

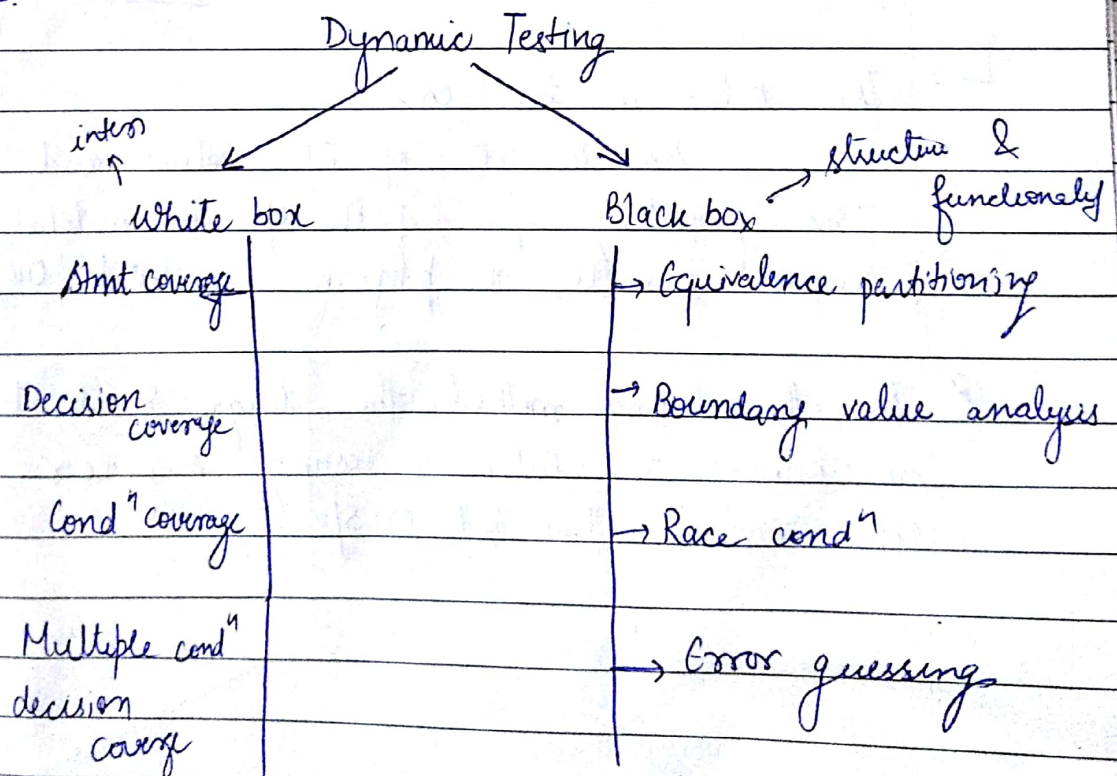
## White box testing

### Basic Path Testing

White Box Testing → check code

- Testing is based on analysis of the internal structure of ~~system~~ system
- Also known as clear box testing, glass box testing, transparent box testing & structured based testing
- It can be applied at all levels of SDLC
- Most of the defects are found in unit, component & integration level is through white box
- Tests are based on coverage of code stmts, branches, paths, cond's

### TECHNIQUES :-



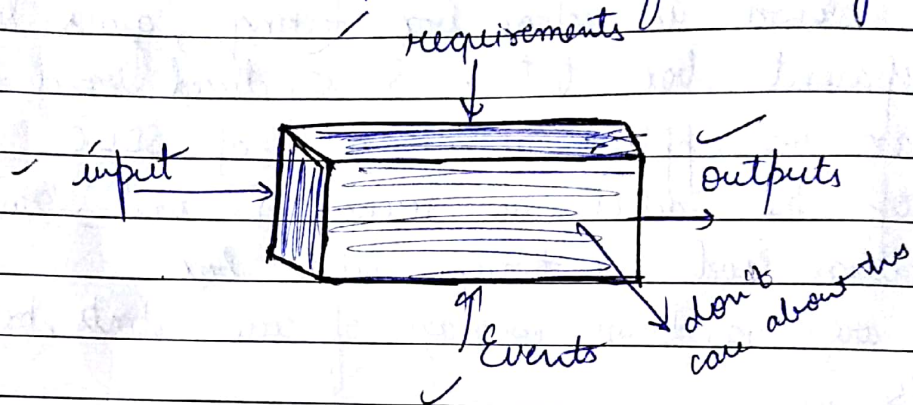


## BLACK BOX TESTING

→ It is a method of s/w testing that examines the functionality of an application without looking into its internal structures or workings.

→ This method is applied at every level of s/w testing: smallest module (unit), integration, system & acceptance.

→ Tests are based on requirements & functionality.



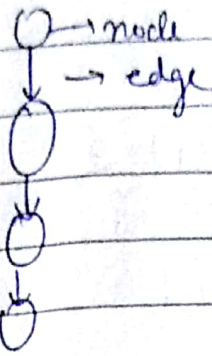
→ It is carried out to test functionality of the program also called as 'Behavioural testing'.

→ The testers in this case, has a set of I/p values and desired results - on providing i/p, if the o/p matches with the desired results, the program is tested 'OK'.

★ In this testing method, the design & structure of code are not known to tester & testing engineers and end users conduct. This test on s/w.



# Flow GRAPH



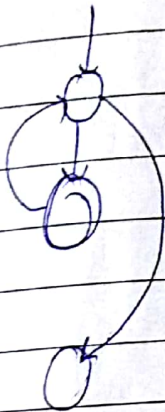
if-else



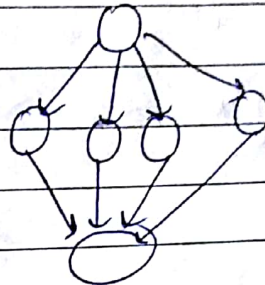
do-until/until



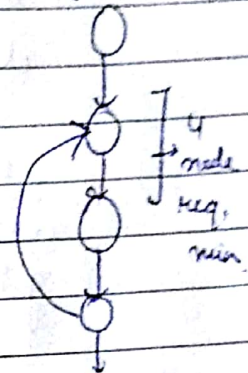
while



case statement



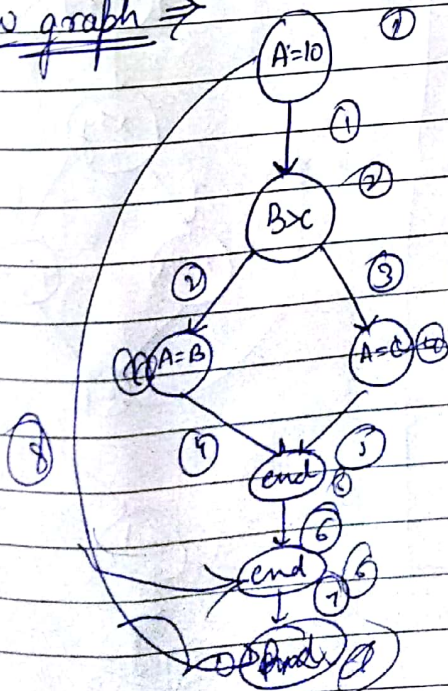
for



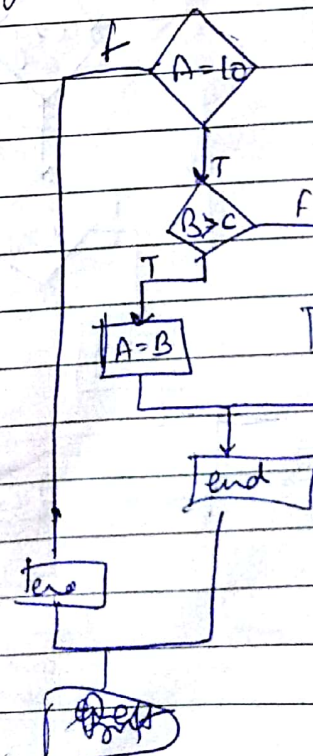
Flow chart:

Control & decision start shown in diamond  
normal start start in rectangle

Flow graph  $\Rightarrow$



Flow chart:

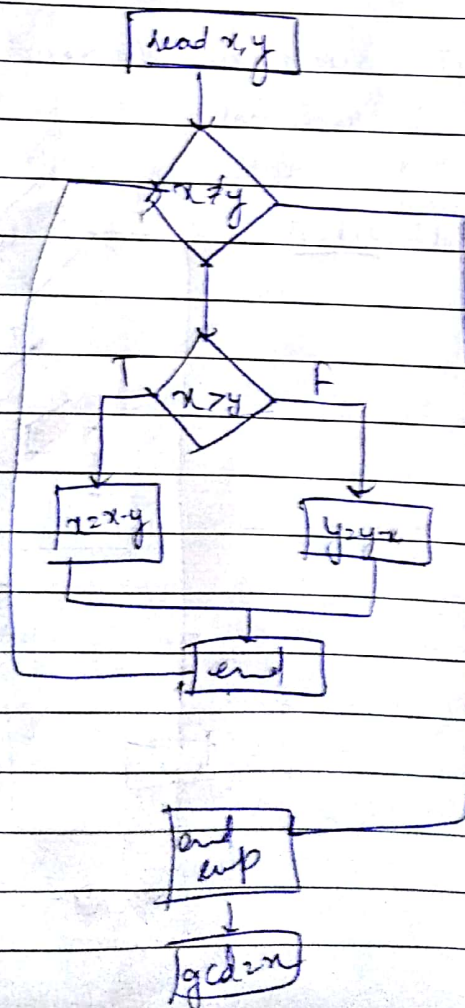


Complexity  $\Rightarrow$  Edge-Node + 2 =  $2+1+2=5$   
or

Predicates node + 1  $\Rightarrow 2+1=3$

Q-1  
read x;  
read y;  
while  $x \neq y$  loop  
if  $x > y$  then  
     $x := x - y$ ;  
else  
     $y := y - x$ ;  
end if,  
end loop;  
gcd := x;

flow chart :-



graph

