.array([2001, 2002,2003,2004,2005,2006,2007])  
ypoints = np.array([24000, 22500,19700,17500,14500,10000,5800])  
plt.plot(xpoints, ypoints, '\*g',ms = 20)  
plt.plot(xpoints, ypoints, ':r')  
  
leg = plt.legend(title="Value Depreciation ")  
leg.\_legend\_box.align = "left"  
plt.show()

**OUTPUT**



1. **Following table gives the daily sales of the following items in a shop**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Day** | **Mon** | **Tues** | **Wed** | **Thurs** | **Fri** |
| **Drinks** | **300** | **450** | **150** | **400** | **650** |
| **Food** | **400** | **500** | **350** | **300** | **500** |

**Use subplot function to draw the line graphs with grids(color as blue and line style dotted) for the above information as 2 separate graphs in two rows**

1. **Properties for the Graph 1:**

* **X label- Days of week**
* **Y label-Sale of Drinks**
* **Title-Sales Data1 (right aligned)**
* **Line –dotted with cyan color**
* **Points- hexagon shape with color magenta and outline black**

1. **Properties for the Graph 2:**

* **X label- Days of Week**
* **Y label-Sale of Food**
* **Title-Sales Data2 ( center aligned)**
* **Line –dashed with yellow color**
* **Points- diamond shape with color green and outline red**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

#plot 1:

x = np.array(['mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thur','fri'])

y = np.array([300, 450, 150, 400,65])

plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)

plt.title("Sales Data1")

plt.xlabel("Days of week")

plt.ylabel("Sale of Drinks")

plt.plot(x,y,':c')

plt.plot(x,y,'Hm',mec = 'k')

plt.grid(color = 'blue', linestyle = 'dotted')

#plot 2:

c = np.array(['mon', 'tue', 'wed', 'thur','fri'])

v = np.array([400, 500, 350, 300,500])

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)

plt.title("Sales Data2")

plt.xlabel("Days of Week")

plt.ylabel("Sale of Food")

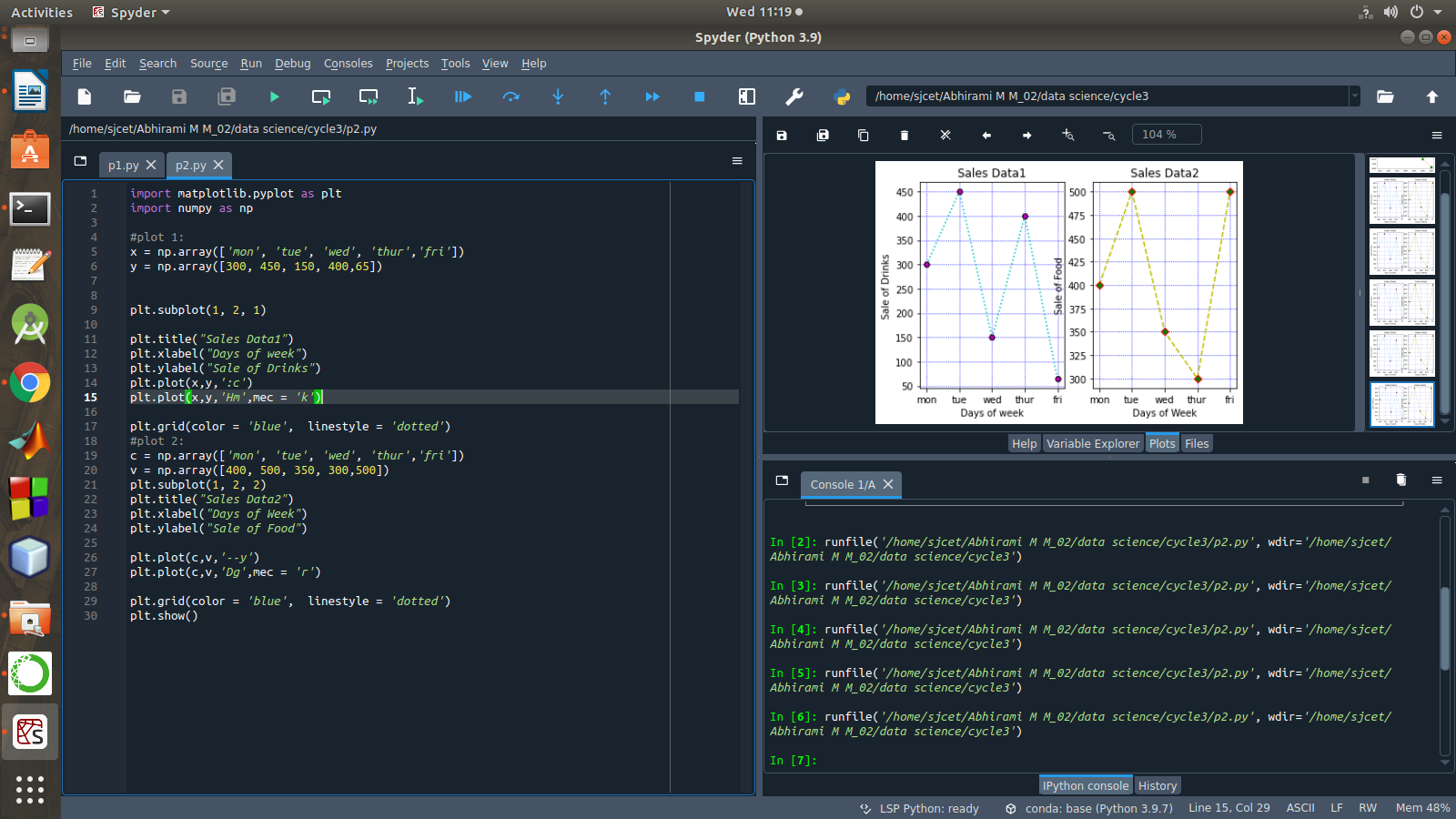
plt.plot(c,v,'--y')

plt.plot(c,v,'Dg',mec = 'r')

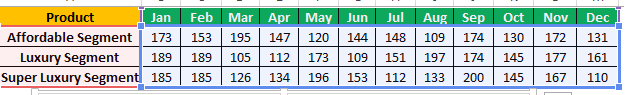
plt.grid(color = 'blue', linestyle = 'dotted')

plt.show()

**OUTPUT**

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1. **Create scatter plot for the below data:(use Scatter function)**



**Create scatter plot for each Segment with following properties within one graph**

* **X Label- Months of Year with font size 18**
* **Y-Label- Sales of Segments**
* **Title –Sales Data**
* **Color for Affordable segment- pink**
* **Color for Luxury Segment- Yellow**
* **Color for Super luxury segment-blue**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

plt.title("Sales Data")

plt.xlabel("Months of Year")

plt.ylabel("Sales of Segments")

x = np.array([173,153,195,147,120,144,148,109,174,130,172,131])

y = np.array([173,153,195,147,120,144,148,109,174,130,172,131])

plt.scatter(x,y, color = 'hotpink')

x = np.array([185,185,126,134,196,153,112,133,200,145,167,110])

y = np.array([185,185,126,134,196,153,112,133,200,145,167,110])

plt.scatter(x,y, color = 'yellow')

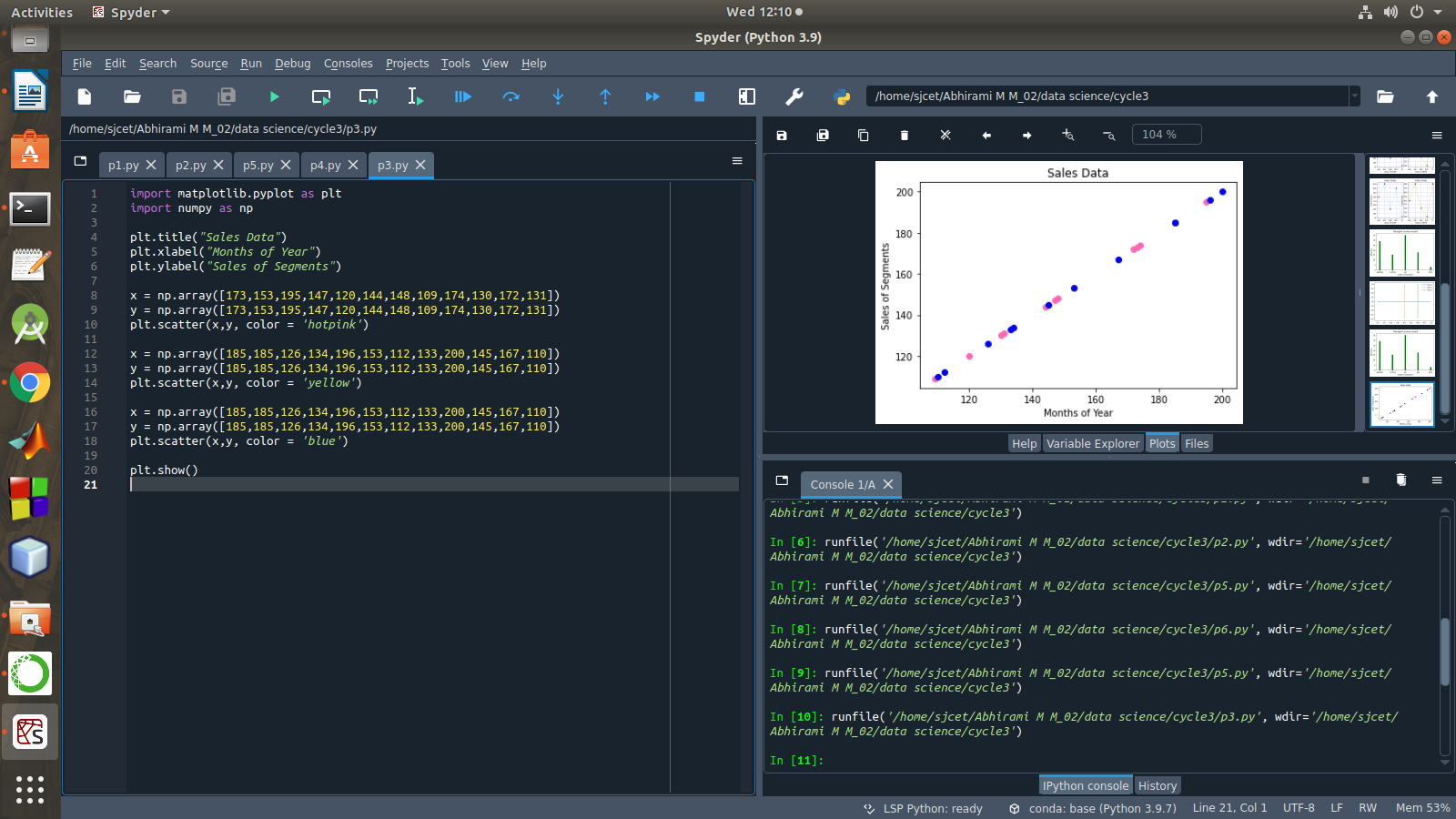
x = np.array([185,185,126,134,196,153,112,133,200,145,167,110])

y = np.array([185,185,126,134,196,153,112,133,200,145,167,110])

plt.scatter(x,y, color = 'blue')

plt.show()

**OUTPUT**

****

1. **Display the above data using multiline plot( 3 different lines in same graph)**

* **Display the description of the graph in upper right corner(use legend())**
* **Use different colors and line styles for 3 different lines**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

# create data

x = [1,2,3,4,5]

y = [3,3,3,3,3]

z = [4,4,4,4,4]

# plot lines

plt.plot(x, y, label = "line 1")

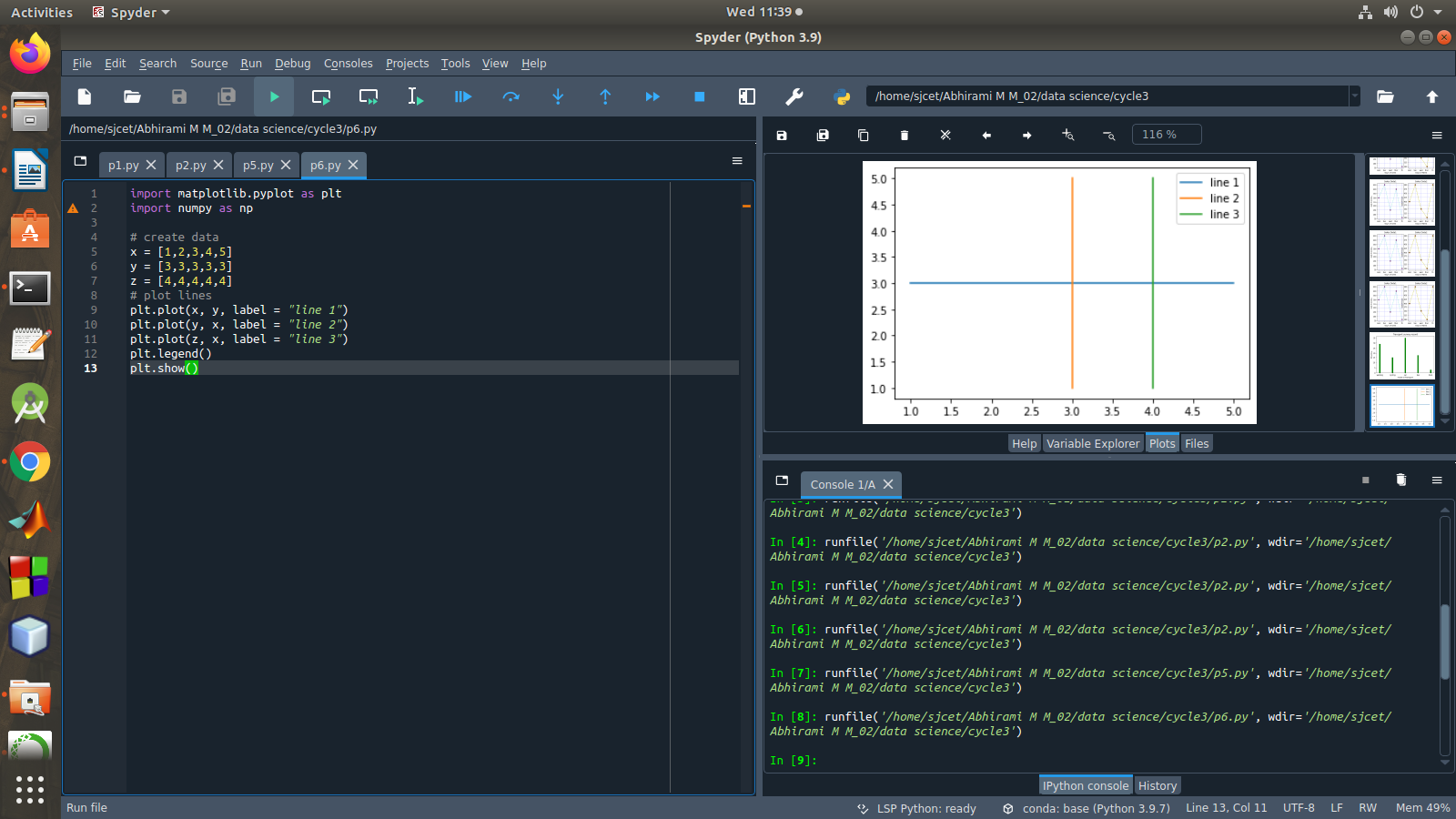
plt.plot(y, x, label = "line 2")

plt.plot(z, x, label = "line 3")

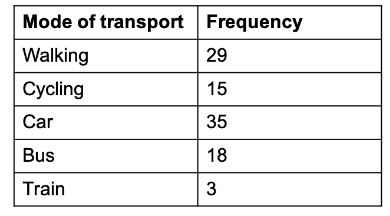
plt.legend()

plt.show()

**OUTPUT**

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1. **100 students were asked what their primary mode of transport for getting to school was. The results of this survey are recorded in the table below. Construct a bar graph representing this information.**



**Create a bar graph with**

* **X axis -mode of Transport and Y axis ‘frequency’**
* **Provide appropriate labels and title**
* **Width .1, color green**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import numpy as np

x = np.array(["walking", "cycling", "car", "bus", "train"])

y = np.array([29, 15, 35, 18, 3])

plt.title("Transport survey record")

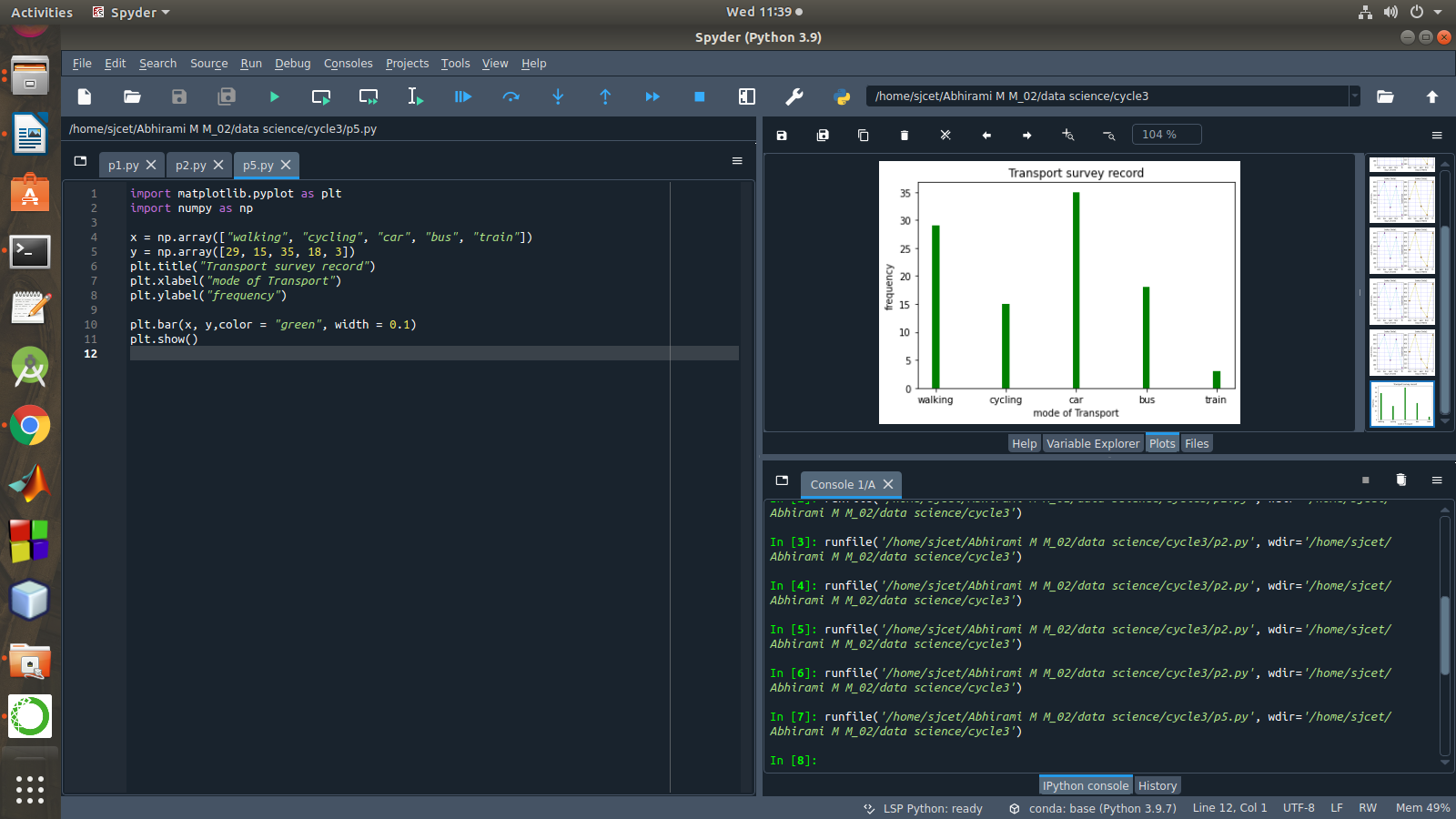
plt.xlabel("mode of Transport")

plt.ylabel("frequency")

plt.bar(x, y,color = "green", width = 0.1)

plt.show()

**OUTPUT**

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1. **We are provided with the height of 30 cherry trees.**

**The height of the trees (in inches): 61, 63, 64, 66, 68, 69, 71, 71.5, 72, 72.5, 73, 73.5, 74, 74.5, 76, 76.2, 76.5, 77, 77.5, 78, 78.5, 79, 79.2, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 87.Create a histogram with a bin size of 5**

**PROGRAM**

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

height = [61,63,64,66,68,69,71,71.5,72,72.5,73,73.5,74,74.5,76,76.2,76.5,77,77.5,78,78.5,79,79.2,80,81,82,83,84,85,87

]

plt.hist(height, edgecolor='red', bins=5)

plt.show()

**OUTPUT**

