### **ME1020 ENGINEERING MECHANICS**

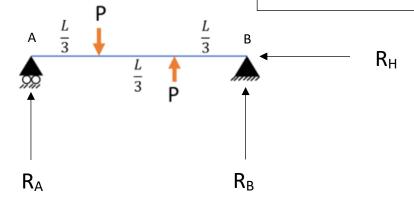
### **ASSIGNMENT 2**

#### **Sign Convention:-**

#### **QUESTION 1:-**

Upward as +ve and downward as -ve

Anticlockwise as +ve and clockwise as -ve



Balancing forces in x and y direction:-

$$\Sigma F_{x} = 0 \implies R_{h} = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_A - P + R_B + P = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{PL}{3} + \frac{P2L}{3} + R_B L = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_B = -\frac{P}{3} \ , R_A = \frac{P}{3}$$

Considering Shear force V(x) in downward direction and bending moment M(x) in clockwise direction:-

For 
$$0 < x < \frac{L}{3}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -R_A + V = 0 \Rightarrow V = \frac{P}{3}$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow Vx + M = 0 \Rightarrow M = -\frac{Px}{3}$$

For 
$$\frac{L}{3} < \chi < \frac{2L}{3}$$

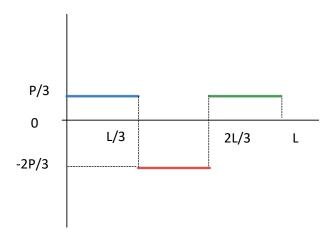
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow V + P = R_A \Rightarrow V = -\frac{2P}{3}$$

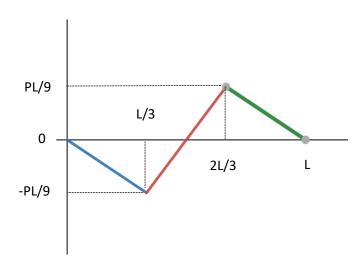
$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{PL}{3} + Vx + M = 0 \Rightarrow M = \frac{P}{3}(2x - L)$$

For 
$$\frac{2L}{3} < x < L$$

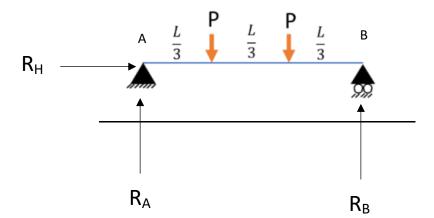
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_A + P = V + P \ \Rightarrow V = \frac{P}{3}$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \ \Rightarrow \frac{PL}{3} - \frac{P2L}{3} + Vx + M = 0 \Rightarrow M = \frac{P}{3}(L - x)$$





#### Question 2:-



Balancing forces in x and y direction:-

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 \implies R_h = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_A - P + R_B - P = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{PL}{3} + \frac{P2L}{3} + R_B L = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_B = P$$
 ,  $R_A = P$ 

Considering Shear force V(x) in downward direction and bending moment M(x) in clockwise direction:-

For 
$$0 < x < \frac{L}{3}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -R_A + V = 0 \ \Rightarrow V = P$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \implies Vx + M = 0 \implies M = -Px$$

For 
$$\frac{L}{3} < x < \frac{2L}{3}$$

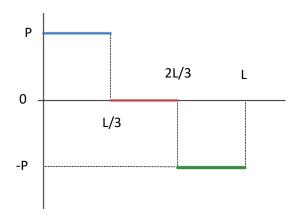
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow V + P = R_A \ \Rightarrow V = 0$$

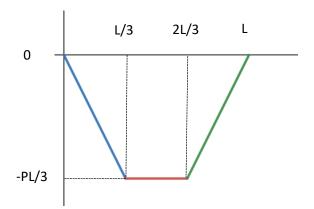
$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{PL}{3} + Vx + M = 0 \Rightarrow M = -\frac{PL}{3}$$

For 
$$\frac{2L}{3} < x < L$$

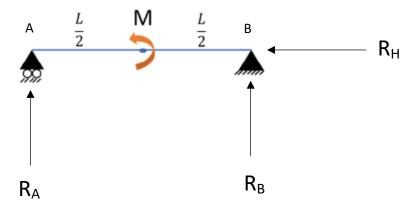
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_A = V + P + P \ \Rightarrow V = -P$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{PL}{3} + \frac{P2L}{3} + Vx + M = 0 \Rightarrow M = P(x - L)$$





#### **Question 3:-**



Balancing forces in x and y direction:-

$$\Sigma F_{x} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_{h} = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_A + R_B = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow M + R_B L = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_B = -\frac{M}{L}$$
 ,  $R_A = \frac{M}{L}$ 

Considering Shear force V(x) in downward direction and bending moment M(x) in clockwise direction:-

For 
$$0 < x < \frac{L}{2}$$

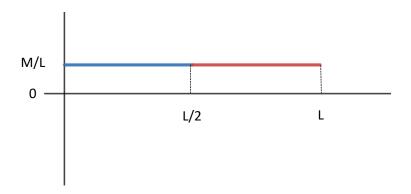
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -R_A + V = 0 \ \Rightarrow V = \frac{M}{L}$$

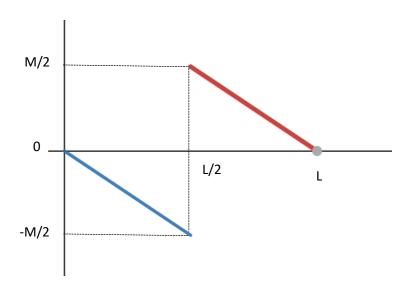
$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \implies Vx + M(x) = 0 \implies M(x) = -\frac{Mx}{L}$$

For 
$$\frac{L}{2} < x < L$$

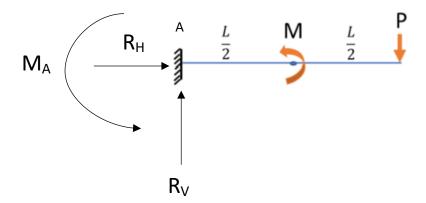
$$\Sigma F_{y} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow V = R_{A} \Rightarrow V = \frac{M}{L}$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -M + Vx + M(x) = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = \frac{M}{L}(L - x)$$





#### **Question 4:-**



Balancing forces in x and y direction:-

$$\Sigma F_x = 0 \implies R_h = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_{v} = 0 \implies R_{v} - P = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow M_A + M - PL = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
  $R_V = P$  ,  $M_A = PL - M$ 

Considering Shear force V(x) in downward direction and bending moment M(x) in clockwise direction:-

For 
$$0 < x < \frac{L}{2}$$

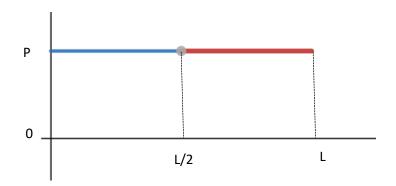
$$\Sigma F_{\nu} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -R_{V} + V = 0 \ \Rightarrow V = P$$

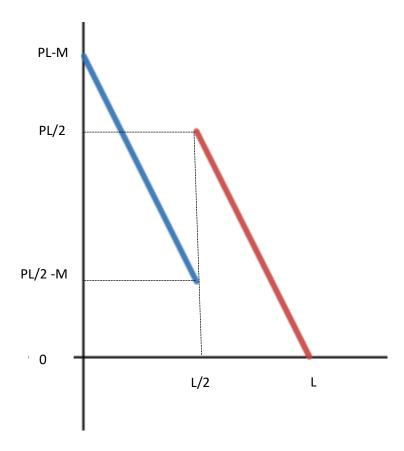
$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -M_A + Vx + M(x) = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = P(L - x) - M$$

For 
$$\frac{L}{2} < x < L$$

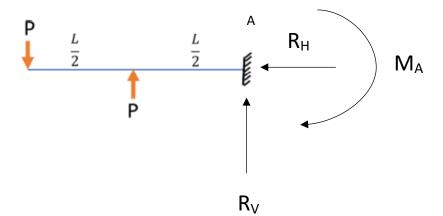
$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow V = R_V \Rightarrow V = P$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -M_A - M + Vx + M(x) = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = P(L - x)$$





#### **Question 5:-**



Balancing forces in x and y direction: -

$$\Sigma F_{x} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_{h} = 0$$

$$\Sigma F_{\nu} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow R_{\nu} - P + P = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow M_A + \frac{PL}{2} - PL = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R_V = 0$$
 ,  $M_A = \frac{PL}{2}$ 

Considering Shear force V(x) in downward direction and bending moment M(x) in clockwise direction: -

Taking x towards left side of A

For 
$$0 < x < \frac{L}{2}$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -R_V + V = 0 \ \Rightarrow V = 0$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -M_A + Vx - M(x) = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = -\frac{PL}{2}$$

For 
$$\frac{L}{2} < x < L$$

$$\Sigma F_y = 0 \quad \Rightarrow V = R_V + P \Rightarrow V = P$$

$$\Sigma M_A = 0 \Rightarrow -M_A - \frac{PL}{2} + Vx - M(x) = 0 \Rightarrow M(x) = P(x - L)$$

