



Word and sentence embeddings

Quiz, 5 questions

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1.

Compute a second-order co-occurrence between the words 'These' and 'So' (the cosine similarity between their first-order co-occurrence vectors). Use the toy corpus:

These are the wrong sort of bees. Quite the wrong sort. So I should think they would make the wrong sort of honey.

- Let's define a context of a word as three words to the left and three words to the right from the target word, **occurred within the same sentence** (if there are any).
- For the first-order co-occurrence, let's consider pPMI values (the formula was given on slide 5 of the first video).

Hint: in this question you actually do not need to *compute* anything... And the answer would be the same for any type of first-order co-occurrence.

- ☐ 1
- ☒ 0
- ☐ -1
- ☐ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
- ☐ 2

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points

2.

Choose correct statements about Singular Value Decomposition (SVD), an important notion from the linear algebra. Feel free to consult any additional resource like [wiki](#) if needed.

- ☐ Singular values of a rectangular matrix are its eigenvalues.
- ☒ Squares of singular values of a matrix X are eigenvalues of $X^T X$ (or XX^T).
- ☒ Truncated SVD is the best rank k approximation of the original matrix in terms of Frobenius norm.
- ☐ Singular values can be negative.
- ☒ Any rectangular matrix with real entries has a singular value decomposition.
- ☒ Singular values decomposition is not unique (for example, the zero matrix can be decomposed in infinitely many ways).

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3.

Find the objective function of the skip-gram negative sampling (SGNS) model.

- ☐ $\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} f(n_{uv}) (\langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle + b_u + b'_v - \log n_{uv})^2$
- ☒ $\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} (n_{uv} \log \sigma(\langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle) + k \mathbb{E}_{\tilde{v}} \log \sigma(-\langle \phi_u, \theta_{\tilde{v}} \rangle))$
- ☐ $\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} (n_{uv} \langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle - k \mathbb{E}_{\tilde{v}} \langle \phi_u, \theta_{\tilde{v}} \rangle)$
- ☐ $\sum_{u \in W} \sum_{v \in C} n_{uv} \frac{\exp(\langle \phi_u, \theta_v \rangle)}{\sum_{\tilde{v} \in W} \exp(\langle \phi_u, \theta_{\tilde{v}} \rangle)}$

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4.

How are word embeddings usually evaluated (qualitatively or quantitatively)?

- ☒ By the interpretability of the components of the vectors.
- ☐ By the amount of positive components of word vectors.
- ☒ By Spearman's correlation (or similar rank correlation measure) with human judgements on word similarity task.
- ☒ By the accuracy of analogy prediction (using some pre-defined dataset of 4-word analogies).
- ☐ By comparing maximal lengths of word vectors (the more is the length, the better is the model).

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5.

Choose the correct statements.

- ☒ For word similarity tasks, count-based methods perform on par with predictive methods.
- ☐ Word2vec works fine for word analogies, but there are many concerns with word similarities.
- ☒ Representations of word or character n-grams may improve the quality of the model.
- ☐ Skip-gram negative sampling (SGNS) model is too hard to train, and it is often approximated with softmax.

- ☐ I, **Jiadao Zhao**, understand that submitting work that isn't my own may result in permanent failure of this course or deactivation of my Coursera account.
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