

## Practical 1

**Aim:** To study real-world applications and use cases of Big Data in different industries.

**Code / Procedure:**

1. Healthcare: Analyze patient records, predict diseases, improve treatment.
2. Banking: Fraud detection, risk analysis, personalized offers.
3. E-commerce: Product recommendations, customer behavior analysis.
4. Transportation: Route optimization, traffic prediction.
5. Social Media: Sentiment analysis, targeted advertising.

## Practical 2

**Aim:** To understand and use basic Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) commands.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
$ hadoop fs -mkdir /user/hadoop/input
$ hadoop fs -put localfile.txt /user/hadoop/input
$ hadoop fs -ls /user/hadoop/input
$ hadoop fs -cat /user/hadoop/input/localfile.txt
$ hadoop fs -rm /user/hadoop/input/localfile.txt
```

## Practical 3

**Aim:** To understand the programming architecture of Hadoop using MapReduce API.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
import java.io.IOException;
import org.apache.hadoop.conf.Configuration;
import org.apache.hadoop.fs.Path;
import org.apache.hadoop.io.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.*;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.input.FileInputFormat;
import org.apache.hadoop.mapreduce.lib.output.FileOutputFormat;

public class WordCount {
    public static class TokenizerMapper extends Mapper<Object, Text, Text, IntWritable> {
        private final static IntWritable one = new IntWritable(1);
        private Text word = new Text();
        public void map(Object key, Text value, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
            String[] tokens = value.toString().split(" ");
            for (String t : tokens) {
                word.set(t);
                context.write(word, one);
            }
        }
    }
    public static class IntSumReducer extends Reducer<Text, IntWritable, Text, IntWritable> {
        public void reduce(Text key, Iterable<IntWritable> values, Context context) throws IOException, InterruptedException {
            int sum = 0;
            for (IntWritable val : values) sum += val.get();
            context.write(key, new IntWritable(sum));
        }
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
        Configuration conf = new Configuration();
        Job job = Job.getInstance(conf, "word count");
        job.setJarByClass(WordCount.class);
        job.setMapperClass(TokenizerMapper.class);
        job.setCombinerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
        job.setReducerClass(IntSumReducer.class);
        job.setOutputKeyClass(Text.class);
        job.setOutputValueClass(IntWritable.class);
        FileInputFormat.addInputPath(job, new Path(args[0]));
        FileOutputFormat.setOutputPath(job, new Path(args[1]));
        System.exit(job.waitForCompletion(true) ? 0 : 1);
    }
}
```

## Practical 4

**Aim:** To implement a word count application using Mapper and Reducer on a single node cluster.

**Code / Procedure:**

1. Write the MapReduce program (WordCount.java).
2. Compile: hadoop com.sun.tools.javac.Main WordCount.java
3. Create JAR: jar cf wc.jar WordCount\*.class
4. Run: hadoop jar wc.jar WordCount /input /output
5. View result: hadoop fs -cat /output/part-r-00000

## Practical 5

**Aim:** To analyze the weather dataset using Mapper Reducer on a single node cluster.

**Code / Procedure:**

1. Download weather dataset.
2. Mapper extracts year and temperature.
3. Reducer finds maximum temperature per year.
4. Run job: hadoop jar weather.jar Weather /input /output
5. Display results using: hadoop fs -cat /output/\*

## Practical 6

**Aim:** To set up a MongoDB database and perform basic CRUD operations.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
> use studentdb
> db.createCollection("students")
> db.students.insert({name: "Rahul", age: 22, course: "BCA"})
> db.students.find()
> db.students.update({name: "Rahul"}, {$set: {age: 23}})
> db.students.remove({name: "Rahul"})
```

## Practical 7

**Aim:** To prepare a case study on Big Data Streaming.

**Code / Procedure:**

1. Study Apache Kafka, Flink, and Spark Streaming.
2. Use cases: Twitter analytics, stock price monitoring.
3. Kafka for ingestion, Spark Streaming for processing.
4. Visualize results using dashboards (Grafana).

## Practical 8

**Aim:** To perform basic Pig operations and commands.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
grunt> A = LOAD 'data.txt' USING PigStorage(',') AS (id:int, name:chararray, age:int);
grunt> DUMP A;
grunt> B = FILTER A BY age > 25;
grunt> DUMP B;
grunt> C = GROUP A BY age;
grunt> DUMP C;
```

## Practical 9

**Aim:** To perform daily show analysis using Pig.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
grunt> shows = LOAD 'shows.csv' USING PigStorage(',') AS (channel:chararray, viewers:int);
grunt> grouped = GROUP shows BY channel;
```

```
grunt> result = FOREACH grouped GENERATE group, SUM(shows.viewers);
grunt> DUMP result;
```

## Practical 10

**Aim:** To implement a word count application using Pig.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
grunt> A = LOAD 'input.txt' USING PigStorage(' ') AS (word:chararray);
grunt> B = GROUP A BY word;
grunt> C = FOREACH B GENERATE group, COUNT(A);
grunt> DUMP C;
```

## Practical 11

**Aim:** To perform basic queries to retrieve and analyze information using Hive.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
hive> CREATE TABLE students (id INT, name STRING, marks INT) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH 'students.csv' INTO TABLE students;
hive> SELECT * FROM students;
hive> SELECT AVG(marks) FROM students;
hive> SELECT name FROM students WHERE marks > 70;
```

## Practical 12

**Aim:** To create HDFS tables, load them in Hive, and perform joining of tables.

**Code / Procedure:**

```
hive> CREATE TABLE dept (id INT, name STRING);
hive> CREATE TABLE emp (id INT, name STRING, dept_id INT);
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH 'dept.csv' INTO TABLE dept;
hive> LOAD DATA LOCAL INPATH 'emp.csv' INTO TABLE emp;
hive> SELECT e.name, d.name FROM emp e JOIN dept d ON (e.dept_id = d.id);
```