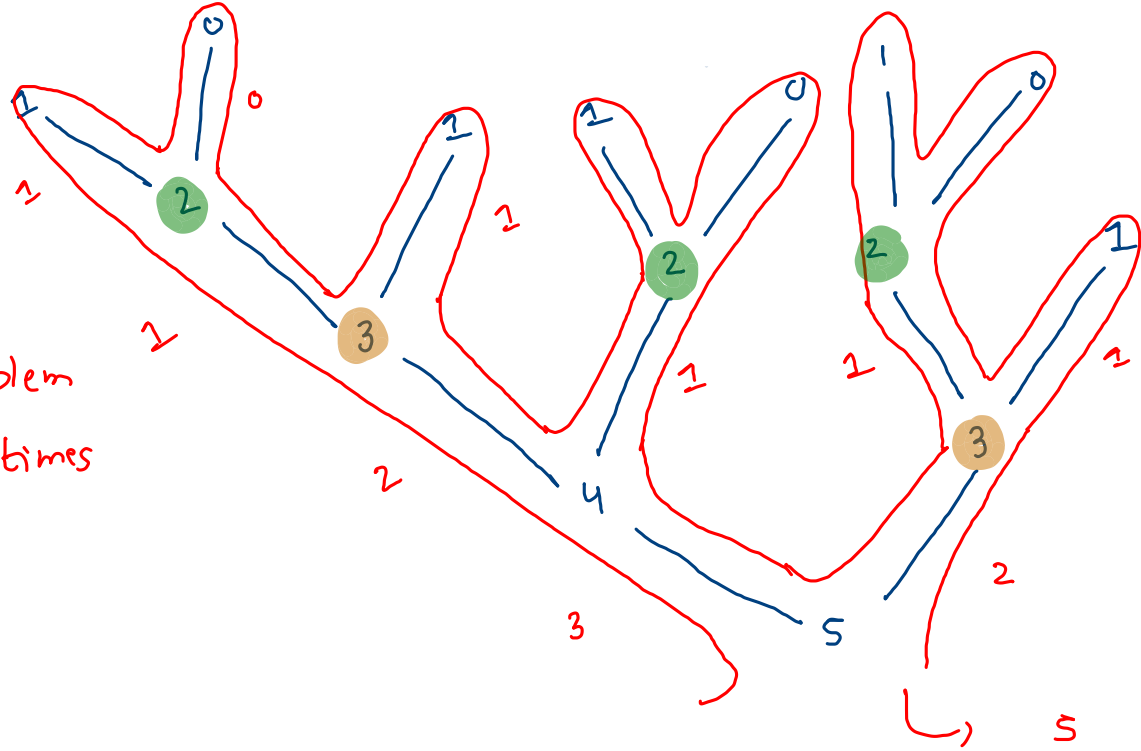


DP

$$\text{fib}(n) = \text{fib}(n-1) + \text{fib}(n-2);$$

```
public static int fib(int n) {  
    if(n == 0 || n == 1) {  
        return n;  
    }  
    int fibn = fib(n-1) + fib(n-2);  
    return fibn;  
}
```

same problem
multiple times

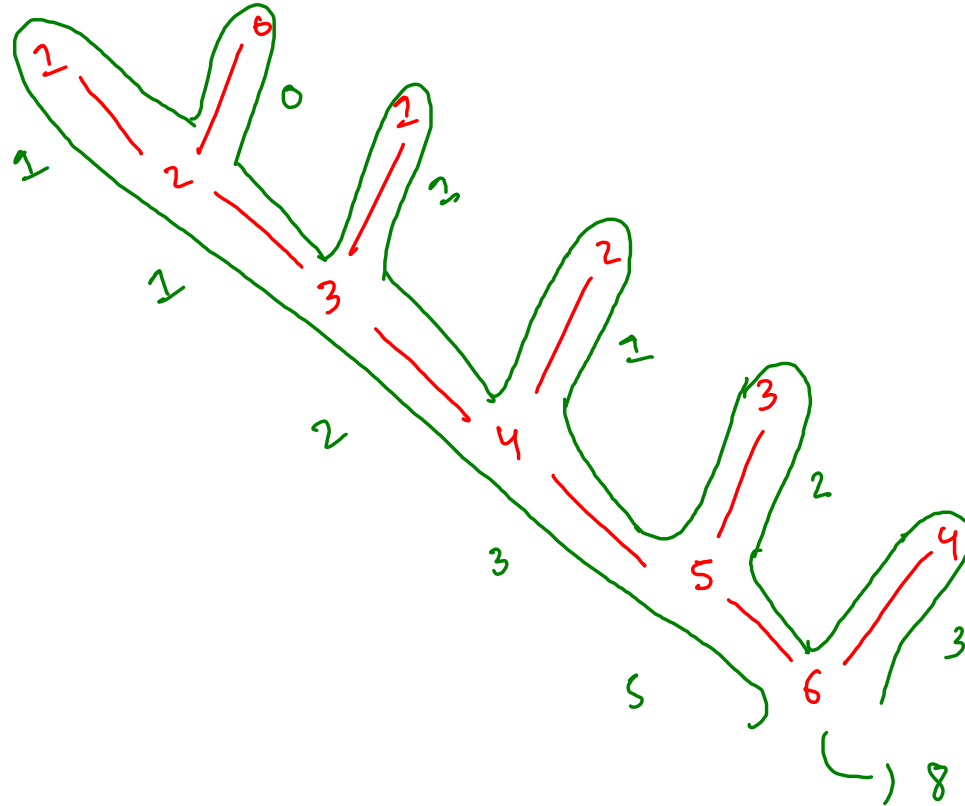


dp :
memoisation

$n = 6,$

		1	2	3	5	8
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

memoise



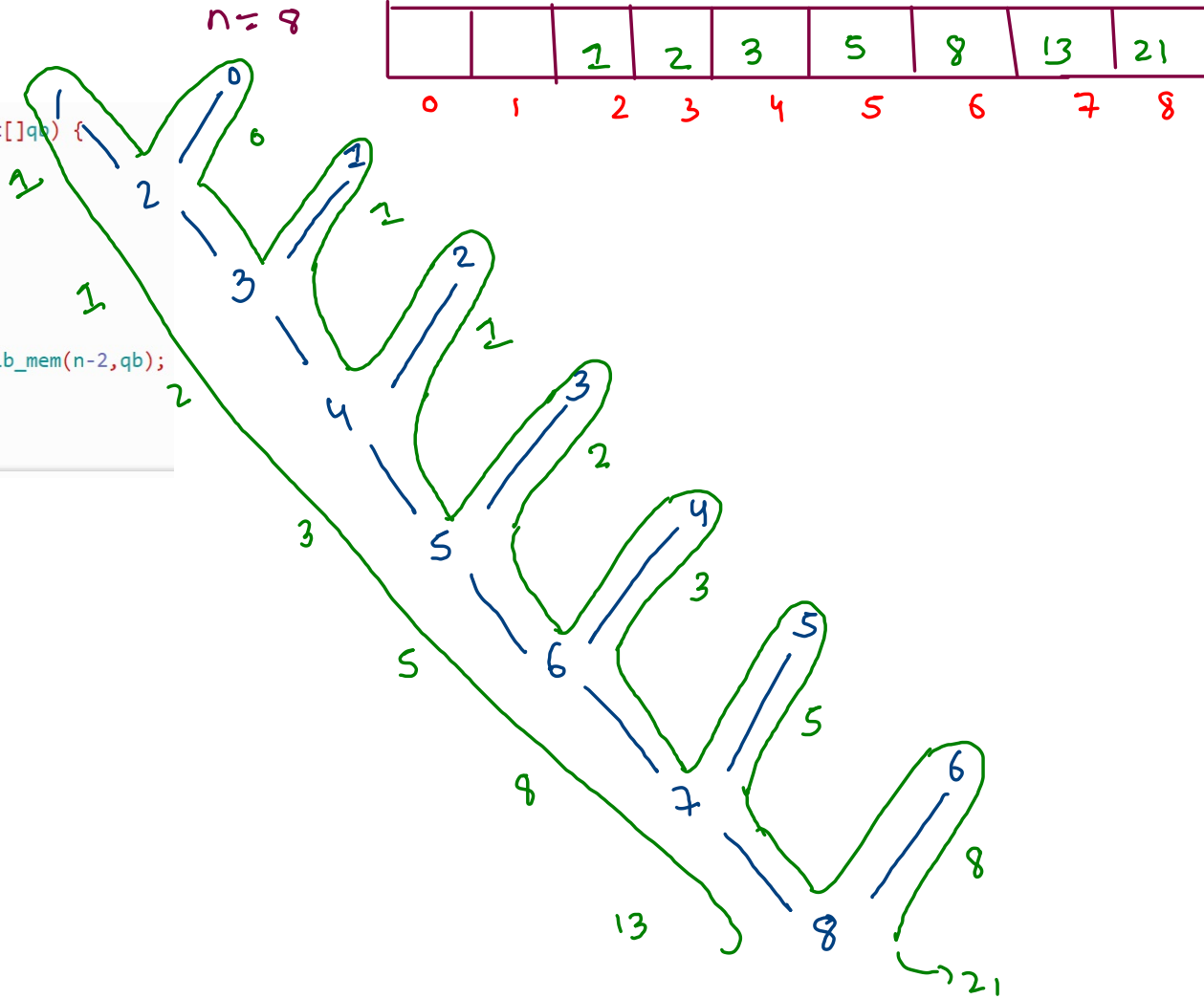
```

public static int fib_mem(int n, int[] qb) {
    if (n == 0 || n == 1) {
        return n;
    }

    if (qb[n] != 0) {
        return qb[n];
    }

    int fibn = fib_mem(n-1, qb) + fib_mem(n-2, qb);
    qb[n] = fibn;
    return fibn;
}

```



21

- (i) recursion
- (ii) memoise
- (iii) tabulation

$$n = 8$$

tabulation

dp

- (i) create steg
- (ii) assign meaning to given steg.
- (iii) Travel and solve, from
Smaller problem to larger

0	1	1	2	3	5	8	13	21
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

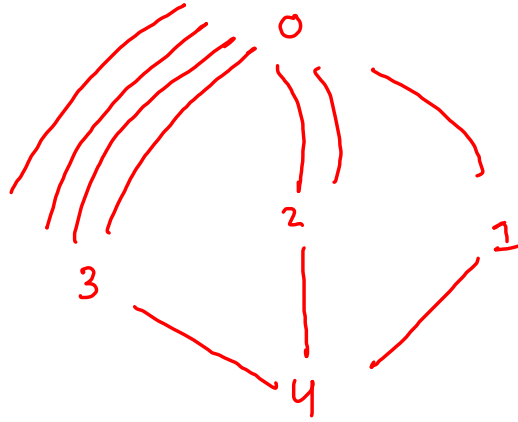
Smallest problem

Longest

$dp[i] \rightarrow fib(i)$

$$dp[i] = dp[i-1] + dp[i-2];$$

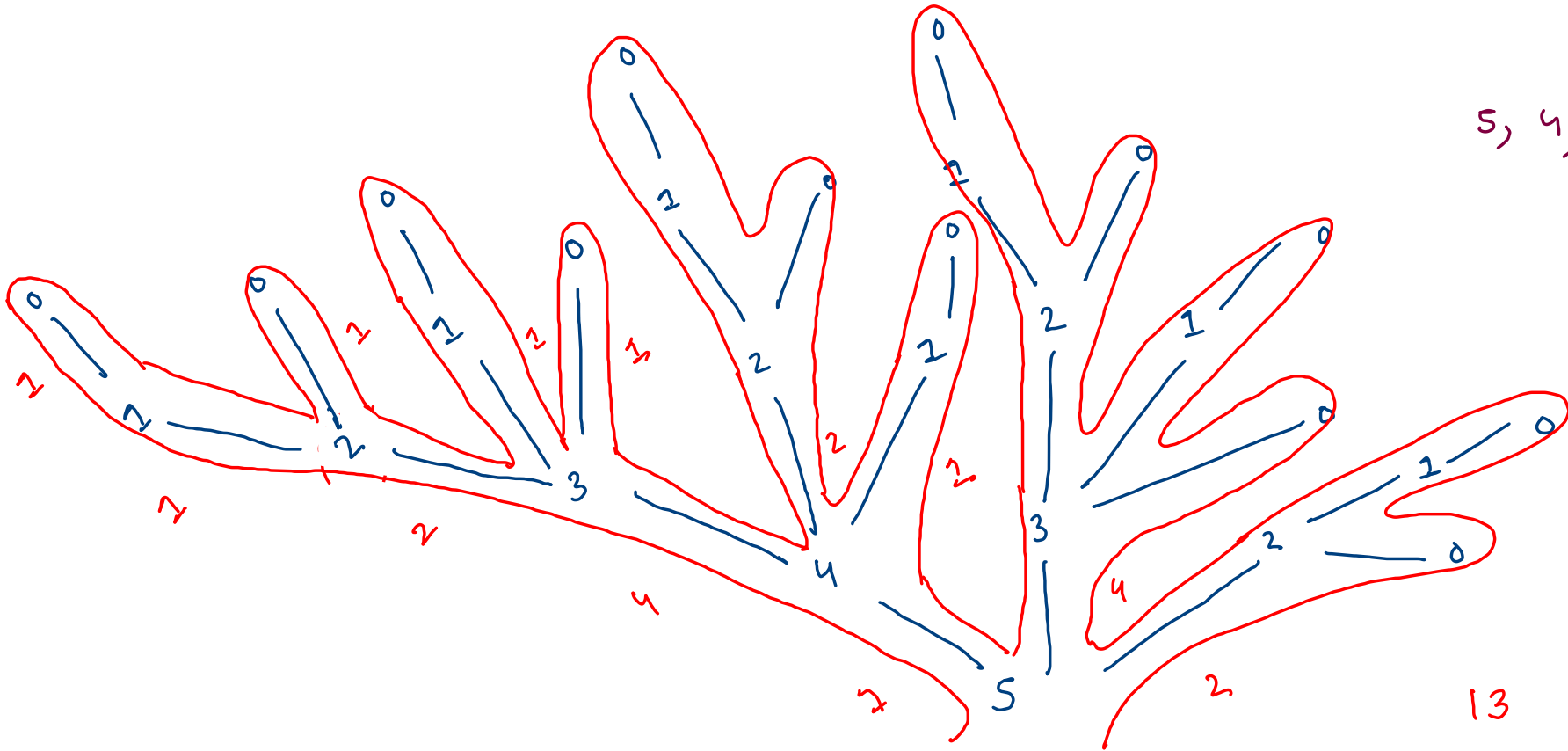
Stair paths



$$\text{ways}(n) = \text{ways}(n-1) + \text{ways}(n-2) + \text{ways}(n-3)$$

$n=5$

5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0



qb

	1	2	4	7	13
6	1	2	3	4	5

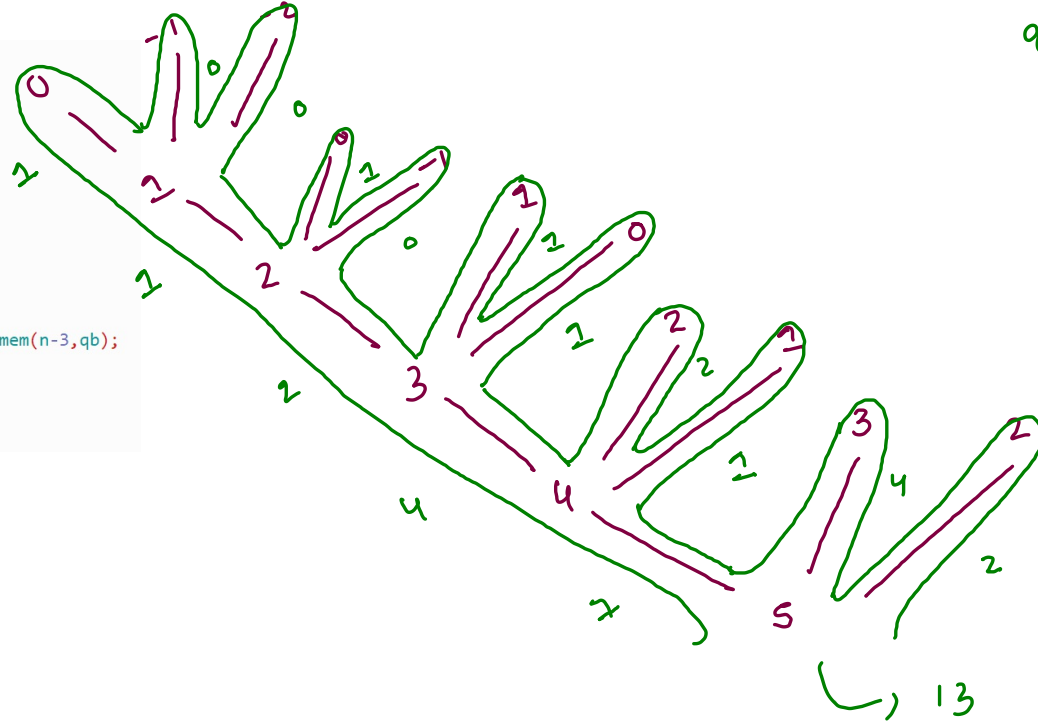
```
public static int cs_mem(int n, int[] qb) {
    if (n == 0) {
        return 1;
    }

    if (n < 0) {
        return 0;
    }

    if (qb[n] != 0) {
        return qb[n];
    }

    int ways = cs_mem(n-1, qb) + cs_mem(n-2, qb) + cs_mem(n-3, qb);
    qb[n] = ways;

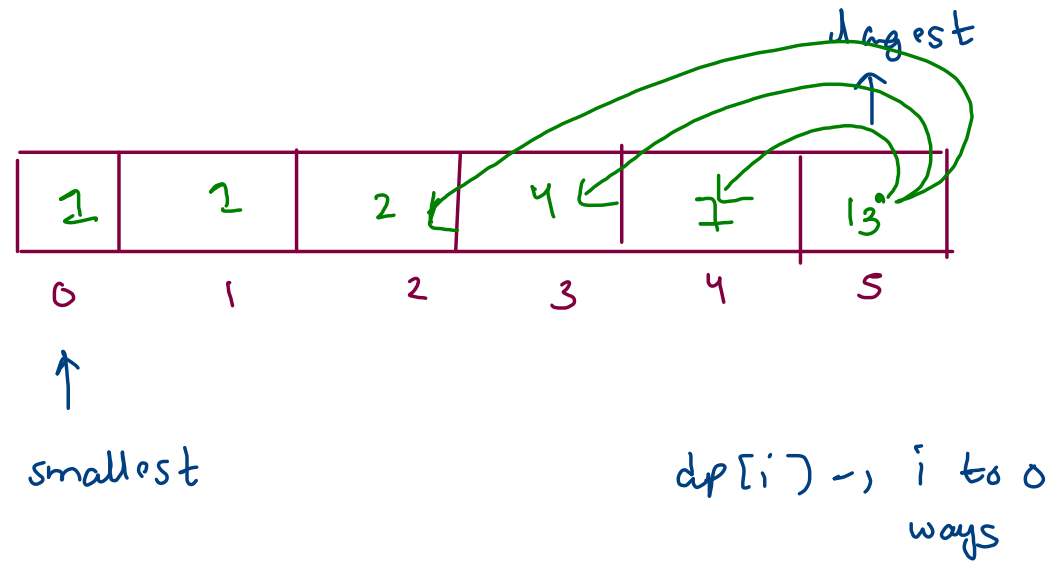
    return ways;
}
```



qb[i] → no. of ways
ith floor to
ground floor

tabulation

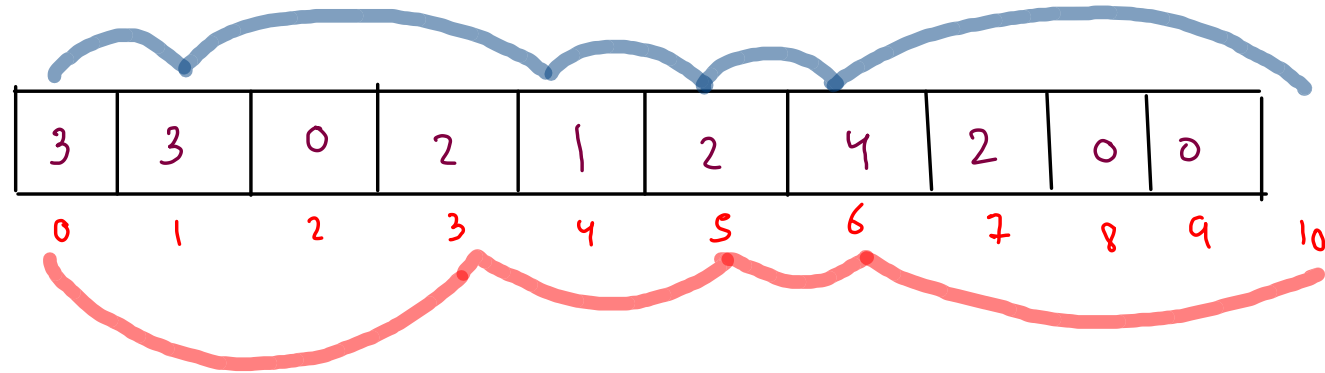
- (i) create strg
- (ii) assign meaning
- (iii) travel and solve



$$dp[i] = dp[i-1] + dp[i-2] + dp[i-3]$$

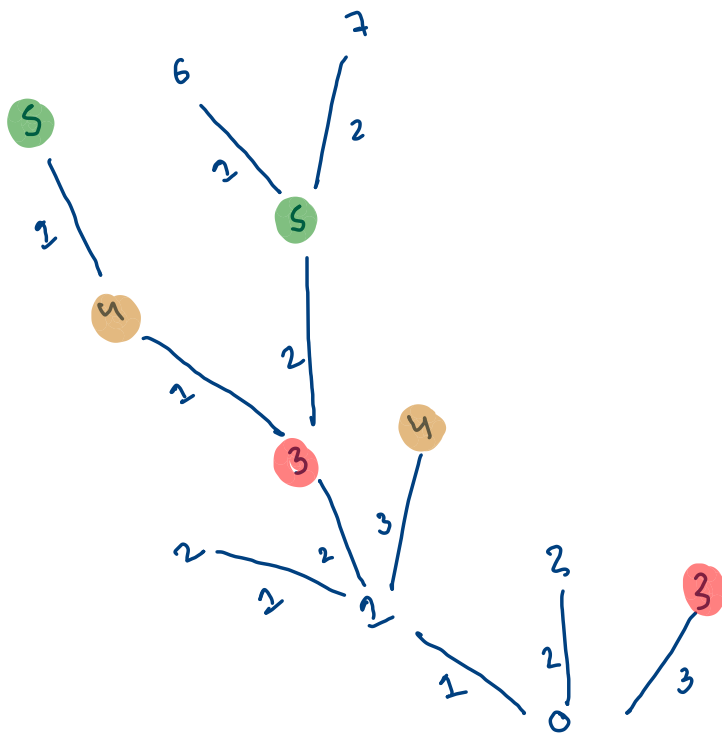
1. You are given a number n , representing the number of stairs in a staircase.
2. You are on the 0th step and are required to climb to the top.
3. You are given n numbers, where i th element's value represents - till how far from the step you could jump to in a single move.
You can of course jump fewer number of steps in the move.
4. You are required to print the number of different paths via which you can climb to the top.

10 3 3 0 2 1 2 4 2 0 0



3	3	0	2	1	2	4	2	0	0
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

dest = 10



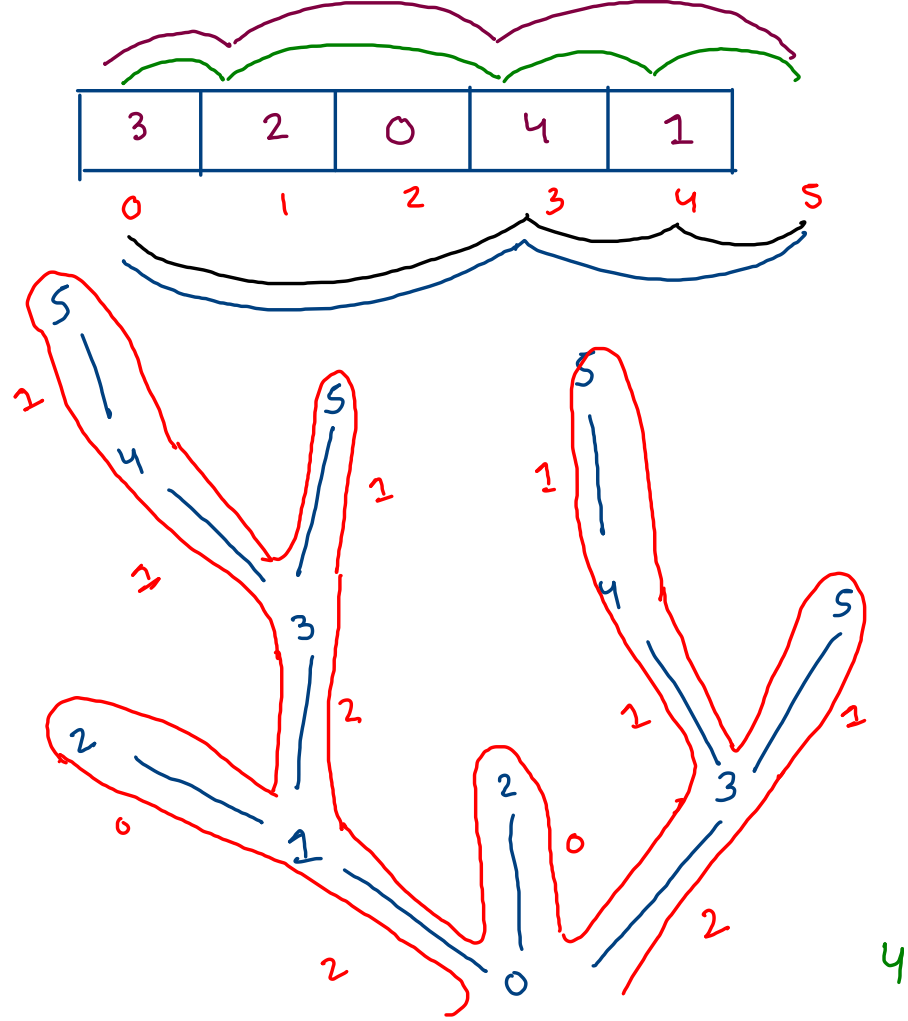
```
public static int csvj_rec(int src,int[]jumps) {
    if(src == jumps.length) {
        return 1;
    }

    int total = 0;
    for(int k = 1; k <= jumps[src] && src + k <= jumps.length;k++) {

        int ntodw = csvj_rec(src + k,jumps);

        total += ntodw;
    }

    return total;
}
```



jumps

2	2	3	0	0	0
0	1	2	3	4	5

96

		0	0	0	0	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6

```
public static int csvj_mem(int src,int[]jumps,int[]qb) {
    if(src == jumps.length) {
        return 1;
    }

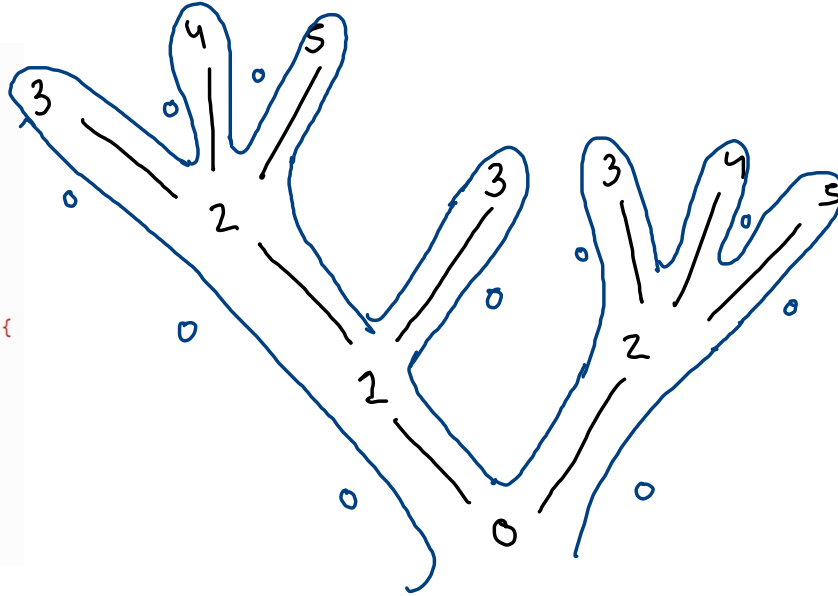
    if(qb[src] != 0) {
        return qb[src];
    }

    int total = 0;

    for(int k=1; k <= jumps[src] && src + k <= arr.length;k++) {
        int ntodw = csvj_mem(src + k,jumps,qp);
        total += ntodw;
    }

    qb[src] = total;

    return total;
}
```



unsolved $\rightarrow 0$

ans $\rightarrow 0$

↓ improve

unsolved $\rightarrow -1$

$\cos \rightarrow 0$