

ME5053: Soft Robotics
Assignment 1

ME21BTECH11001
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Question 1

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Question 1 :-

$$\begin{aligned} b(x_1, x_2) &= 9x_1^2 - 9x_2^2 + x_1^2 - 1 + (x_2 - 1)^2 \\ &= 10x_1^2 - 9x_2^2 + x_2^2 - 2x_2 \\ &= 10x_1^2 - 8x_2^2 - 2x_2 \end{aligned}$$

(a) Gradient :

$$\nabla b = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x_1} \\ \frac{\partial b}{\partial x_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20x_1 \\ -16x_2 - 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{at } x_0 = [0 \ -1]^T \quad \nabla b(x_0) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

Hessian :

$$\nabla^2 b = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 b}{\partial x_1^2} & \frac{\partial^2 b}{\partial x_1 \partial x_2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 b}{\partial x_2 \partial x_1} & \frac{\partial^2 b}{\partial x_2^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\nabla^2 b(x_0) = \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 0 \\ 0 & -16 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) Linear :

$$\begin{aligned} L(x) &= b(x_0) + \nabla b(x_0)^T (x - x_0) \\ &= b(0, -1) + [0, 14] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - 0 \\ x_2 - (-1) \end{bmatrix} \\ &= 14x_2 + 8 \end{aligned}$$

Quadratic:

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q(x) &= f(x_0) + \nabla f(x_0)^T (x - x_0) + \frac{1}{2} (x - x_0)^T \nabla^2 f(x_0) (x - x_0) \\
 &= -6 + [0 \ 14] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 + 1 \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 + 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 20 & 0 \\ 0 & -16 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 + 1 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= -6 + 14(x_2 + 1) + \frac{1}{2} (20x_1^2 - 16(x_2 + 1)^2) \\
 &= 10x_1^2 - 8x_2^2 - 2x_2
 \end{aligned}$$

Code:

```
% Define grid
[x1, x2] = meshgrid(linspace(-2,2,100), linspace(-3,1,100));

% Original function
f = 10*x1.^2 - 8*x2.^2 - 2*x2;

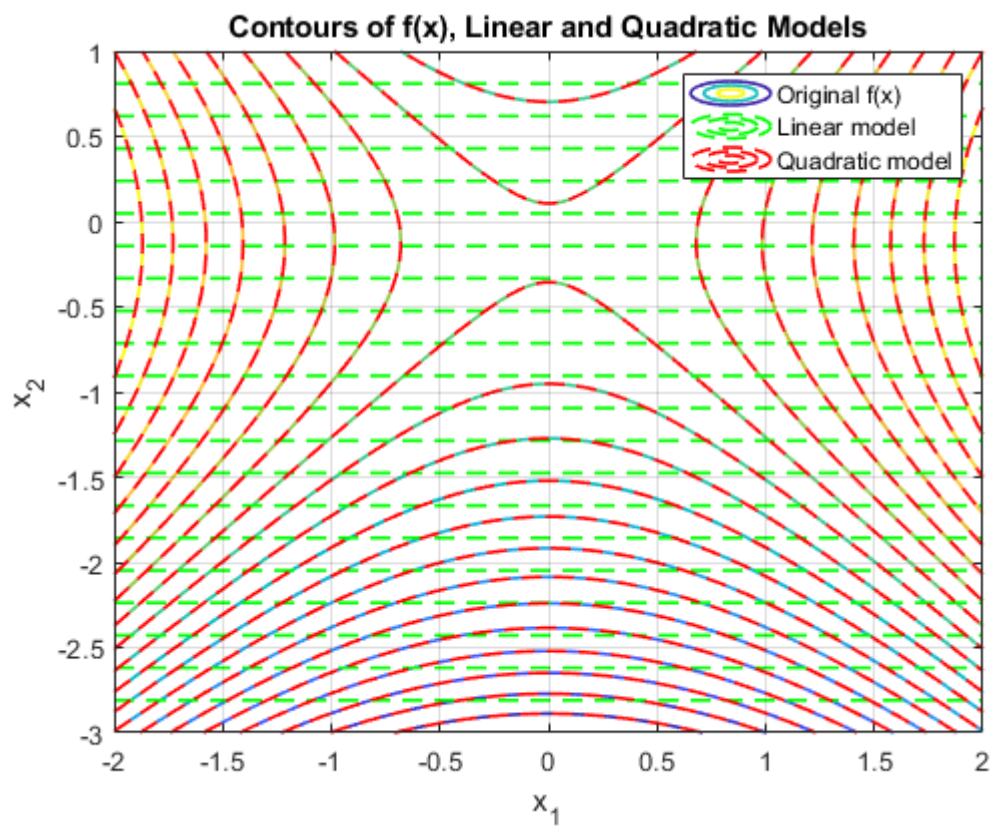
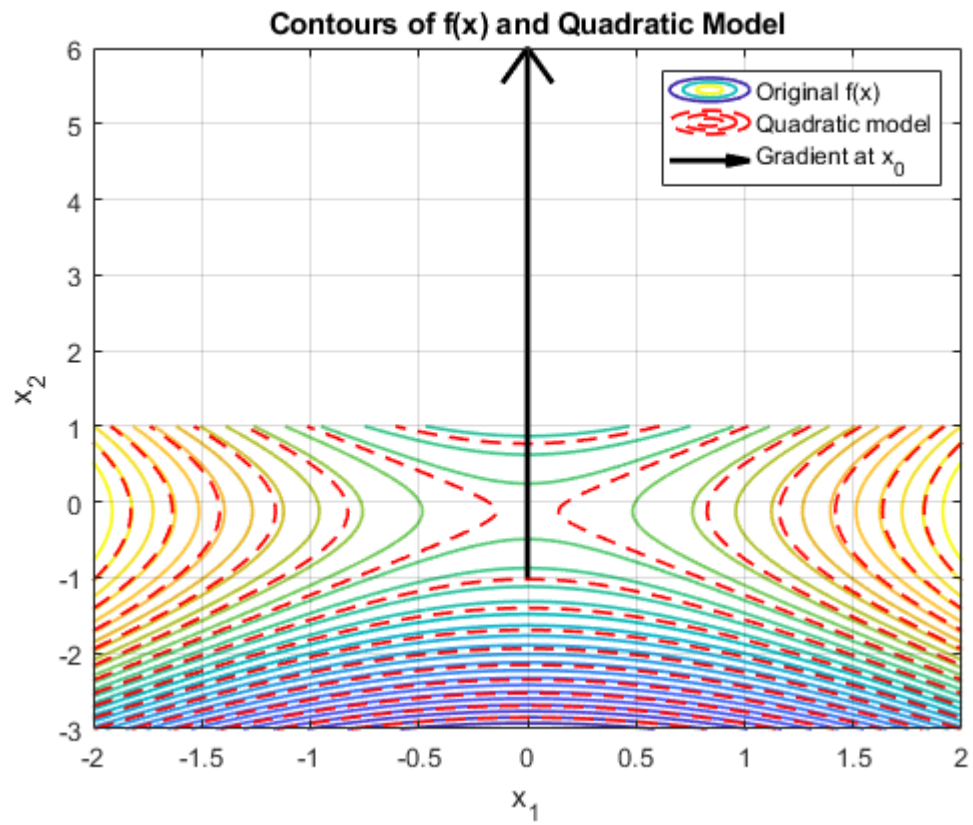
% Linear model (s = x - x0 = [x1, x2 + 1])
s1 = x1;
s2 = x2 + 1;
m1 = -6 + 14*s2;

% Quadratic model
m2 = -6 + 14*s2 + 10*s1.^2 - 8*s2.^2;

% Plotting
figure;
contour(x1, x2, f, 30, 'LineWidth', 1.2); hold on;
contour(x1, x2, m2, 15, '--r', 'LineWidth', 1.2);
quiver(0, -1, 0, 14, 0.5, 'k', 'LineWidth', 2);
legend('Original f(x)', 'Quadratic model', 'Gradient at x_0');
title('Contours of f(x) and Quadratic Model');
xlabel('x_1'); ylabel('x_2');
grid on;

% Plot linear model as separate figure
figure;
contour(x1, x2, f, 20, 'LineWidth', 1.2); hold on;
contour(x1, x2, m1, 20, '--g', 'LineWidth', 1.2);
contour(x1, x2, m2, 20, '--r', 'LineWidth', 1.2);
legend('Original f(x)', 'Linear model', 'Quadratic model');
title('Contours of f(x), Linear and Quadratic Models');
xlabel('x_1'); ylabel('x_2');
grid on;
```

Plots:



Question 2

Question 2 :-

$$\min f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$$

$$\text{sub to } g_1(x) = 25 - x_1 x_2 \leq 0 \quad g_2(x) = 2 - x_1 \leq 0$$

Let Lagrangian

$$L = f(x) + \lambda_1 g_1(x) + \lambda_2 g_2(x)$$

① KKT conditions are

$$\text{stationarity: } \nabla f(x) + \lambda_1 \nabla g_1(x) + \lambda_2 \nabla g_2(x) = 0$$

$$\text{Primal feasibility: } g_1(x) \leq 0, \quad g_2(x) \leq 0$$

$$\text{Dual feasibility: } \lambda_1 \geq 0, \quad \lambda_2 \geq 0$$

$$\text{Complementary Slackness: } \lambda_1 g_1(x) = 0, \quad \lambda_2 g_2(x) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2x_1 - \lambda_1 x_2 - \lambda_2 = 0, \quad 2x_2 - \lambda_1 x_1 = 0$$

$$25 - x_1 x_2 \leq 0 \quad 2 - x_1 \leq 0$$

$$\lambda_1 \geq 0 \quad \lambda_2 \geq 0$$

$$\lambda_1 (25 - x_1 x_2) = 0, \quad \lambda_2 (2 - x_1) = 0$$

② Applying KKT conditions

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2x_1 \\ 2x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda_1 \begin{bmatrix} -x_2 \\ -x_1 \end{bmatrix} + \lambda_2 \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Assume both constraints active

$$\rightarrow x_1 x_2 = 25$$

$$x_1 = 2 \Rightarrow x_1 = 2, \quad x_2 = 12.5$$

$$2x_1 - \lambda_1 x_2 - \lambda_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$2x_2 - \lambda_1 x_1 = 0 \quad \text{--- ②}$$

from ② $2x_2 = \lambda_1 x_1 \Rightarrow \lambda_1 = 12.5$

from ① $2x_1 = \lambda_1 x_2 + \lambda_2 \Rightarrow \lambda_2 = -152.25$

$\lambda_2 < 0 \rightarrow$ violates dual feasibility
 \rightarrow constraint g_2 is inactive

So only $g_1(x)$ is active ($\lambda_1 > 0, \lambda_2 = 0$)

from stationarity
 $\rightarrow \begin{cases} 2x_1 - \lambda_1 x_2 = 0 \\ 2x_2 - \lambda_1 x_1 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 2x_1/x_2 \\ \lambda_1 = 2x_2/x_1 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow x_1 = x_2$

from constraint $25 = x_1 x_2 \Rightarrow x_1 = x_2 = 5$

Optimal solution $x^* = [5 \ 5]^T$

$f(x^*) = 5^2 + 5^2 = 50$

③ $L(x, \lambda_1) = x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \lambda_1 (25 - x_1 x_2)$

Hessian of Lagrangian

$\nabla^2 L = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -\lambda_1 \\ -\lambda_1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad @ [5 \ 5]^T, \lambda_1 = 2 \quad \nabla^2 L = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

let $d \in C$ satisfying linearized constraints

$\nabla g_1^T d = 0 \Rightarrow -x_2 d_1 - x_1 d_2 = 0 \Rightarrow d_1 = -d_2$

take $d = [1 \ -1]^T$

Second order sufficient conditions \rightarrow

$d^T \nabla^2 L d = [1 \ -1] \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = 8 > 0$

④ $\min f(x) = x_1^2 + x_2^2$
 $s.t \quad g_1(x) = 25 - x_1 x_2 \leq 0 \quad g_2(x) = 1.9 - x_1 \leq 0$
 assume both constraint active
 $x_1 x_2 = 25$ $x_1 = 1.9 \Rightarrow x_1 = 1.9, x_2 \approx 13.21$

from KKT stationarity:
 $2x_1 - \lambda_1 x_2 - \lambda_2 = 0$
 $2x_2 - \lambda_1 x_1 = 0$

Solving we get $\lambda_1 \approx 13.93$
 $\lambda_2 = -180.19 < 0$

$\lambda_2 < 0 \rightarrow$ dual infeasibility
 try only $g_1(x)$ constraint ($\lambda_1 \geq 0, \lambda_2 = 0$)

from stationarity,
 $2x_1 - \lambda_1 x_2 = 0$
 $2x_2 - \lambda_1 x_1 = 0$ } $x_1 = x_2$

from constraint, $25 - x_1 x_2 = 0 \Rightarrow x_1 = x_2 = \sqrt{25} = 5$

check $g_2(x) \rightarrow 1.9 - 5.01 < 0$

Optimal soln $x^* = [5.01 \ 5.01]^T$
 $f(x^*) = 50.2$

Code:

```
clc; clear;

% Grid for contour plots
[x1, x2] = meshgrid(0:0.1:8, 0:0.1:20);
f = x1.^2 + x2.^2;

% Constraints (original and perturbed)
g1 = 25 - x1 .* x2;
```

```

g2 = 2 - x1;

g1_pert = 25.1 - x1 .* x2;
g2_pert = 1.9 - x1;

% Feasible region masks
feasible_orig = double((g1 <= 0) & (g2 <= 0));
feasible_pert = double((g1_pert <= 0) & (g2_pert <= 0));

% Plot
figure;
hold on;

% Contours of the objective function
contour(x1, x2, f, 50, 'LineWidth', 1);

% Shade feasible regions
contourf(x1, x2, feasible_orig, [1 1], 'FaceColor', [0.8 1 0.8], 'LineColor',
'none');
contourf(x1, x2, feasible_pert, [1 1], 'FaceColor', [1 0.9 0.9], 'LineColor',
'none');

% Constraints (boundaries)
contour(x1, x2, g1, [0 0], 'r', 'LineWidth', 2); % g1 = 0
contour(x1, x2, g2, [0 0], 'b--', 'LineWidth', 2); % g2 = 0
contour(x1, x2, g1_pert, [0 0], 'm', 'LineWidth', 2); % g1 pert = 0
contour(x1, x2, g2_pert, [0 0], 'c--', 'LineWidth', 2); % g2 pert = 0

% Optimal points
plot(5, 5, 'ko', 'MarkerSize', 8, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'k');
text(5.2, 5, 'Original Optimum (50)', 'FontSize', 9);

x_opt = sqrt(25.1);
plot(x_opt, x_opt, 'mo', 'MarkerSize', 8, 'MarkerFaceColor', 'm');
text(x_opt + 0.2, x_opt, sprintf('Perturbed Optimum (%.1f)', 2*x_opt^2),
'FontSize', 9);

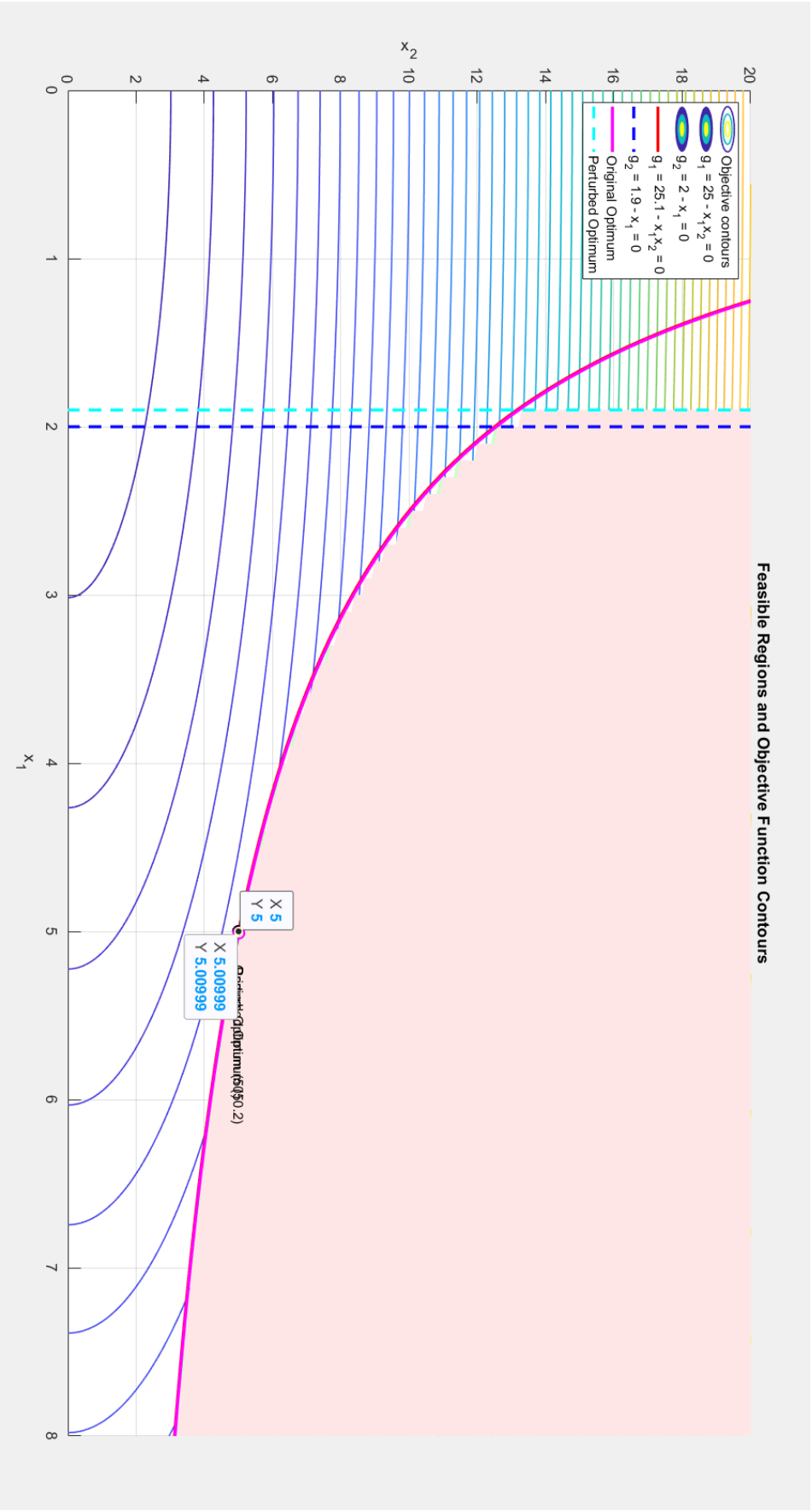
% Labels and legend
xlabel('x_1'); ylabel('x_2');
title('Feasible Regions and Objective Function Contours');

legend({'Objective contours', ...
'g_1 = 25 - x_1x_2 = 0', ...
'g_2 = 2 - x_1 = 0', ...
'g_1 = 25.1 - x_1x_2 = 0', ...
'g_2 = 1.9 - x_1 = 0', ...
'Original Optimum', ...
'Perturbed Optimum'}, ...
'Location', 'northwest');

grid on;
axis([0 8 0 20]);

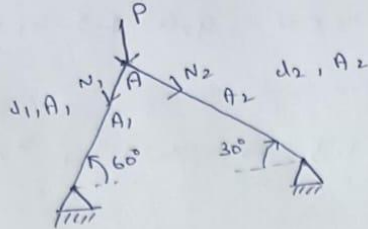
```

Plots:



Question 3

Question 3 :-



(i) Equilibrium eq^{ns}

$$\left. \begin{aligned} N_1 \sin 60^\circ + N_2 \sin 30^\circ &= P \\ N_1 \cos 60^\circ &= N_2 \cos 30^\circ \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} N_1 &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} P \\ N_2 &= \frac{1}{2} P \end{aligned}$$

where N_1 & N_2 are internal axial forces

(ii) Total strain energy

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{N_i^2 l_i}{2 E_i A_i}$$

$$\Rightarrow U = \frac{3}{8} \frac{P^2 l_1^2}{E_1 A_1} + \frac{P^2 l_2^2}{8 E_2 A_2}$$

using $P \delta_A = 2U$

obj functⁿ $\Rightarrow \delta_A = \frac{2U}{P} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{P l_1}{E_1 A_1} + \frac{P l_2}{4 E_2 A_2}$

(ii) Constraints:

(a) upper limit of stress

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{N_1}{A_1} \leq \sigma_y$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{N_2}{A_2} \leq \sigma_y$$

$$\Rightarrow A_1 \geq \frac{N_1}{\sigma_y} \quad \& \quad A_2 \geq \frac{N_2}{\sigma_y}$$

⑥ Volume constraint

$$A_1 d_1 + A_2 d_2 \leq V^* = V_{\max}$$

② Given, $E_1 = E_2 = 210 \text{ GPa}$

$$d_1 = 1 \text{ m} \quad d_2 = 1.73 \text{ m}$$

$$P = 10 \text{ kN} \quad S_y = 250 \text{ MPa}$$

Putting values we get

$$\begin{aligned} \delta A &= \frac{3}{4} \frac{10^4 \times 1}{210 \times 10^9 A_1} + \frac{10^4 \times 1.73}{4 \times 210 \times 10^9 A_2} \\ &= \frac{1}{840 \times 10^5} \left(\frac{3}{A_1} + \frac{1.73}{A_2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

subject to $A_1 \geq 3.464 \times 10^{-5}$
 $A_2 \geq 2 \times 10^{-5}$

$$A_1 \cdot 1 + A_2 \cdot 1.73 \leq V_{\max}$$

at critical conditions $V_{\max} = 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2 \left[\frac{P}{S_y} \cdot 1 + \frac{P}{S_y} \cdot 1.73 \right]$

assuming both constraint active

$$A_1 = 3.464 \times 10^{-5} \quad A_2 = 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$V = A_1 \cdot 1 + A_2 \cdot 1.73 = 6.924 \times 10^{-5} < 10^{-4}$$

$$\rightarrow \lambda_3 < 0 \rightarrow \text{inactive}$$

$$\text{Let } K = \frac{10^4}{210 \times 10^9}$$

Lagrangean,

$$\begin{aligned} L &= K \left(\frac{0.75}{A_1} + \frac{0.4325}{A_2} \right) + \lambda_1 \left(\frac{8660}{A_1} - 250 \times 10^6 \right) \\ &+ \lambda_2 \left(\frac{5000}{A_2} - 250 \times 10^6 \right) + \lambda_3 (A_1 + 1.73 A_2 - 10^{-4}) \end{aligned}$$

Applying KKT,

from stationarity

$$-K \frac{0.75}{A_1^2} - \lambda_1 \frac{8660}{A_1^2} + \lambda_3 = 0$$

$$-K \frac{0.4325}{A_2^2} - \lambda_2 \frac{5000}{A_2^2} + 1.73 \lambda_3 = 0$$

Vol constraint inactive $\lambda_3 = 0$

we get $\lambda_1 = -K \frac{0.75}{8660}$ & $\lambda_2 = -K \frac{0.4325}{5000}$

$\Rightarrow \lambda_1, \lambda_2 < 0 \rightarrow$ violates dual feasibility

Taking Vol constraint & one stress constraint active

Trying $A_1 = 3.464 \times 10^{-5}$

Vol constraint $A_2 = \frac{V_{max} - A_1}{1.73} = 3.776 \times 10^{-5}$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{5000}{A_2} \approx 132.4 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa} < 250 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_1 = 3.464 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = 3.776 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \delta_A = 1.5764 \text{ mm}$$

Question 4

Question 4 : —

(a) Assume $y_i = 1/n_i$

⇒ obj function

$$\delta_n = \frac{8}{4} \frac{P_{d1}}{E_1} y_1 + \frac{1}{4} \frac{P_{d2}}{E_2} y_2$$

with constraints

$$\frac{n_1}{A_1} \leq s_y \Rightarrow y_1 \leq \frac{s_y}{n_1}$$

$$y_2 \leq \frac{s_y}{n_2}$$

$$2 \text{ vol constraint } \frac{d_1}{y_1} + \frac{d_2}{y_2} \leq V^*$$

$$\text{let } K = \frac{10^4}{210 \times 10^9}$$

$$y_1 \leq 2.887 \times 10^4, y_2 \leq 5 \times 10^4, \frac{1}{y_1} + \frac{1.73}{y_2} \leq 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{on } K (0.75 y_1 + 0.4325 y_2)$$

Lagrangian

$$L = K (0.75 y_1 + 0.4325 y_2) + \lambda_1 (8660 y_1 - 250 \times 10^6) + \lambda_2 (5000 y_2 - 250 \times 10^6) + \lambda_3 \left(\frac{1}{y_1} + \frac{1.73}{y_2} - 10^{-4} \right)$$

Applying KKT

from stationarity

$$0.75K + \lambda_1 8660 - \frac{\lambda_3}{y_1^2} = 0$$

$$0.4325K + \lambda_2 5000 - \frac{\lambda_3 1.73}{y_2^2} = 0$$

Vol constraint, $\lambda_3 = 0$ would yield $\lambda_1, 2\lambda_2 < 0$
 \rightarrow violating dual feasibility

Taking vol constraint & one stress constraint active
 Trying, $y_1 = 2.887 \times 10^4 \text{ m}^{-2}$ 0.653

$$\frac{1.73}{y_2} = 10^{-4} = \frac{1}{y_1}$$

$$\rightarrow y_2 = 2.64 \times 10^4 < 5 \times 10^4 \text{ m}^{-2}$$

$$\Rightarrow A_1 = \frac{1}{y_1} = 3.463 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_2 = \frac{1}{y_2} = 3.787 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2$$

$$S_A = \frac{10^4}{210 \times 10^9} \left(0.75 \times 2.887 \times 10^4 + 0.4325 \times 2.64 \times 10^4 \right)$$

$$= 1.5747 \text{ mm}$$

(b) Adding Buckling constraint

for Euler buckling

$$P_{cr} = \frac{\pi^2 E I_i}{L_i^2}, \quad I_i = \alpha A_i^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{for compression bars, } f_i \leq \frac{\pi^2 E \alpha A_i^2}{L_i^2}$$

Bar 1 in compression and Bar 2 in tension

\Rightarrow adding constraint only for bar 1

$$8666 \leq \frac{\pi^2 E \alpha A_1^2}{L_1^2} \Rightarrow A_1 \geq \sqrt{\frac{8666 \cdot L_1^2}{\pi^2 E \alpha}}$$

Obj functⁿ

$$\min f_A = \frac{P}{E} \left(\frac{0.75}{A_1} + \frac{0.4325}{A_2} \right)$$

with sub/ to

$$\text{stress constraint: } A_1 \geq 3.464 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$A_2 \geq 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\text{Buckling constraint: } A_1 \geq \sqrt{\frac{8660}{\lambda^2 E \alpha}}$$

$$\text{Volume constraint: } A_1 + 1.73 A_2 \leq V_{\max} = 10^{-4}$$

Lagrangian:

$$\begin{aligned} L = & \frac{P}{E} \left(\frac{0.75}{A_1} + \frac{0.4325}{A_2} \right) + \lambda_1 \left(\frac{8660}{A_1} - 250 \times 10^6 \right) \\ & + \lambda_2 \left(\frac{5000}{A_2} - 250 \times 10^6 \right) + \lambda_3 (A_1 + 1.73 A_2 - 10^{-4}) \\ & + \lambda_4 \left(8660 - \frac{\lambda^2 E \alpha A_1^2}{\lambda^2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Applying KKT

from stationarity,

$$-\frac{P}{E} \left(\frac{0.75}{A_1^2} \right) - \frac{8660 \lambda_1}{A_1^2} + \lambda_3 - \lambda_4 \lambda^2 E \alpha 2 A_1 = 0$$

$$-\frac{P}{E} \left(\frac{0.4325}{A_2^2} \right) - \frac{5000 \lambda_2}{A_2^2} + 1.73 \lambda_3 = 0$$

$$A_1^* = \max \left(3.464 \times 10^{-5}, \sqrt{\frac{8660}{\lambda^2 210 \times 10^9 \alpha}} \right)$$

$$A_2^* = \max \left(2 \times 10^{-5}, \frac{10^{-4} - A_1^*}{1.73} \right)$$