Microprocessor Lab Report

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1 Assignment 1

1.1 Objective

Find out the sum of the first 30 natural numbers.

1.2 Tool/Experimental setup considered

• Jubin's 8085 Simulator

1.3 Procedure

We know that

$$1+2+3+\ldots+29+30=\frac{30\times 29}{2}=435=01D1H$$

This result is not possible to store in a single register, so we need to use register pair to store the result.

1.4 Program

```
; end result is 465, more than 255 hence we need to do extended additions

MVI D,1E; setup D, the counter as 30

MVI C,01; setup BC as 1

L1: DAD B; Double add BC to HL

INX B; extended increment BC

DCR D; decrement D

JNZ L1; if D becomes O, Z flag becomes O and we break

HLT

Ans will be in HL
```

Listing 1: assembly program to find sum of the first 30 natural numbers

1.5 Experimentation

Register	Value	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Accumulator	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register B	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register C	1F	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Register D	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register E	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register H	01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Register L	D1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Memory(M)	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

1.6 Conclusion

We see that after the execution of program, the data stored in HL register pair is 01D1H, which is the hexadecimal value of 435.

Hence the Program is working as expected

2 Assignment 2

2.1 Objective

From an array of 10-byte size integers (unsigned) find out the maximum and minimum.

2.2 Tool/Experimental setup considered

• Jubin's 8085 Simulator

2.3 Procedure

The idea is to linearly iterate through all the values of the arr, and update the register for minimum(C) and maximum(B) values.

2.4 Program

```
;Actual Program
   # ORG 5000H
   # ARR: DB 5,2,3,4,F,C,7,A,B,1
   # ORG 0000
           LXI H, ARR
           {\tt MOV} B,M ;B is maximum val
           MOV C,M ;C is minimum val
           MVI D,OA
    ;CMP R does (A - R) in background
   ;If A - R > 0 then Cy = 0, Z = 0; If A - R = 0 then Cy = 0, Z = 1
11
    ; If A - R < 0 then Cy = 1, Z = 1
           MOV A,M
14
   LP:
           CMP B
15
           JC MIN
                     ; will Jump when Cy = 1, A - B < 0, A < B
16
           {\tt MOV} B,A ;will only happen if A > B
17
18
   MIN:
           CMP C
19
           JNC SKIP ;will Jump when Cy = 0, A - C > 0, A > C
20
           MOV C,A ; will only happen if A < C
21
22
23
   SKIP:
           DCR D
24
25
           JNZ LP
```

Listing 2: assembly program to find minimum and maximum number in 10-byte unsigned array

2.5 Experimentation

Register	Value	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Accumulator	01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Register B	0F	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Register C	01	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Register D	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register E	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Register H	50	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Register L	0A	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Memory(M)	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2.6 Conclusion

We see that that after program execution, B has the maximum value of array(F), and C has the minimum value of the array(C).

Hence the Program is working as expected

3 Assignment 3

3.1 Objective

Write a routine that produces a delay. The delay value must be passed to register pair DE.

3.2 Tool/Experimental setup considered

• Jubin's 8085 Simulator

3.3 Procedure

Idea is to assign DE a very big value (say FFFF), and decrement it in a loop till DE becomes 0 to produce delay in execution.

3.4 Program

```
LXI D,FFFF
          CALL DELAY
          HLT
   ;delay: this subroutine produces delay
   ;in: value in DE pair
   ;out: none
   ;destroys: A
   DELAY: DCX D
                   ;doesn't affect any flags, that's why doing OR
9
          MOV A,E
                   ; will give 0 only when both D and E 00
          ORA D
11
          JNZ DELAY
12
          RET
```

Listing 3: assembly program to produce delay

3.5 Conclusion

We see that the code runs for sometime, then it completes it's execution, signifying that the delay function worked and delayed execution of CPU for some time.

Hence the Program is working as expected