DBMS Lab Week 6

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Section : A

SQL – Aggregate functions.

Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'ProductX' project is given a 10% raise.

Command: update employee set salary=salary+(0.1*salary) where ssn in (select essn from works_on where pno in (select pnumber from project where pname='ProductX'));

```
company=# update employee set salary=salary+(0.1*salary) where ssn in (select essn from works_on where pno in (select pnumber from project where pname='ProductX'));
company=# select * from employee;
 fname | minit | lname | ssn | bdate |
                                                   address
                                                                 | gender | salary | super_ssn | dno
              | Borg | 888665555 | 1937-11-10 | 450 Stone, Houston,TX | M
                                                                         55000.00
Franklin | T
              40000.00 | 888665555 | 5
              | Zelaya | 999887777 | 1968-01-19 | 3321 Castle,Spring,Tx | F
                                                                         | 25000.00 | 333445555 | 4
              | Wallace | 987654321 | 1941-06-20 | 291 Berry, Bellaire, Tx | F
Jennifer | S
                                                                         | 43000.00 | 333445555 |
              | 38000.00 | 333445555 |
              | Jabbar | 987987987 | 1969-03-29 | 980 Dallas, Houston,TX | M
Ahmed
                                                                         | 25000.00 | 987654321 |
              | Smith | 123456789 | 1965-01-09 | 731 Fondren, Houston, TX | M
                                                                         33000.00 | 888665555 | 5
              | English | 453453453 | 1972-07-31 | 5631 Rice,Houston,TX
                                                                         | 27500.00 | 333445555 | 5
Joyce
8 rows)
```

<2> Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Research' department, as well as the maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department.

Command: select SUM(salary), MAX(salary), MIN(salary), AVG(salary) from employee where dno in (select dnumber from department where dname='Research');

<3> Count the number of distinct salary values in the database.

Command: select COUNT(DISTINCT(salary)) from employee;

```
company=# select COUNT(DISTINCT(salary)) from employee;
count
-----
7
(1 row)
```

4> Retrieve the names of all employees who have two or more dependents.

Command: select fname, minit, lname from employee as e where (select COUNT(essn) from dependent where e.ssn=essn) >=2;

<5> For each department, retrieve the department number, the number of employees in the department, and their average salary.

Command: Select dno, count(ssn), AVG(salary) from employee GROUP BY dno;

<6> Retrieve the names of employees who make at least \$10,000 more than the employee who is paid the least in the company.

Command: select fname, minit, lname from employee where salary>= (select MIN(salary) from employee)+10000;

<7> Retrieve the names of all employees who work in the department that has the employee with the highest salary among all employees.

Command: select fname, minit, lname from employee where dno in (select dno from employee where salary in (select MAX(salary) from employee));

<8> Count the total number of employees whose salaries exceed \$40,000 in each department

Command : select dno,count(ssn) from employee where salary>40000 GROUP BY dno;

```
company=# select dno,count(ssn) from employee where salary>40000 GROUP BY dno;
dno | count
-----+
4 | 1
1 | 1
(2 rows)
```