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In [ ]: QUESTION NO 1. What are the two values of the boolean data types? how do you write
            True and False are two values of the boolen data types.
            We have to use capital T and F and with the rest of the word in lowercase
In [ ]:
        QUESTION NO :2 What are the three different types of Boolean operators?
        Answer: The three differnt types of Boolean operators in python are: or and not
In [ ]: QUESTION NO 3. Make a list of each Boolean operator's truth tables (i.e. every pos
        Answer:
            The Truth tables for the boolean tables are as follows:
        True represent T and
        False represnt F .
        Truth Table for and operaotor
        T and T is T
        T and F is F
        F and T is F
        F and F is F
        Truth Table for or operaotor
        T and T is T
        T and F is T
        F and T is T
        F and F is F
        Truth Table for not operaotor
        True not is False False not is True
        QUESTION NO 4: What are the values of the following expressions?
In [ ]:
        (5 > 4) and (3 == 5)
        not (5 > 4)
        (5 > 4) or (3 == 5)
        not ((5 > 4) or (3 == 5))
        (True and True) and (True == False)
        (not False) or (not True)
        Answer:
            False
            False
            True
            False
            False
            True
In [ ]: QUESTION NO : 5 What are the six comparison operators?
            The Six comparision operators available in python are:
            == , != , < , > , <= , =>
In [ ]:
        QUESTION NO : 6 How do you tell the difference between the equal to and assignment
        Answer:
            == is the equal to operator that compares two values and evaluates to a Boolea
In [ ]: QUESTION NO : 7 Identify the three blocks in this code:
        spam = 0
        if spam == 10:
        print('eggs')
        if spam > 5:
        print('bacon')
        else:
        print('ham')
        print('spam')
        print('spam')
        Answer: In Python, code block refers to a collection of code that is in the same b
        QUESTION NO : 8 Write code that prints Hello if 1 is stored in spam, prints Howdy
            def spamCode(spam):
            if spam==1:
                print('Hello')
            elif spam==2:
                print('Howdy')
            else:
                print('Greetings')
        spamCode(1)
        spamCode(2)
        spamCode(3)
In [ ]: QUESTION NO : 9 If your programme is stuck in an endless loop, what keys you'll pr
             Press Ctrl-c to stop a program stuck in an infinite loop
In [ ]: QUESTION NO 10. How can you tell the difference between break and continue?
        Answer:
            The break statement will move the execution outside the loop if break condtion
        QUESTION NO 11: 11. In a for loop, what is the difference between range(10), range
In [ ]:
        Ans: The Differences are as follows:
        The range(10) call range from 0 to 9 (but not include 10)
        The range (0,10) explicitly tells the loop to start at 0
        The range(0,10,1) explicitly tells the loop to increase the variable by 1 on each
In [ ]: QUESTION NO :12 Write a short program that prints the numbers 1 to 10 using a for
        Answer:
        for i in range(1,11):
            print(i, end=",")
        while(i<=10):
            print(i, end=",")
            i=i+1
In [ ]: QUESTION NO 13. If you had a function named bacon() inside a module named spam, ho
            This function can be called with spam.bacon()
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In []: