

# **Project 88: Digital Lock**

**A Comprehensive Study of Advanced Digital Circuits**

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# 1 Project Overview

The Digital Lock System project aims to design and implement a secure, user-friendly access control solution that leverages modern technologies to enhance convenience and safety. The system will support multiple access methods, including PIN-based authentication, biometric recognition (such as fingerprint or facial scans), and RFID card or smartphone-enabled unlocking. To ensure robust security, it will include features like tamper detection, alerts for unauthorized access attempts, and lockout mechanisms after repeated failures. Data encryption will protect stored credentials and communication. The lock will be battery-powered with low-battery alerts and emergency power backup options for reliability. Additionally, the system may integrate with smart home or IoT platforms for remote control and monitoring, offering a versatile and modern approach to secure access management.

## 2 Digital Lock

### 2.1 Key Components of Digital Lock

#### 1. User Interface

- **Keypad:** Allows entry of PIN codes.
- **Biometric Scanner:** Scans fingerprints or faces for authentication.
- **Card Reader:** Reads RFID or NFC-enabled cards.
- **Smartphone Interface:** Connects via Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, or NFC for remote control.

#### 2. Control Unit

- **Microcontroller:** Processes input credentials and controls the lock's operation.
- **Memory:** Stores access credentials like PIN codes, biometric data, or RFID tags.
- **Software:** Runs authentication algorithms and manages features like logs and alerts.

#### 3. Locking Mechanism

- **Motor or Solenoid:** Engages or disengages the latch or deadbolt based on authentication.
- **Physical Lock Body:** Contains mechanical components to secure doors.

#### 4. Power Source

- **Batteries:** Power the digital lock, often with low-battery indicators.
- **Backup Power Port:** Emergency access point for an external power supply in case of battery failure.

#### 5. Connectivity Modules (optional)

- **Wi-Fi/Bluetooth/NFC Module:** Enables integration with smartphones or smart home systems.

#### 6. Security Features

- **Tamper Sensors:** Detect unauthorized attempts to open or damage the lock.
- **Encryption:** Secures communication between the lock and other devices.

#### 7. Indicators

- **LEDs or Screens:** Display status (locked/unlocked, low battery, etc.).
- **Audio Alerts:** Provide feedback for actions like incorrect PIN or successful entry.

#### 8. Backup Access

- **Mechanical Key:** A physical key for manual override in emergencies.
- **Emergency Override Code:** A master code for gaining access when other methods fail.

## 2.2 Working of Digital Lock

### 1. User Interaction

- **Input Credentials:** Users enter access credentials such as a PIN code, swipe an RFID card, or use biometric input (fingerprint, facial recognition, etc.) on the lock's interface.
- **Wireless Access:** Some locks allow remote access via smartphone apps or Bluetooth/NFC for unlocking.

### 2. Credential Verification

- **Data Comparison:** The entered credentials are compared with the stored data in the lock's memory.
- **Authentication:** If the credentials match, the lock moves to the next step. If not, it denies access, often triggering an alert after repeated failed attempts.

### 3. Electronic Mechanism Activation

- **Control Unit:** Upon successful verification, the control unit sends a signal to the locking mechanism.
- **Motorized or Solenoid Mechanism:** An electric motor or solenoid shifts internal components, unlocking the latch or deadbolt.

### 4. Locking/Unlocking

- **Unlocked State:** The mechanism allows the door to open.
- **Auto-Locking:** Many digital locks automatically re-lock after a set time, ensuring consistent security.

### 5. Power Source

- **Battery-Operated:** Most digital locks use batteries and provide low-battery warnings. Some have manual override options or emergency power ports.
- **Mains-Powered:** A few are connected to the mains and include backup batteries for uninterrupted operation.

### 6. Additional Features

- **Access Logs:** Advanced digital locks record and log access events, enabling tracking of entry times and users.
- **Remote Control:** Some digital locks connect to Wi-Fi or smart home systems, allowing users to lock/unlock doors remotely and receive real-time notifications.

## 2.3 RTL Code

Listing 1: Digital Lock

```
1
2
3 module digital_lock (
4     input  logic clk, reset,
5     input  logic [3:0] input_key, // 4-bit key entered by the user
6     input  logic enter,           // Enter button to submit the key
7     output logic unlocked         // Unlock signal
8 );
9
10 // Define the correct key (constant)
11 localparam [3:0] CORRECT_KEY = 4'b1101;
12
13 // State register
14 typedef enum logic [1:0] {IDLE, CHECK_KEY, UNLOCKED, LOCKED}
15     state_t;
16 state_t current_state, next_state;
17
18 // State transition logic
19 always_ff @(posedge clk or posedge reset) begin
20     if (reset)
21         current_state <= IDLE;
22     else
23         current_state <= next_state;
24 end
25
26 // Next state logic
27 always_comb begin
28     next_state = current_state;
29     unlocked = 0;
30     case (current_state)
31         IDLE: begin
32             if (enter)
33                 next_state = CHECK_KEY;
34             end
35         CHECK_KEY: begin
36             if (input_key == CORRECT_KEY)
37                 next_state = UNLOCKED;
38             else
39                 next_state = LOCKED;
40             end
41         UNLOCKED: begin
42             unlocked = 1;
43             next_state = IDLE; // Auto-reset to IDLE after
44                             // unlocking
45             end
46         LOCKED: begin
47             unlocked = 0;
48             next_state = IDLE; // Reset to IDLE for new attempt
49             end
50     endcase
51 end
52 endmodule
```

## 2.4 Testbench

Listing 2: Digital Lock

```
1
2 module tb_digital_lock();
3     logic clk, reset;
4     logic [3:0] input_key;
5     logic enter;
6     logic unlocked;
7
8     digital_lock uut (
9         .clk(clk),
10        .reset(reset),
11        .input_key(input_key),
12        .enter(enter),
13        .unlocked(unlocked)
14    );
15
16    // Clock generation
17    initial begin
18        clk = 0;
19        forever #5 clk = ~clk; // 10ns clock period
20    end
21
22    // Test scenario
23    initial begin
24        reset = 1; input_key = 4'b0000; enter = 0;
25        #10 reset = 0;
26
27        // Correct key test
28        #20 input_key = 4'b1101; enter = 1; // Enter correct key
29        #10 enter = 0;
30
31        // Incorrect key test
32        #20 input_key = 4'b1010; enter = 1; // Enter incorrect key
33        #10 enter = 0;
34
35        // Another correct key test
36        #20 input_key = 4'b1101; enter = 1; // Enter correct key again
37        #10 enter = 0;
38
39        // Stop simulation
40        #50 $stop;
41    end
42
43    // Monitor outputs
44    initial begin
45        $monitor("Time: %0t | Input Key: %b | Enter: %b | Unlocked:
46                %b",
47                $time, input_key, enter, unlocked);
48    end
49 endmodule
```

## 3 Results

### 3.1 Simulation

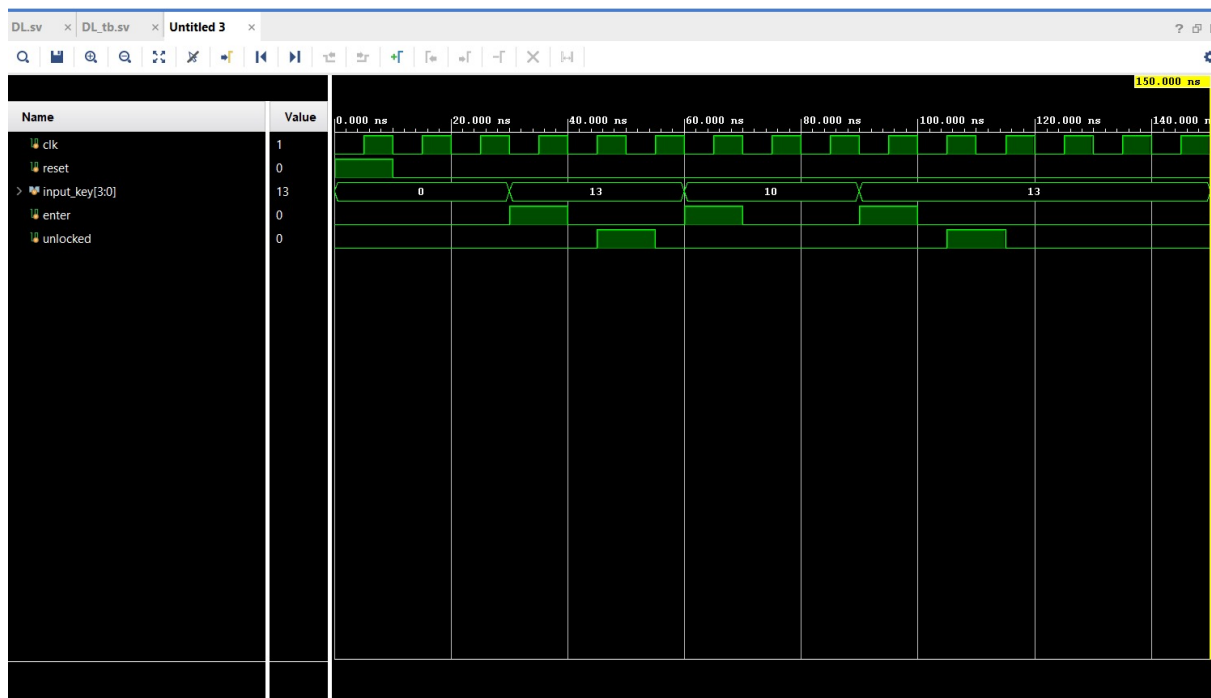


Figure 1: Simulation of Digital Lock

### 3.2 Schematic

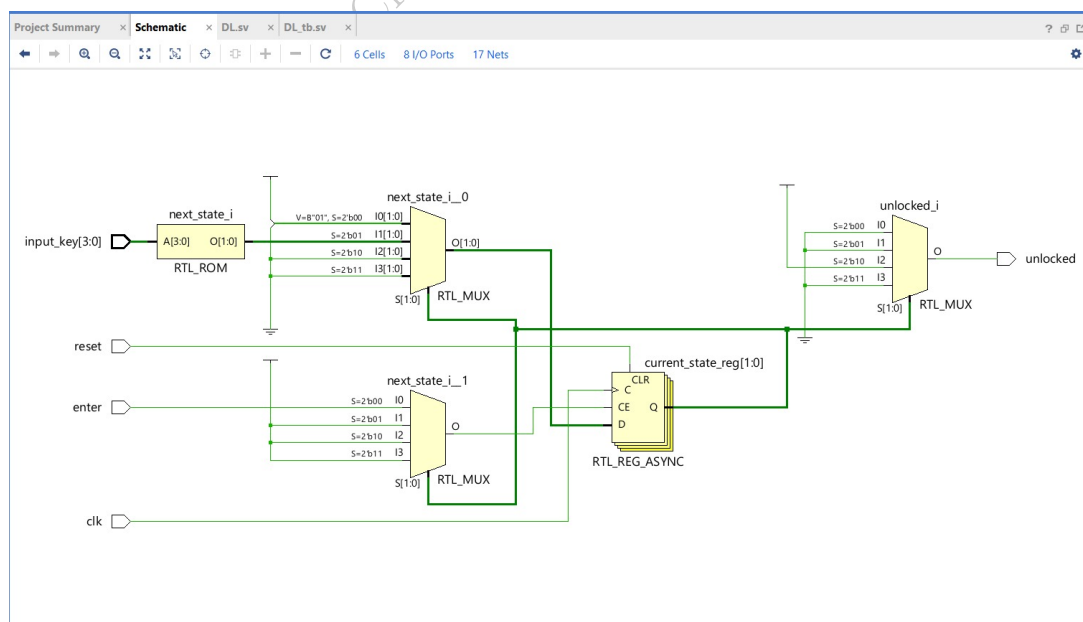


Figure 2: Schematic of Digital Lock

### 3.3 Synthesis Design

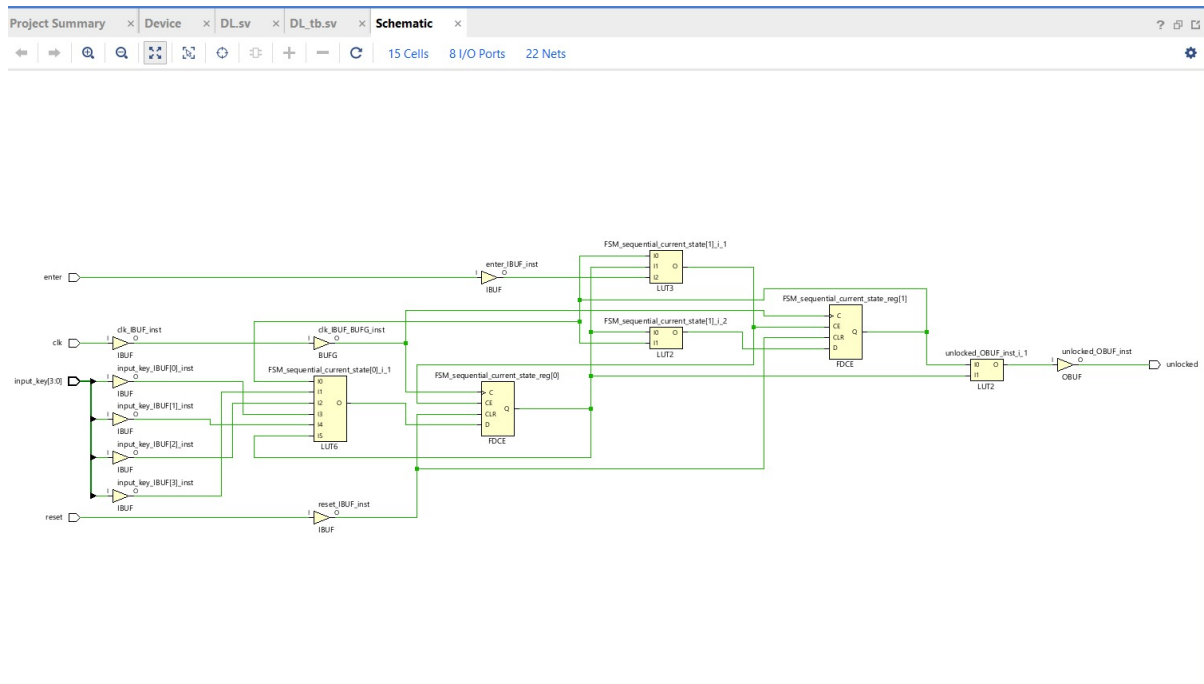


Figure 3: Synthesis Design of Digital Lock

## 4 Advantages of Digital Lock

- **Enhanced Security:** They use advanced encryption and authentication methods, making them more secure than traditional locks.
- **Keyless Entry:** No physical keys are needed, reducing the risk of lost or stolen keys.
- **Access Control:** Can be programmed to allow specific access to different users, with customizable codes or biometrics.
- **Audit Trails:** Digital locks often log entries, providing a record of who accessed the lock and when.
- **Convenience:** Easy to use, with options for remote access, smartphone control, or temporary passcodes.
- **Durability:** Generally more resistant to wear and tear compared to mechanical locks.
- **Integration:** Can be integrated with smart home systems for added functionality.

## 5 Disadvantages of Digital Lock

- **Battery Dependency:** They rely on batteries, which can die unexpectedly, potentially locking users out.
- **Vulnerability to Hacking:** Digital locks can be susceptible to hacking or software vulnerabilities.
- **Cost:** Generally more expensive than traditional locks, both for purchase and installation.
- **Complexity:** Can be difficult to operate for people who aren't tech-savvy, especially if issues arise.



- **Power Failures:** In case of a power outage, some digital locks may become non-functional unless they have backup options.
- **Malfunctions:** Electronic components may malfunction or fail, requiring repairs or replacements.

## 6 Applications of Digital Lock

- **Residential Security:** Used for homes and apartments to provide keyless entry and enhanced security.
- **Commercial Buildings:** Installed in offices, coworking spaces, and meeting rooms to control access and log entries.
- **Hotels:** Widely used for room access, with programmable card or code-based systems.
- **Vehicles:** Keyless car entry systems and smart locks for bikes and scooters.
- **Healthcare:** Securing access to sensitive areas like labs, pharmacies, or patient records.
- **Banking:** Protecting safes, vaults, and ATM machines with advanced biometric or code-based locks.
- **Educational Institutions:** Controlling access to libraries, labs, and administrative areas.
- **Industrial Facilities:** Securing machinery, control rooms, and restricted zones.
- **Warehousing and Storage:** Protecting storage units, lockers, and inventory.
- **Smart Homes:** Integrated into home automation systems for seamless access control.

## 7 Conclusion

Digital locks represent a significant advancement in access control and security, offering enhanced convenience, improved security features, and versatile applications across residential, commercial, and industrial domains. While they come with certain limitations, such as dependency on power and potential cybersecurity risks, their benefits often outweigh these drawbacks. With ongoing advancements in technology, digital locks are becoming more reliable, affordable, and user-friendly, making them an increasingly popular choice for modern security solutions.

## 8 FAQs

### 1. What is a digital lock?

- A digital lock is an electronic locking system that uses methods such as PIN codes, biometric recognition, or keycards for access, eliminating the need for traditional physical keys.

### 2. How does a digital lock work?

- Digital locks use electronic or battery-operated mechanisms. Users input credentials (e.g., a PIN, fingerprint, or RFID card) into the lock's interface. If the credentials match the stored data, the lock grants access.

### 3. Are digital locks secure?

- Yes, digital locks offer enhanced security through features like encryption, anti-tampering mechanisms, and access logs. However, they must be properly maintained and updated to minimize vulnerabilities like hacking.

### 4. What happens if the battery dies?

- Most digital locks alert users when batteries are low. If the battery dies, backup options like mechanical keys, external power supply ports, or emergency override codes are usually available.

### 5. Can digital locks be hacked?

- While digital locks are generally secure, no system is entirely foolproof. Strong encryption, regular software updates, and secure usage practices can reduce hacking risks.

### 6. Do digital locks work during power outages?

- Battery-operated digital locks continue to work during power outages. For mains-powered locks, backup power sources or fail-safe mechanisms are required.

### 7. Are digital locks expensive?

- Digital locks are typically more expensive than traditional locks, but their price varies depending on features and brand. They are a long-term investment in convenience and security.

### 8. Can digital locks be used outdoors?

- Yes, weatherproof digital locks are available for outdoor applications. These locks are designed to withstand extreme weather conditions.

### 9. How long do digital locks last?

- With proper maintenance, digital locks can last several years. Regular updates, battery replacements, and hardware inspections help extend their lifespan.

### 10. Who can benefit from digital locks?

- Digital locks are ideal for homeowners, businesses, industries, schools, hotels, and anyone seeking enhanced security and convenience.