Assignment 3: 10 points

Date: February 3, 2019

Upload the solutions as a **pdf** file in Moodle. You can upload a scanned version of your handwritten solution. The **upload deadline** will be 11:00pm IST on Friday, February 8, 2019.

1. Let $F: \{0,1\}^n \times \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}^n$ be a keyed pseudorandom permutation (the first argument is the key). Consider the keyed function $F': \{0,1\}^n \times \{0,1\}^{2n} \to \{0,1\}^{2n}$ defined for all $x, x' \in \{0,1\}^n$ by

$$F'_k(x||x') = F_k(x)||F_k(x \oplus x').$$

- (a) [1 point] Prove that F'_k is a permutation for all $k \in \{0,1\}^n$.
- (b) [4 points] Prove that F'_k is **not** a pseudorandom permutation.
- 2. [5 points] Let $F: \{0,1\}^n \times \{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}^n$ be a pseudorandom permutation. Suppose messages of size dn bits have to be encrypted where d > 1. The message m is divided into d blocks of n bits each where m_i is the ith block. Consider the mode of operation in which a uniform value $\mathsf{ctr} \in \{0,1\}^n$ is chosen, and the ith ciphertext block c_i is computed as $c_i := F_k(\mathsf{ctr} + i + m_i)$. The value ctr is sent in the clear, i.e. the eavesdropper observes ctr , $c_1, c_2, c_3, \ldots, c_d$. The sum $\mathsf{ctr} + i + m_i$ is calculated modulo 2^n ensuring that the argument of F_k belongs to $\{0,1\}^n$. Show that this scheme does **not** have indistinguishable encryptions in the presence of an eavesdropper.