Lead Scoring

(Case Study)

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Objective:

To build a Logistic Regression Model to predict whether a lead for online courses for an education company named X Education would be successfully converted or not.

Problem Solving Strategy

- Step 1:Understanding the Data Set & Data Preparation
- Step 2:Applying Recursive feature elimination to identify the best performing subset of features for building the model
- Step 3:Building the model with features selected by RFE. Eliminate all features with high p-values and VIF values and finalize the model
- Step 4:Perform model evaluation with various metrics like sensitivity, specificity, precision, recall, etc.
- Step 5:Decide on the probability threshold value based on Optimal cutoff point and predict the dependent variable for the training data.
- Step 6:Use the model for prediction on the test dataset and perform model evaluation for the test set.

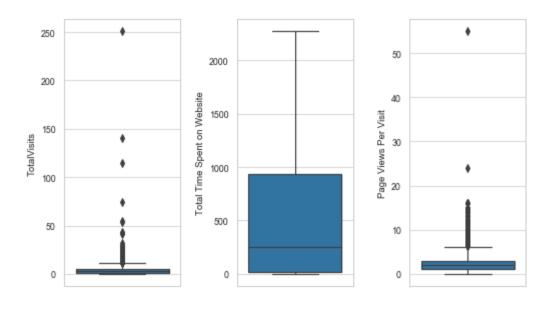
Business Objectives

- 1. To help X Education to select the most promising leads(Hot Leads), i.e. the leads that are most likely to convert into paying customers.
- 2. To build a logistic regression model to assign a lead score value between 0 and 100 to each of the leads which can be used by the company to target potential leads.

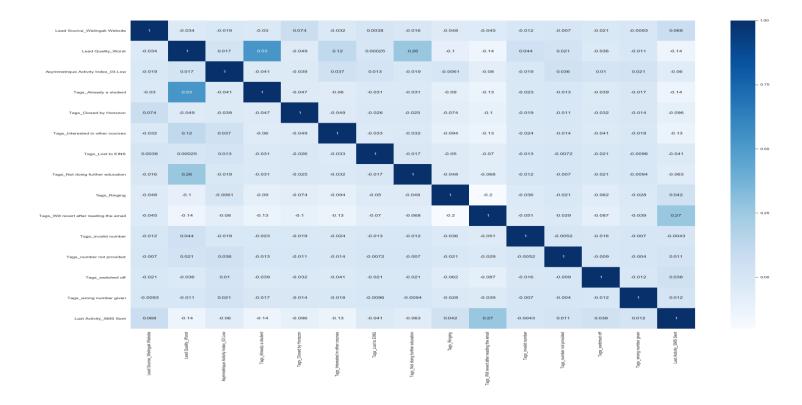
Strategy to meet the Objective

- 1.Create a Logistic Regression model to predict the Lead Conversion probabilities for each lead.
- 2.Decide on a probability threshold value above which a lead will be predicted as converted, whereas not converted if it is below it.
- 3. Multiply the Lead Conversion probability to arrive at the Lead Score value for each lead.
- 4. Handling 'Select' values in some columns
- 5. Assigning a Unique Category to NULL/SELECT Values
- 6.Outlier Treatment
- 7.Binary Encoding
- 8. Dummy Encoding
- 9. Test-Train Split
- 10. Feature Scaling

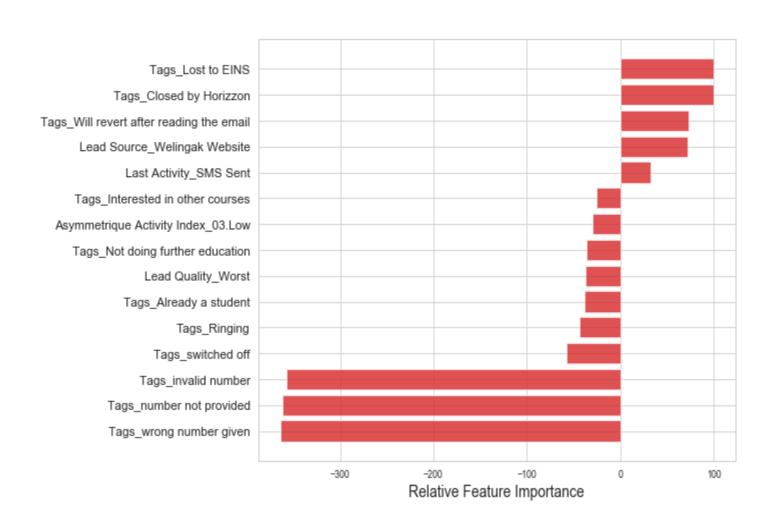
Outlier Analysis



Heatmap showing Correlations



Relative Feature Importance



Data Preparation & Feature Engineering

- Remove columns which has only one unique value
- Removing rows where a particular column has high missing values
- Imputing NULL values with Median
- Imputing NULL values with Mode

Recommendations & Problem Solutions

Which are the top three variables in your model that contribute most towards the probability of a lead getting converted?

Ans)

- 1. Tags_Lost to EINS
- 2.Tags_Closed by Horizzon
- 3. Tags_Will revert after reading the email