



PIMPRI CHINCHWAD EDUCATION TRUST'S.
PIMPRI CHINCHWAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(An Autonomous Institute)

S.Y. B. TECH

Year: 2024 – 25

Semester: I

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Department: Computer Engineering

Division: C (C1)

Course: Data Structures Laboratory

Course Code: BCE23PC02

Date:

Assignment – 6

- **Aim:**

Consider two polynomial expressions of any degree. Design solution to perform addition of these two polynomials with suitable data structure and display results.

- **Source Code :**

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class node{
public:
    int coeff;
    int pow;
    node* next;
    node(){
        coeff = 0;
        pow = 0;
        next = NULL;
    }
    node(int x, int y){
        coeff = x;
        pow = y;
        next = NULL;
    }
};

class LL{
public:
    node* head = NULL;
    void create_node(int x, int y);
```

```
void print_poly();  
void polyAdd(LL l1, LL l2);  
};
```

```
void LL::create_node(int x, int y){  
    node* nn = new node();  
    nn->coeff = x;  
    nn->pow = y;  
    if(head == NULL){  
        head = nn;  
    }  
    else{  
        node* temp = new node();  
        temp = head;  
        while(temp->next != NULL){  
            temp = temp->next;  
        }  
        temp->next = nn;  
    }  
}
```

```
void LL::polyAdd(LL l1, LL l2) {  
    node* p1 = l1.head;  
    node* p2 = l2.head;  
  
    while (p1 != NULL && p2 != NULL) {  
        if (p1->pow == p2->pow) {  
            create_node(p1->coeff + p2->coeff, p1->pow);  
            p1 = p1->next;  
            p2 = p2->next;  
        } else if (p1->pow > p2->pow) {  
            create_node(p1->coeff, p1->pow);  
            p1 = p1->next;  
        } else {  
            create_node(p2->coeff, p2->pow);  
            p2 = p2->next;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
while (p1 != NULL) {  
    create_node(p1->coeff, p1->pow);  
}
```

```

        p1 = p1->next;
    }
    while (p2 != NULL) {
        create_node(p2->coeff, p2->pow);
        p2 = p2->next;
    }
}

void LL::print_poly(){
    if(head != NULL){
        node* temp = head;
        while(temp->next != NULL){
            if(temp->pow==0){

            }
            else{
                cout<<temp->coeff<<"x"<<temp->pow<<" + ";
            }
            temp=temp->next;
        }
        cout<<temp->coeff<<"x"<<temp->pow;
    }
}

```

```

int main(){
    LL l1;
    LL l2;
    LL result;
    l1.create_node(45, 6);
    l1.create_node(56, 4);
    l1.create_node(22, 2);
    cout<<"Polynomial 1: ";
    l1.print_poly();
    cout<<endl;
    l2.create_node(9, 5);
    l2.create_node(43, 4);
    l2.create_node(18, 1);
    l2.create_node(12, 0);
    cout<<"Polynomial 2: ";
    l2.print_poly();
    cout<<endl;
}

```

```
result.polyAdd(l1, l2);  
cout << "Resultant Polynomial: ";  
result.print_poly();  
  
return 0;  
}
```

- **Screen Shot of Output :**

Output

Clear

Polynomial 1: $45x^6 + 56x^4 + 22x^2$

Polynomial 2: $9x^5 + 43x^4 + 18x^1 + 12x^0$

Resultant Polynomial: $45x^6 + 9x^5 + 99x^4 + 22x^2 + 18x^1 + 12x^0$

=== Code Execution Successful ===

- **Conclusion:**

Hence, we studied about application of Generalized Linked List as Polynomial Addition by addition of two linked lists and displaying the resultant polynomial expression with their algorithm and programs.