Day 3-4

React Forms & Tailwind CSS

Feedback Form with table

```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
function Feedback() {
    const [formData, setFormData] = useState({
        name: '',
        age: '',
        roll: ''
        class: '
        feedback: ''
      }):
    const [tableData, setTableData] = useState([]);
    const handleChange = (e) => {
        const { name, value } = e.target;
        setFormData({
          ...formData, // Spread the existing formData object
          [name]: value // Update the specific property with the
new value
        });
      };
    const handleSubmit = (e) => {
        e.preventDefault();
        setTableData([...tableData, formData]);
        setFormData({
          name: '',
          age: ''
          roll: '
          class: ''
          feedback: '''
        });
      }:
      return (
        <div className="App">
          <h1>Student Feedback Form</h1>
            < div>
              <label>Name:</label>
              <input type="text"</pre>
               name="name"
               value={formData.name}
               onChange={handleChange} required />
            </div>
```

```
<div>
            <label>Age:</label>
            <input type="number" name="age"</pre>
             value={formData.age}
             onChange={handleChange} required />
          </div>
          <div>
            <label>Roll:</label>
            <input type="text" name="roll" value={formData.roll}</pre>
onChange={handleChange} required />
          </div>
          < div >
            <label>Class:</label>
            <input type="text" name="class"</pre>
value={formData.class} onChange={handleChange} required />
          </div>
          <div>
            <label>Feedback:</label>
            <textarea name="feedback" value={formData.feedback}</pre>
onChange={handleChange} required></textarea>
          </div>
          <button type="submit" onClick={handleSubmit}>Submit/
button>
        <h2>Submitted Feedback</h2>
         <thead>
            >
              Name
              Age
              Roll
              Class
              Feedback
            </thead>
          {tableData.map((data, index) => (
              {data.name}
                {data_age}
                {data.roll}
                {data.class}
                {data.feedback}
              ))}
          </div>
     );
export default Feedback;
```

Todo List Component

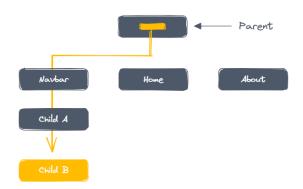
```
import React, { useState } from 'react';
function Feedback() {
  const [formData, SetFormData] = useState({
   time:'',
   note: '',
   })
  const [Table,setTable]=useState([])
   function handleChange(e){
   const {name,value}= e.target;
   SetFormData({...formData,[name]:value});
  function handleSubmit(){
   setTable([...Table,formData]);
   SetFormData({
       time:'',
       note: ''
       })
   }
  function handleDelete(index) {
   const newData = Table.filter(
        (data,i) \Rightarrow i !== index);
   setTable(newData);
 }
   return(
   <div>
        <h3>My Todo List</h3>
           <input type="time"</pre>
           name="time"
           value={formData.time}
           onChange={handleChange}
           />
           <input type="text"</pre>
           name="note"
           value={formData.note}
           onChange={handleChange}
           <button onClick={handleSubmit}>Submit
       < hr > < /hr >
       <thead>
                Time
                Note
                Action
```

Context API

In React, passing props is a fundamental concept that enables a parent component to share data with its child components as well as other components within an application.

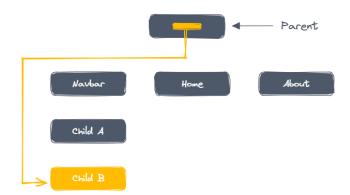
In many cases, passing props can be an effective way to share data between different parts of your application. But passing props down a chain of multiple components to reach a specific component can make your code overly cumbersome.

component tree and make it available to all other components that need it without passing props.



How the Context API Works

Context API allows data to be passed through a component tree without having to pass props manually at every level. This makes it easier to share data between components.



How to Get Started with the Context API

To start using the Context API in your applications, you'll need to follow a few simple steps:

1. Create a Context Object

First, you need to create a context object using the createContext function from the 'react' library. This context object will hold the data that you want to share across your application.

Create a new file named MyContext.js in the src folder and add the following code to create a context object:

```
import { createContext } from 'react';
export const MyContext = createContext("");
In the above code we're importing greateContext from Peacet and using it to create
```

In the above code, we're importing createContext from React and using it to create a new context object named "MyContext". Then, we are exporting the context object so that we can use it in other parts of our application.

2. Wrap Components with a Provider

<MyComponent />

Once you've created a context object, you need to wrap the components that need access to the shared data with a Provider component. The Provider component accepts a "value" prop that holds the shared data, and any component that is a child of the Provider component can access that shared data.

It's important to note that the Provider component should be wrapped around the top-level component in an application to ensure that all child components have access to the shared data.

Here's an example that demonstrates how to wrap components with a Provider in Context API:

<MyContext.Provider value={{ text, setText }}>

export default App;

In this example, we have a parent component called App. This component has a state variable called "text", which is initially set to an empty string. We've also defined a function called setText that can be used to update the value of text.

Inside the return statement of the App component, we've wrapped the children of this component with the provider component ("MyContext.Provider"). Then we've passed an object to the value prop of the provider component that contains "text" and "setText" values.

3. Consume the Context

Now that we've created the provider component, we need to consume the context in other components. To do this, we use the "useContext" hook from React.

export default MyComponent;

In this example, we've used the useContext hook to access the "text" and "setText" variables that were defined in the provider component.

Inside the return statement of "MyComponent", we've rendered a paragraph element that displays the value of text. We've also rendered a button that, when clicked, will call the setText function to update the value of text to "Hello, world!".

Tailwind CSS

Install Tailwind CSS

```
Install tailwindcss via npm, and then run the init command to generate your tailwind.config.js file.
```

```
npm install -D tailwindcss
npx tailwindcss init
```

Configure your template paths

Add the paths to all of your template files in your tailwind.config.js file.

```
/** @type {import('tailwindcss').Config} */
module.exports = {
  content: [
    "./src/**/*.{js,jsx,ts,tsx}",
    ],
    theme: {
     extend: {},
    },
    plugins: [],
}
```

Add the Tailwind directives to your CSS

Add the @tailwind directives for each of Tailwind's layers to your ./src/index.css file.

```
@tailwind base;
```

@tailwind components;

@tailwind utilities;

Import /index.css in your component and use it

Tailwind Css Styling

Text:

Category	Class			
Text Color	text-white, text-black, text-gray-500, text-red-500, text-yellow-500, text-green-500, text-blue-500, text-indigo-500, text-purple-500, text-pink-500			
Text Size	text-xs, text-sm, text-base, text-lg, text-xl, text-2xl, text-3xl, text-4xl, text-5xl, text-6xl			
Font Family	font-sans, font-serif, font-mono			
Font Weight	font-thin, font-extralight, font-light, font-normal, font-medium, font-semibold, font-bold, font-extrabold, font-black			
Text Alignment	text-left, text-center, text-right, text-justify			
Text Decoration	underline, line-through, no-underline			
Text Transform	ansform uppercase, lowercase, capitalize, normal-case			
Text Overflow	truncate, overflow-ellipsis, overflow-clip			
Letter Spacing tracking-tighter, tracking-tight, tracking-normal, tracking-wide tracking-wider, tracking-widest				
Line Height	leading-none, leading-tight, leading-snug, leading-normal, leading-relaxed, leading-loose, leading-[value]			
Text Indentation	indent-0, indent-[value]			
Font Style	italic, not-italic			
Opacity	text-opacity-0, text-opacity-25, text-opacity-50, text-opacity-75, text-opacity-100			
Whitespace Handling	whitespace-normal, whitespace-nowrap, whitespace-pre, whitespace-pre-line, whitespace-pre-wrap			

Example:

Tailwind CSS is awesome!

Layout:

Category	Class		
Margin	m-0, m-40 (intermediate: m-1 to m-32)		
Padding	p-0, p-40 (intermediate: p-1 to p-32)		
Flexbox	flex, inline-flex		
Flex Direction	flex-row, flex-col		
Flex Wrap	flex-nowrap, flex-wrap		
Justify Content	justify-start, justify-center, justify-end		
Align Items	items-start, items-center, items-end		
Align Self	self-auto, self-start, self-center, self-end		
Grid	grid, inline-grid		
Grid Columns	grid-cols-1, grid-cols-12 (intermediate: grid-cols-2 to grid-cols-11)		
Grid Rows	grid-rows-1, grid-rows-6 (intermediate: grid-rows-2 to grid-rows-5)		
Gap	gap-0, gap-40 (intermediate: gap-1 to gap-32)		
Width	w-0, w-full (intermediate: w-1/2, w-1/3, w-1/4, etc.)		
Height	h-0, h-full (intermediate: h-1/2, h-1/3, h-1/4, etc.)		
Position	static, relative, absolute, fixed, sticky		
Z-Index	z-0, z-50 (intermediate: z-10, z-20, z-30, z-40)		
Overflow	overflow-auto, overflow-hidden, overflow-visible, overflow-scroll		

Example for Layout

Example for Layout

FlexBox Classes

Category	Class			
Display	flex, inline-flex			
Flex Direction	flex-row, flex-row-reverse, flex-col, flex-col-reverse			
Flex Wrap	flex-nowrap, flex-wrap, flex-wrap-reverse			
Align Items	items-start, items-end, items-center, items-baseline, items-stretch			
Align Content	content-start, content-end, content-center, content-between, content-around, content-evenly			
Align Self	self-auto, self-start, self-end, self-center, self-stretch			
Justify Content	justify-start, justify-end, justify-center, justify-between, justify-around, justify-evenly			
Flex	flex-1, flex-auto, flex-initial, flex-none			
Flex Grow	flex-grow, flex-grow-0			
Flex Shrink	flex-shrink, flex-shrink-0			
Order	order-first, order-last, order-none, order-1, order-12			
Gap	gap-0, gap-40 (intermediate: gap-1 to gap-32)			
Width	w-0, w-full (intermediate: w-1/2, w-1/3, w-1/4, etc.)			
Height	h-0, h-full (intermediate: h-1/2, h-1/3, h-1/4, etc.)			
Margin	m-0, m-40 (intermediate: m-1 to m-32)			
Padding	p-0, p-40 (intermediate: p-1 to p-32)			

FlexBox Example

```
<div class="flex flex-row flex-wrap -mx-2">
     <div class="flex-1 md:w-1/2 px-2 mb-4">
       <div class="bg-white p-6 rounded shadow-md">
         <h2 class="text-xl font-bold mb-2">Column 1</h2>
         Data 1: <span class="font-</pre>
medium">123</span>
       </div>
     </div>
     <div class="flex-1 md:w-1/2 px-2 mb-4">
       <div class="bg-white p-6 rounded shadow-md">
         <h2 class="text-xl font-bold mb-2">Column 2</h2>
         Data 3: <span class="font-</pre>
medium">GHI</span>
       </div>
     </div>
     <div class="flex-1 md:w-1/2 px-2 mb-4">
       <div class="bg-white p-6 rounded shadow-md">
         <h2 class="text-xl font-bold mb-2">Column 3</h2>
         Data 3: <span class="font-</pre>
medium">$300</span>
       </div>
     </div>
     <div class="w-full md:w-1/2 px-2 mb-4">
       <div class="bg-white p-6 rounded shadow-md">
         <h2 class="text-xl font-bold mb-2">Column 4</h2>
         Data 1: <span class="font-</pre>
medium">X</span>
       </div>
     </div>
   </div>
```

Grid Classes

Table 1-3

Category	Class			
Display	grid, inline-grid			
Grid Template Columns	grid-cols-1, grid-cols-12			
Grid Template Rows	grid-rows-1, grid-rows-6			
Gap	gap-0, gap-40			
Column Gap	col-gap-0, col-gap-40			
Row Gap	row-gap-0, row-gap-40			
Auto Flow	grid-flow-row, grid-flow-col, grid-flow-row-dense, grid-flow-col-dense			
Auto Columns	auto-cols-auto, auto-cols-min, auto-cols-max, auto-cols-fr			
Auto Rows	auto-rows-auto, auto-rows-min, auto-rows-max, auto-rows-fr			
Template Areas	grid-areas-none			

Example:

Alignment Classes

Table 1-4

Category	Classes	Description
Align Items	<pre>items-start,items-end, items-center,items- baseline,items-stretch</pre>	Aligns items vertically within their container based on the cross axis alignment.
Align Content	content-start, content- end, content-center, content-between, content-around, content- evenly	Aligns content horizontally within a flex container with multiple lines of content.
Align Self	<pre>self-auto, self-start, self-end, self-center, self-stretch</pre>	Aligns individual items within a flex container, overriding the default align-items setting.
Justify Content	<pre>justify-start, justify- end, justify-center, justify-between, justify-around, justify- evenly</pre>	Aligns items along the main axis (horizontally) within a flex container, distributing space accordingly.

Sizing Classes

Table 1-5

Category	Classes			
Width	w-{size},min-w-{size},max-w-{size}			
Height	h-{size},min-h-{size},max-h-{size}			
Padding	<pre>p-{size},px-{size},py-{size},pt-{size},pr-{size}, pb-{size},pl-{size}</pre>			
Margin	<pre>m-{size}, mx-{size}, my-{size}, mt-{size}, mr-{size}, mb-{size}, ml-{size}</pre>			
Responsive	<pre>sm:{class},md:{class},lg:{class},xl:{class},2xl: {class}</pre>			
Aspect Ratio	aspect-{ratio}			

Example:

```
<div className="container mx-auto">
   {/* Small Card */}
   <div className="bg-blue-200 w-64 h-32 p-4 mb-4">
     Small Card
   </div>
   {/* Medium Card */}
   <div className="bg-green-200 w-96 h-48 p-4 mb-4">
     Medium Card
   </div>
   {/* Large Card */}
   <div className="bg-yellow-200 w-full h-64 p-4 mb-4">
     Large Card
   </div>
   {/* Responsive Card */}
   <div className="bg-pink-200 sm:w-full md:h-96 p-4 mb-4">
     Responsive Card
   </div>
  </div>
```

Category	Classes	Description	
Background Color	bg-{color}	Applies a solid background color where {color} can be a color name or hexadecimal value.	
Background Image	bg-{image},bg-cover,bg-contain	Applies a background image where {image} is the URL or path to the image.	
Background Size	bg-auto, bg-cover, bg-contain	Sets the size of the background image.	
Background Position	<pre>bg-center,bg-left,bg-right,bg-top, bg-bottom,bg-left-top,bg-right-top, bg-left-bottom,bg-right-bottom</pre>	Positions the background image relative to the container.	
Background Repeat	<pre>bg-no-repeat, bg-repeat-x, bg-repeat-y</pre>	Controls how the background image is repeated.	
Background Attachment	bg-fixed,bg-local,bg-scroll	Controls whether and how the background image scrolls with the content.	

Example:

```
<div className="container mx-auto">
     {/* Background Color */}
     <div className="bg-blue-200 p-4 mb-4">
       Background Color
     </div>
     {/* Background Image */}
     <div className="bg-cover bg-center h-64 mb-4"</pre>
style={{ backgroundImage: "url('https://upload.wikimedia.org/
wikipedia/commons/thumb/4/41/Sunflower_from_Silesia2.jpg/1600px-
Sunflower_from_Silesia2.jpg')" }}>
       Background Image
     </div>
     {/* Gradient Background */}
     <div className="bg-gradient-to-r from-purple-500 via-</pre>
pink-500 to-red-500 p-4 mb-4">
       Gradient Background
     </div>
   </div>
```

Border Classes

Category	Classes	Description	
Border Width	<pre>border, border-{size}, border-t- {size}, border-r-{size}, border-b- {size}, border-l-{size}</pre>	Sets border width and sides.	
Border Style	border-solid, border-dashed, border-dotted, border-double, border-none	Sets border style.	
Border Color	border-{color},border-transparent	Sets border color.	
Rounded Corners	<pre>rounded, rounded-{size}, rounded-t- {size}, rounded-r-{size}, rounded-b- {size}, rounded-l-{size}</pre>	Sets rounded corner size and sides.	
Border Collapse	border-collapse	Collapses borders on table elements.	

Example for Border Classes

```
<div class="container p-2 py-4">
<div class="mx-16 grid grid-cols-5 gap-2 p-2">
       <button class="ring-0 ring-green-600 bg-green-400</pre>
                   ring-opacity-25 w-full h-12 rounded-lg">
           Rina-0
       </button>
       <button class="ring-1 ring-green-600 bg-green-400</pre>
                   ring-opacity-25 w-full h-12 rounded-lg">
           Ring-1
       </button>
       <button class="ring-2 ring-green-600 bg-green-400</pre>
                   ring-opacity-25 w-full h-12 rounded-lg">
           Ring-2
       </button>
       <button class="ring-4 ring-green-600 bg-green-400</pre>
                   ring-opacity-25 w-full h-12 rounded-lg">
           Rina-4
       </button>
       <button class="ring-8 ring-green-600 bg-green-400</pre>
                   ring-opacity-25 w-full h-12 rounded-lg">
           Ring-8
       </button>
   </div>
   <div className="container mx-auto">
     {/* Border Example */}
     <div className="border border-gray-300 p-4 mb-4">
       Border Example
     </div>
     {/* Rounded Corners */}
     <div className="border border-blue-500 rounded-lg p-4 mb-4">
       Rounded Border
     </div>
   </div>
       </div>
```

Table Classes

Category	Classes	Description	
Table Container	container	Centers the table within its container.	
Table	table-auto, table-fixed	Sets the table layout (auto or fixed).	
Table Head	thead, bg-gray-50	Styles the table head section and sets background color for head rows.	
Table Row	tr,even:bg-gray-100	Styles table rows and alternates background color for even rows.	
Table Cell	th,td,border,border-gray-200, px-6,py-4	Styles table header and data cells, adds borders and padding.	
Text Alignment	text-left, text-center, text-right	Aligns text within table cells (left, center, right).	
Table Borders	border-collapse, divide-y, divide-gray-200	Collapses borders between table cells, adds vertical dividers between rows with specified color.	
Responsive Table	e overflow-x-auto Enables horizontal screens for wide		

Example:

```
<div className="container mx-auto justify-centre py-3 px-2">
   <thead className="bg-gray-50">
      text-gray-500 uppercase tracking-wider">Name
      text-gray-500 uppercase tracking-wider">Email
      text-gray-500 uppercase tracking-wider">Role
     </thead>
    <td className="px-6 py-4 whitespace-nowrap text-
xs">John Doe
      <td className="px-6 py-4 whitespace-nowrap text-
xs">john.doe@example.com
```

```
<td className="px-6 py-4 whitespace-nowrap text-
xs">Admin
     <td className="px-6 py-4 whitespace-nowrap"
                                text-
xs">Jane Smith
      text-
xs">jane.smith@example.com
      text-
xs">User
     </div>
```

Form Classes

Category	Classes	Description	
Form Container	container	Centers the form within its container.	
Form	<pre>max-w-md, bg-white, shadow-md, rounded, px-8, pt-6, pb-8, mb-4</pre>	Styles for form container and layout.	
Input Fields	w-full, sm:w-full, md:w-full, lg:w-full, bg-gray-100, border-gray-300, text-gray-700, rounded-md, shadow, appearance-none, py-2, px-3, leading-tight, focus:outline-none, focus:border-blue-500		
Labels	block, text-sm, font-bold, text-gray-700, mb-2	Styles for labels.	
Buttons	bg-blue-500, hover:bg-blue-600, text-white, font-bold, py-2, px-4, rounded, focus:outline-none, focus:shadow-outline	Styles for buttons including background color, hover state, and focus state.	
Checkboxes	form-checkbox, text-blue-500	Styles for checkboxes.	
Radios	form-radio,text-blue-500	Styles for radio buttons.	
Validation States	border-red-500, text-red-500	Styles for error messages and borders in validation states.	
Responsive Design	sm:,md:,lg:	Responsive utilities for adjusting layout and styles based on screen size.	

```
<form className="max-w-md mx-auto bg-white shadow-md rounded"</pre>
px-8 pt-6 pb-8 mb-4">
        <div className="mb-4">
          <label className="block text-gray-700 text-sm font-bold"> font-bold
mb-2" htmlFor="username">
            Username
          </label>
          <input
            className="shadow appearance-none border rounded w-
full py-2 px-3 text-gray-700 leading-tight focus:outline-none
focus:border-blue-500"
            id="username"
            type="text"
            placeholder="Enter your username"
          />
        </div>
        <div className="mb-6">
          <label className="block text-gray-700 text-sm font-bold"</pre>
mb-2" htmlFor="password">
            Password
          </label>
          <input
            className="shadow appearance-none border rounded w-
full py-2 px-3 text-gray-700 leading-tight focus:outline-none
focus:border-blue-500"
            id="password"
            type="password"
            placeholder="Enter your password"
        </div>
        <div className="flex items-center justify-between">
          <but
            className="bg-blue-500 hover:bg-blue-600 text-white
font-bold py-2 px-4 rounded focus:outline-none focus:shadow-
outline"
            type="button"
            Sign In
          </button>
        </div>
      </form>
```