

MACHINE LEARNING

In Q1 to Q8, only one option is correct, Choose the correct option:

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1.	In the linear regression equation $y = \theta_0 + \theta_1 X$, θ_0 A) Slope of the line C) y intercept	is the: B) Independent variable D) Coefficient of determination
2.	True or False: Linear Regression is a supervised A) True	learning algorithm. B) False
3.	In regression analysis, the variable that is being p A) the independent variable C) usually denoted by x	predicted is: B) the dependent variable D) usually denoted by r
4.	Generally, which of the following method(s) is udependent variables? A) Logistic Regression C) Both	B) Linear Regression D) None of the above
5.	The coefficient of determination is: A) the square root of the correlation coefficient C) the correlation coefficient squared	B) usually less than zero D) equal to zero
6.	If the slope of the regression equation is positive A) y decreases as x increases C) y decreases as x decreases	e, then: B) y increases as x increases D) None of these
7.	Linear Regression works best for: A) linear data C) both linear and non-linear data	B) non-linear data D) None of the above
8.	The coefficient of determination can be in (A) 0 to 1 C) -1 to 0	the range of: B) -1 to 1 D) 0 to infinity
In Q9 to Q13, more than one options are correct, Choose all the correct options:		
9.	Which of the following evaluation metrics can b A) Classification Report C) ROC curve	e used for linear regression? B) RMSE D) MAE
10.	 10. Which of the following is true for linear regression? A) Linear regression is a supervised learning algorithm. B) Linear regression supports multi-collinearity. C) Shape of linear regression's cost function is convex. D) Linear regression is used to predict discrete dependent variable. 	
11.	Which of the following regularizations can be ap A) Ridge C) Pruning	pplied to linear regression? B) Lasso D) Elastic Net
12.	 Linear regression performs better for: A) Large amount of training samples with small number of features. B) Same number of features and training samples C) Large number of features D) The variables which are drawn independently, identically distributed 	
	13. Which of the following assumptions are tA) LinearityC) Non-Independent	rue for linear regression? B) Homoscedasticity D) Normality



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Q14 and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

14. Explain Linear Regression?

ANSWER--- Linear regression analysis is used to predict the value of a variable based on the value of another variable. The variable you want to predict is called the dependent variable. The variable you are using to predict the other variable's value is called the independent variable.

15. What is difference between simple linear and multiple linear regression?

ANSWER--- Simple linear regression is regression where there is only one linear independent variable, and the highest exponent applied to the single independent variable is 1 (which is often omitted since anything to the power of 1 is just itself). For example, when only considering temperature when analyzing rate of melting of ice, the only independent variable is the temperature, and it would be linear (a straight line).

Multiple linear regression is where there is more than one independent variable. It could be 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 100, 10000, a trillion... hypothetically, there is no limit to the number of independent variables, so long as the number is at least two. All of the exponents are 1 (which is often omitted since anything to the power of 1 is just itself). For example, when considering both temperature and pressure when analyzing rate of melting of ice, the only independent variable is the temperature, and it would be linear (a straight line).

