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1. [5 points] State whether the following encryption scheme is perfectly secret or not. Justify your answer either with a proof or a counterexample.

The message space is $\mathcal{M} = \{m \in \{0, 1\}^l \mid \text{the last bit of } m \text{ is } 0\}$. Algorithm **Gen** chooses a uniform key from the keyspace $\{0, 1\}^{l-1}$. $\text{Enc}_k(m) = m \oplus (k\|0)$ and $\text{Dec}_k(c) = c \oplus (k\|0)$.

Solution: Write your answer here

2. [5 points] When the one-time pad is used with the all-zeros key, i.e. $k = 0^l$, we have $\text{Enc}_k(m) = m \oplus k = m$. This means that the plaintext will be sent as it is. To prevent this, suppose we modify the one-time pad to use only non-zero keys, $k \neq 0^l$. The key generation algorithm **Gen** picks key k uniformly from the set $\{0, 1\}^l \setminus \{0^l\}$ which has cardinality $2^l - 1$. Is this modified scheme still perfectly secret? Justify your answer either with a proof or a counterexample.

Solution: Write your answer here