



A. P. SHAH INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Department of Information Technology

(NBA Accredited)

Sign Language Recognition and Translator

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1. Introduction

Sign language is used to communicate with deaf and mute people when vocal language is impossible.

• Problem Identified:

Many people don't know how to use sign language, which can lead to miscommunication when communicating with someone who is deaf or mute.

• Solution Proposed:

We proposed a system to recognize hand gestures and help users practice sign language. It can also be used to convert text messages into sign language, making it easier to communicate with those who don't understand sign language.

2. Objectives

- To create a beginner-friendly model for sign language detection.
- To aid in communication for those who have hearing impairment.
- To make it easier for people with autism spectrum disorder (ASD) to communicate.
- To offer a platform for those interested in sign language.

3. Scope

- Create a more accurate model, improve the dataset.
- By exposing the model to more accurate data during training, prediction accuracy can be increased.
- By including additional sign languages, such as American Sign Language, among others.
- To increase the ability to recognize more language through speech or text.

4. Literature Survey

Sr.no	Title	Author(s)	Year	Outcomes	Methodology	Result
1.	Indian Sign Language to Speech Conversio n Using Convoluti onal Neural Network	Shashidhar R, Surendra R Hegde, Chinmaya K, Ankit Priyesh, A S Manjunath and Arunakuma ri B. N.	2022	The system recognizes Indian Sign Language (ISL) and translates it into text using Google's text-to-speech API, achieving a high accuracy of 99% in recognizing 4972 static hand signs for the 24 different English alphabets in ISL.	The study's technique entailed gathering static hand sign photos in (ISL) for each of the 24 distinct English alphabets, then preprocessing the data to remove background noise and other distractions. The recognized hand signals were translated into text using Google's text-to-speech API, facilitating communication between signers and non-signers.	The proposed method achieved a high accuracy of 99% in recognizing 4972 static hand signs for the 24 different English alphabets in Indian Sign Language (ISL).By using Google's text-to-speech API, they successfully translated sign language into text, facilitating communication between signers and non-signers.

4. Literature Survey

Sr.no	Title	Author(s)	Year	Outcomes	Methodology	Result
2.	Speech- to-Sign Language Translatio n for Indian Language s	Jashwanth Peguda, V Sai Sriharsha Santosh, Y Vijayalata, Ashlin Deepa R N and Vaddi Mounish	2022	The proposed system provides an accurate and efficient approach to converting speech to Indian Sign Language for six Indian regional languages and leads to better results.	The proposed system used techniques such as Speech Recognition, Discrete Wavelet Transformation, MFCC, GMM, LSTM, and Direct Translation to convert speech to Indian Sign Language for six Indian regional languages.	The proposed system provides an accurate and efficient approach to converting speech to Indian Sign Language for six Indian regional languages. The proposed system can be useful in enhancing communication between deaf or mute people and others, improving their quality of life.

4. Literature Survey

Sr.no	Title	Author(s)	Year	Outcomes	Methodology	Result
3.	Audio to Sign Language Translator Web Applicati on	Anju Yadav, Rahul Saxena, Bhavna Saini, Vivek K Verma, and Vibhav Srivastava	2022	The system includes a parser element that converts incoming speech data or English text to a phrase structure grammar representation, which is then used by another module that contains the Indian sign language grammatical format.	The system uses a parser element to convert incoming speech data or English text to a phrase structure grammar representation and another module that contains the Indian sign language grammatical format to translate the English text into Indian Sign Language.	The system's video converter components and substitution and lexicon-based interfaces accurately represent ISL sentences in video film format. It can be useful in enhancing communication between deaf or mute people and others, improving their quality of life.

5. Proposed System

The proposed system have two main features which are as follows:

• Sign language recognition:

The feature will allow the user to understand what sign language they are making and can be used to learn sign language gestures. The feature can be use to communicate with someone who only knows sign language.

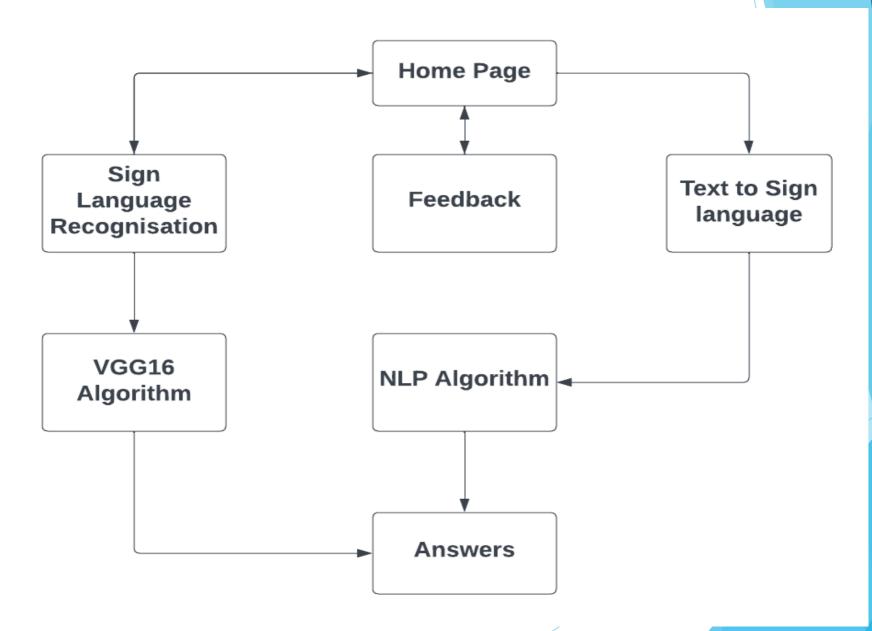
• Text to Sign language translation:

This feature allows users to learn sign language simply by writing to the system, and the system translates them into sign language. This feature can be useful to communicate with someone who is unable to communicate.

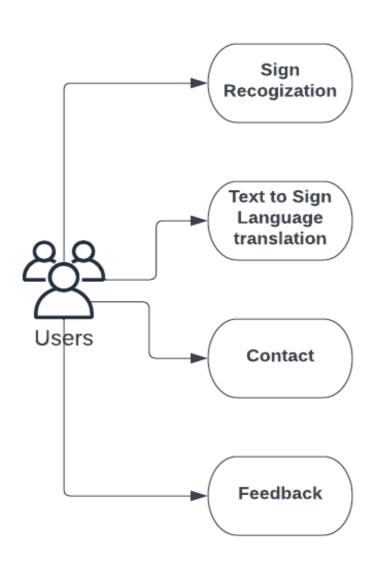
6. Outcome of Project

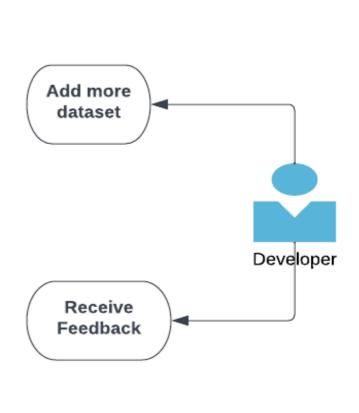
- User can communicate through sign language
- User can recognize sign language using our system.
- User can know what the other person is telling through their sign language
- User can translate their text into sign language.

7. Block Diagram



8. Use Case/Data Flow Diagram





9. Technology Stack

• Front End:

Html, CSS, JavaScript

Back End:

Python

Algorithm:

VGG16, NLP

10. Suggestions in Review-1

• According to the feedback received in Review 1, the suggestions were to modify the CNN algorithm and develop a custom dataset for better accuracy and address the limitations of the existing model.

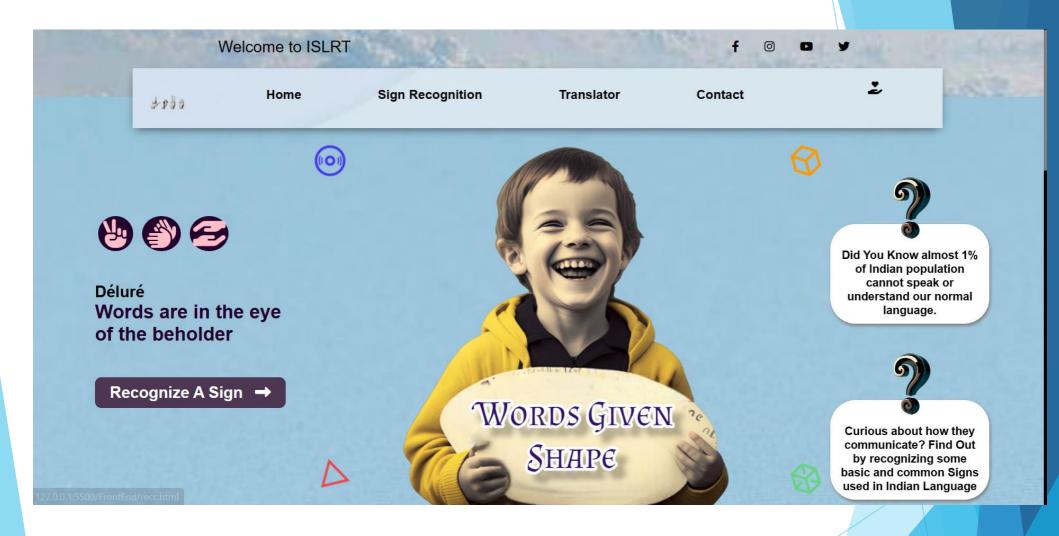


Fig1: Home Page

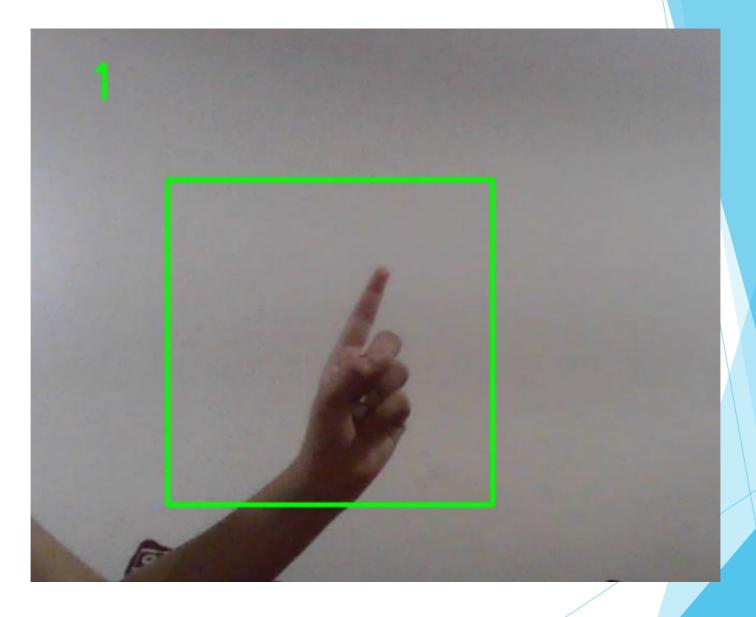


Fig2: Recognizing the number

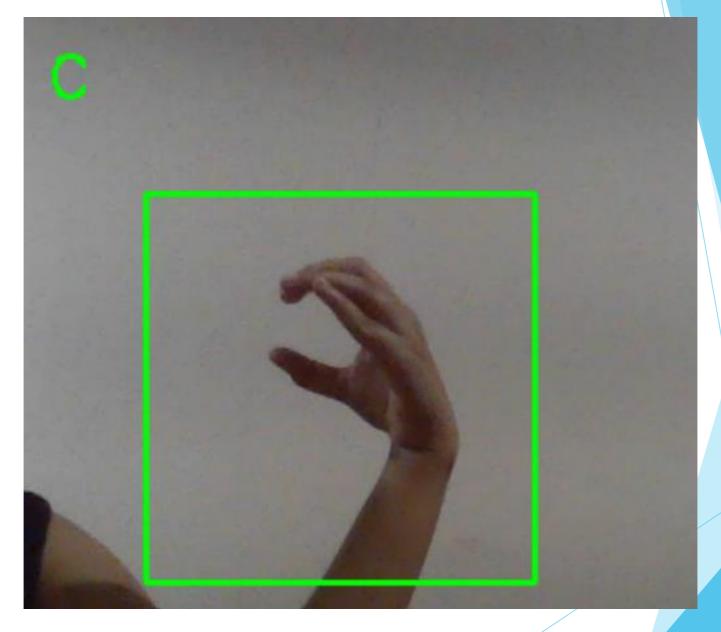


Fig3: Recognizing the alphabet



Fig4: Translate Text into ISL

12. Conclusion

- In conclusion, the two initiatives described in our project, one utilizing VGG16 for ISL identification and the other utilizing NLP to translate text to ISL, demonstrate potential approaches for enhancing accessibility and communication for those who are deaf or mute.
- With additional data and sophisticated algorithms, the VGG16 model
 can recognize ISL motions with even higher accuracy. The NLP
 study has shown excellent promise for precisely forecasting ISL
 motions that correlate to text inputs.
- Future studies should, however, address issues like the dearth of a standardized ISL gesture lexicon and the quantity and quality of training data. The project can precisely anticipate the ISL motions associated with a given text by utilizing NLP and machine learning approaches.

13. Future Scope

- The future scope of the project includes several potential avenues for improvement and expansion. Firstly, the system can be further enhanced by incorporating more advanced algorithms for better accuracy and robustness. Additionally, the system can be expanded to cover a wider range of sign languages and dialects.
- Furthermore, the project can be transformed into an online free course to educate individuals on sign language recognition and translation.
- Moreover, the project can be integrated with mobile applications to enable easy access and usage by a wider audience.
- Overall, the future scope of the project is vast and offers numerous possibilities for advancement, education, and societal impact.

10. Reference

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Thank You...!!